BONDS ARE SERVICE STRIPES. HOW MANY HAVE YOU?

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, slightly warmer today; Thursday fair; gentle west winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

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ALLIES SWEEP ON IN BELGIUM, CLOSE ON LILLE; AMERICANS WIDEN GAP IN KRIEMHILDE LINE; ALLIED CAPITALS INDORSE WILSON'S NOTE

GEN. KNOX SAYS ALLIES SHOULD GO TO THE URALS

British Commander Chafes Over Inaction of the Combined Forces at Vladivostok.

HAD IT BEEN A MONTH AGO

They Might Even Have Got to Moscow Before the End of Winter.

DO ALLIES WORK TOGETHER?

To This He Answers England, France, and Italy Do—With Peace Now Germany Would Get Russia.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

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BRITISH HEADQUARTERS, VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 10.—"Peace with Germany now will make Russia a de facto German colony," said General Knox, Chief of the British Military Mission, today. "While it is impossible now to reconstruct the Russian front in the sense of a continuous line of trenches from the Baltic to the Black Sea, I think the allied forces should move to the Urals. If we had done that a month ago we should have been in Moscow this Winter. While it is now too late to reach that city, I think the allied troops should advance to show the Czechs and Russians that we really intend to help."

I met General Knox at General Graves's reception to the allied officers and local Russian and Czech leaders in honor of Ambassador Morris and Admiral Knight. Being accredited to the British forces here as well as to the Americans and knowing General Knox to be the chief allied expert in Russia, following seven years' residence, including a term as Military Attaché to the British Embassy in Petrograd, I sought his views. Because he knows the exact military situation of the Czechoslovaks and partisan Russians his views are important.

"A few days ago," he went on, "I met a Russian officer who had crossed Russia from Archangel. He said Russia was boiling now; that if we did not do something immediately, everything would fall flat. Now is the psychological moment. The peasants have never been for Bolshevism. It made headway only in the large cities. The Bolsheviki are workingmen. They represent only a very small share of the population here, not as in England and America. Here scarcely 10 per cent. of the population lives in the industrial centres. But the peasants and intellectuals are against the Bolsheviki.

"Although the Bolsheviki are conducting a tremendous propaganda, money is of no value to them, for they are printing millions of rubles daily at Petrograd. I am informed that in the Samara district alone the Bolsheviki spent three hundred million rubles for propaganda. The Bolsheviki paid all workmen five rubles a day and gave them one and one-half pounds of bread daily. None was required to work.

"The poor Czechoslovaks have been fighting against such people for all the Allies, fighting continuously for three months. Their companies are reduced 50 per cent. The Volga is 5,000 miles from Vladivostok, and the big, rich, and powerful Allies are sitting here doing nothing.

"I do not mean that we should go into the interior and establish a front against the Germans. There will never be a continuous line of trenches as it was in 1916. I mean that there should be a Ural centre for all the Allies. German propagandists are now going about the country saying that the Allies do not intend to help Russia, that they are staying in Vladivostok. When the Russians and Czechs fail to see the Allies they believe these tales.

"Furthermore, there are bands of Russian soldiers under various Gen-

Continued on Page Three.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

Surrender to Allenby Britain Will Tell Turks

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Great Britain's reply to Turkey, The Evening News says, will be a demand for unconditional surrender. The Turks will be required to negotiate an armistice with General Allenby, commander in Palestine and Syria.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The political situation in Constantinople previous to the retirement of Enver Pasha and Talaat Pasha, as indicated in a dispatch from the Turkish capital to the Figaro, was such that force was threatened unless the Cabinet resigned and peace was won on any terms.

One hundred and fifty members of the Military Club, the dispatch reports, submitted a program which included general demobilization and the signing of peace on any terms. Otherwise, it was stated, the army and people would use force.

NATION IS SLOW IN LOAN WORK

Total of Recorded Subscriptions Is $2,954,870,650, with Four Days Left.

BAKER MAKES AN APPEAL

Urges Army Forces Here to Buy Bonds as Daniels Spurs the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—With only four days left in which to go over the top, the Liberty Loan campaign showed extremely disappointing results today. The total of recorded subscriptions reported today amounted to only $156,000,000, bringing the gross total of recorded subscriptions to $2,954,870,650, which is less than half the entire $6,000,000,000 that must be subscribed. The totals for the campaign are:

District.	Quota.	Subscription.
St. Louis	$260,000,000	$213,316,450
Minneapolis	210,000,000	159,708,600
Boston	560,000,000	298,590,000
Dallas	126,000,000	72,147,150
San Francisco	402,000,000	228,943,050
Chicago	870,000,000	474,606,150
Richmond	280,000,000	135,233,000
Kansas City	260,000,000	120,979,150
Cleveland	600,000,000	271,263,750
New York	1,800,000,000	718,988,000
Atlanta	192,000,000	74,495,300
Philadelphia	500,000,000	191,510,100
Total	$6,000,000,000	$2,954,870,650

New York added only $30,000,000 today, and Chicago $26,000,000. Cleveland contributed only $18,000,000. Other districts showed comparatively poor results. As the situation now stands, the country is faced with the great task of raising more than $700,000,000 daily.

Secretary of War Baker today directed that the following "personal message" from himself be read at every army station or post in this country:

> There never was a more critical time in the history of the war than this present week. Overseas American valor and efficiency are carrying the banner of triumphant democracy with resistless force toward German soil. The ardor of the fighting line must not be cooled and the wonderful initiative and esprit of our soldiers must not be dulled by any failure to carry the Fourth Liberty Loan victoriously over the top. The people at home must show that they are as resolute as the soldiers at the front are brave. No influence is so potent in its stimulating effect on the people of our country as the example of the men with the colors. Let every American soldier and every American officer do his duty, not only by subscribing himself but by urging those at home to subscribe.
>
> BAKER.

In anticipation of Liberty Loan Navy Day tomorrow, Secretary Daniels issued this message:

> Let every navy man answer the Hohenzollern toast of "Der Tag" by making Navy Day, Oct. 16, the day of days in this battle of freedom.

Already the Navy is ringing with such slogans as "Stand by to buy bonds," "Damn the torpedoes—buy bonds," and "Fight or buy bonds—the Navy does both," and the sailor men have subscribed more than $21,000,000.

A few bright spots appeared on the Liberty Loan map during the day. Colorado and the City of Denver both exceeded their quotas, and Southern Indiana also passed its quota of $18,875,000, and won the right to name a ship.

Ever since Bernard Baruch at the personal solicitation of Secretary McAdoo, subscribed for $1,000,000 in Liberty bonds, efforts have been made to match the subscription. Douglas Fairbanks, the actor, who has volunteered his services to the Loan Committee, today said he could get a like subscription in New York "if he only had an airplane." The Post Office Department

Continued on Page Eight.

A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Advt.

ENGLAND HAILS THE REPLY

Doubts Dispelled and Success of Exchanges With Germany Recognized.

PRESS INDICATES APPROVAL

Strikes Right Note, Say Evening Newspapers, the First with Opportunity to Comment.

PARIS JUBILANT OVER NOTE

German Chiefs Exposed as Peace Obstacles Before Their People, Says the Temps.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—President Wilson's reply to the peace plea from Germany gives unqualified satisfaction here, corresponding entirely with what informed British opinion considered necessary in the circumstances.

Such doubts as had existed relative to the character of the reply that might be expected from the President and the possibilities of his being caught in German wiles were few in quantity and negligible in quality, although truth requires it to be said they were found in unexpected places. Old traditions die hard, and some eyes are blinded to the new dispensation.

It is recognized fully now that President Wilson has scored unmistakably in his exchanges with Berlin, and the influence of his political dialectics in Germany is expected to be great. The democracies of the Old World, too, cannot fail to learn the lessons written for all to see on the blackboard of open-door diplomacy.

All the afternoon papers express the fullest approval of the President's reply, saying it strikes the right note. The Westminster Gazette says that it is an immense gain to the Allies to have a spokesman who keeps so resolutely to the front as Mr. Wilson does the central war aim, which we call the destruction of Prussian militarism, and adds:

"We must stand resolutely behind the President when he demands the destruction of the Prussian military power as a necessary condition of peace, but while we do this we must also back his appeal to the German nation and make it clear that when they can present their credentials as a free people we shall be ready for peace on terms which can be honorably accepted by honest men everywhere."

The Star applauds the note as a demand for granite guarantees, calls it the Magna Charta of the new order, and says: "With a free German people will the free peoples of the world deal, and with no other."

The Evening Standard has only one criticism to make, namely, that the President did not refer to punishment for German outrages, and recalls Lord Reading's phrase, "Justice must be stern. Justice is only merciful when there are extenuating circumstances."

The Evening News, which fully commends Mr. Wilson's plain talk to the

Continued on Page Three.

THE BEST PREVENTION AGAINST INFLUENZA and pneumonia is a well nourished body. Take Imperial Granum, the Unsweetened Food, between meals and on retiring.—Advt.

Vienna Is Agitated by Wilson's Silence

BASLE, Oct. 14.—America's failure to respond to the Austrian peace note has produced a painful impression in Austria, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung. It is not known what this silence means, and the public is asking if President Wilson is not indicating sentiment little favorable toward the Austrian monarchy.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.—Hungary's attitude toward Austria has materially changed, Dr. Wekerle, the Hungarian Premier, said in a recent speech, according to a Budapest dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. The Premier added that the validity of the treaties between Austria and Hungary was a matter for discussion.

Hungary, he said, must be represented at the peace conference.

REFUSES TO LET REICHSTAG SIT

President of Body Postpones Meeting That Was to Have Been Held Today.

RESERVES RIGHT TO SUMMON

Dutch Hear Chancellor Max Will Be Ousted—Swiss Report Crisis Averted.

BASLE, Oct. 15.—Advices from Berlin say that the President of the Reichstag has postponed the sitting of that body which was to have begun tomorrow, reserving to himself the right to summon it at a later date.

Other dispatches say that the Socialists, in view of the political situation, have decided not to oppose Prince Max retaining his post.

Prince Maximilian, according to other advices, has made a statement to party leaders in the Reichstag concerning his letter to Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe, which indicated that he was reactionary in his political attitude and a firm supporter of the reigning family and the Pan-Germans.

The Prince is quoted as having told the leaders that the ideas he held now were not of recent formation. He said he had repeatedly expressed himself in 1917 and 1918 in favor of a categorical declaration on Belgium, a league of nations. Prussian electoral reform and the proper carrying out of the Brest-Litovsk Treaty. What divided him and Prince Alexander was not the object, but the means to attain it, he said.

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THE HAGUE, Oct. 15.—News of the German Chancellor's resignation has not yet arrived here, but is expected momentarily.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Dispatches from Holland report that there is a probability of another turnover in the German Chancellorship. The Berlin National Zeitung prints a report of the meeting held on Saturday by an inter party committee at which discussion turned

Continued on Page Five.

PERSHING DRIVES IN WEDGE

Our Men Pass St. Juvin and Cut Wire Defenses of St. Georges.

TAKE SUMMIT OF HILL 299

Machine-Gun Nests of Masonry and Steel, Resisting Shells, Wrested from Foe.

AVIATORS FLY NEAR GROUND

Germans, Expecting Peace, Fight Desperately to Get Best Terms for the Fatherland.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 15.—In the cold rain of the clammy mid-October of northern France the doughboys of the American Army again today hit the first German line north of Verdun. Against a concentration of machine guns never before equaled, placed in natural positions of great strategic advantage, Pershing's men drove their wedge deeper into the Kriemhelde line, taking and passing St. Juvin on the western flank of the wedge, cutting through the second line wire of the St. Georges and Landres-et-St. Georges defense, and on the eastern flank of the wedge climbing the slippery slopes of Hill 299, lying west of Bantheville, and holding it against all comers.

All day there has been bitter fighting for possession of Bois Chantillon, which controlled the Tuilerie farm. The German losses here were very heavy.

The dark drab which hung over the countryside was pierced many times every minute by the flashes of the innumerable cannon which we have massed back of our lines, sending peace terms to the wearied but determined Germans over on the wrong side of No Man's Land. The German artillery fire, smart in the morning, wore down early in the afternoon. Just before 3 o'clock the enemy began heavy fire north of Cunel. Our artillery, taking up the challenge, hurled back two shells for one. In a bitter artillery duel which lasted three hours our artillery proved superior to the German.

Aviators Fly Low.

Hampered by low-lying clouds and rains which made it most difficult to see, our reconnoissance aviators did yeoman work, flying at a height of 300 yards and keeping close tab on the German movements.

A word should be said about German machine gun nests. These, long built as part of the Kriemhilde defenses, were made of masonry and steel. They were not only impregnable to rifle fire, but .75 shells bounced off them, in many cases without scoring damage. Even direct hits from 155s sometimes failed to put them out. About the only way to best them was by surrounding.

When the top of a hill is crested with these pill boxes, the difficulty of advance becomes exceedingly great and they impose enormous costs when attempts are made to rush these positions frontally.

Germans in our hands seem imbued with the idea that the war is about ended. They believe an armistice is about to be signed, but their officers are preaching to them that they must fight their hardest to get the best terms for the Fatherland. Their fighting is of a quality than which the German command could ask no more in the way of personal bravery or stamina. Enjoying the advantage of position they are making our advance peculiarly difficult. It has been explained that the German command pins a great part of the fate of the whole front on success in holding back the American fighters.

We took additional prisoners today, the Germans not surrendering readily but generally fighting until no chance appeared to be left.

Wilderness Left by Shells.

The terrain we are gaining is only a wilderness. Not only villages and farm buildings have been swept away, but often hills have been denuded of trees

Continued on Page Seven.

When you think of Writing think of WHITING.—Advt.

250,000 Belgian Refugees in Flight to Holland; Fear Germans Will Carry Away the Food Supply

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.—The roads around Brussels, Ghent, and Antwerp are roads of misery and tragedy, so a number of travelers who have just crossed the frontier have told me. From Flanders and the Lille district, they say, a great flood of refugees are pouring eastward, and the prospects are that Holland will in a few days be brought face to face with terrible scenes, like those of the early days of the war, when exiles of the war streamed across her frontier.

The number of refugees cannot, of course, be actually gauged, but it is declared, it cannot be less than a quarter of a million. These unhappy people, graybeards, women, and children, with such belongings as they can take with them, have, one traveler tells me, turned Antwerp into a town of tragedy. The streets, as well as the roads leading into it, are choked with refugees.

In Antwerp hotels, cafés, and restaurants are filled to overflowing. People are sleeping on the floors of those places and thousands can find no better place in which to rest than the streets.

In Ghent conditions are similar, and Brussels, too, is rapidly filling up. Great caravans of refugees are mixed up with troops and their material, being driven relentlessly along by the Germans. The soldiers, it is said, are downcast and silent, while through the days of black misery which the refugees are experiencing one ray of hope shines, making life bearable: the news spreads among them of the heavy defeats which the German armies are sustaining.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—More than a quarter of a million Belgian refugees are endeavoring to escape into Holland, according to advices received today by Herbert Hoover, the Food Controller, who is also Chairman of the Commission for Relief in Belgium. Messages to Mr. Hoover from Holland show that the people are toiling along the roads from Lille, Roubaix, and other towns in a desperate endeavor to reach the Dutch frontier before the probable German evacuation.

The Relief Commission has made arrangements for food, clothing, and shelter when the refugees reach Holland, and in the last month has shipped 180,000 tons of food to Rotterdam.

FOE HOPELESS IN HIS RETREAT

Desperation Over Broken Communications May Explain His Bid for Peace.

SOLDIERS FEAR DISASTER

Correspondence Captured by the French Indicates Their Black Pessimism.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 15.—Once more Foch has struck, and a new victory has brought the allied soldiers to the gates of Courtrai, accentuating the menace from the north to vital lines of German communications. In their unwillingness to admit a defeat that might be fatal to the morale of the people and army, the German war chiefs have overlong postponed their withdrawal from France, and coming events cast the shadow of a disaster that will amply explain the reasons for their appeal for an armistice.

Nobody who has not seen the amount of transport of a single army corps can realize the immense accumulation needed for the support of the great armies Germany has in the field. Already their communication lines behind the battlefront were barely adequate and sorely strained by the growing shortage of grease, the deterioration of rolling stock that could not be replaced, and the impossibility of maintaining the roadbed at par.

The situation grew worse as the huge losses of guns and munitions weakened the front and increased the strain on transport. Wounded in scores of thousands occupied space and time that were priceless. The inevitable followed, the Allies broke the "impregnable" fortifications protecting the arteries through which flowed the lifeblood of the German Army.

In the words of a great French soldier, "by the capture of the St. Gobain massif and the Hindenburg and Champagne positions we have rolled the Germans back upon their communications." What that means is tremendous. Not only are many railroads and highways under allied fire; not only are the most important junctions and depots within easier reach of the Allies' deadly bombing planes, but the overburdened system that remains available must carry a double load—the material of retreat in addition to everything needed to maintain resistance. It is a hopeless task, and each new blow by the Allies will give further proof of it.

Already fear of the future is sapping the morale of the German Army and

Continued on Page Two.

MAY CATCH ENEMY IN SEVERAL TRAPS

Group of Armies Under King Albert Rapidly Hemming in the Germans.

PRISONERS TALK OF PEACE

Men of Kaiser's Army Expect His Overthrow—Hold Crown Prince in Contempt.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES, Oct. 15.—The battle in Flanders which began yesterday morning and is continuing today in the direction of Thourout and Courtrai is being fought by combined Belgian, French, and British armies under the supreme command of King Albert.

The British Second Army, under General Sir Herbert Plumer, is on the right of this group of armies, with the Belgians on the left between Roulers and Menin, and the French in the centre around Roulers itself, which they had the honor of taking.

This international action has gained important success along the whole line of attack, and it is interesting in that the number of prisoners captured were almost exactly the same for the troops of each nation, amounting to about 4,000 yesterday, which brings them up to some 12,000 in all. The British troops also captured some 50 guns.

In describing the scenes yesterday when the British and Belgian troops marched along the same tracks and encamped side by side in the same fields of those four old Flemish battlefields and came back together along the tracks for walking wounded, I was unable to include the French soldiers in this forbidding picture of war, because they were still an official secret. But the color of their sky-blue uniforms, the long trail of their blue carts over the heights of Passchendaele, and their columns of guns, going forward to the battleline, were interwoven with the masses of Belgian infantry moving forward to their objectives and with the khaki of the English, Scottish, and Irish battalions.

Yesterday I went into the French area and while the battle was in progress stood by French officers who were watching its progress as far as any clue could be had. Through the screen of wet mist batches of prisoners came trudging back and lightly wounded men were coming into the field dressing stations.

Thousands of French soldiers passed and passed, followed by their light transport, and it was a pageant of men with hard, bronzed faces and a vet-

Continued on Page Two.

FLANDERS VICTORY GROWS

Germans Forced Back on 25-Mile Line—Communications Cut.

TOTAL OF PRISONERS 12,000

More Than 130 Guns Captured by British at the Outskirts of Courtrai.

ONLY 3 MILES FROM LILLE

French Make Gains North of Laon and in Eastern Champagne.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Today's official news from Flanders shows the continuing success of the allied offensive launched yesterday. The whole Franco-Belgian-British battleline is advancing on an irregular front of about twenty-five miles from the region of Courtemarck to that of Courtrai, some of the troops in the van having penetrated the enemy's positions six or seven miles.

The British Second Army has reached Le Chat, on the Courtrai-Ingelmunster road, and has captured the villages of Gulleghem and Heule. The British have advanced to the outskirts of Courtrai. This announcement was made just before midnight by the British War Office.

Since the morning of Oct. 14 the Allies have taken 12,000 prisoners and more than 100 guns in the operations in Belgium.

In addition to occupying Menin the British have entered Wervicq and hold positions on the east bank of the Lys.

Thourout, an important strategic point and a centre of the German transportation system, is unofficially reported captured.

The Belgian communiqué announces the capture of 7,000 prisoners and eighty guns by Belgian and French troops, and a press dispatch credits the British under General Plumer with having taken 3,723 Germans and more than fifty guns.

In French Flanders the British have advanced to the neighborhood of Haubourdin, about three miles west of Lille, and still more to the south have crossed the Haute Deule Canal and taken several villages near Pont-à-Vendin, northeast of Lens.

Havre Tells of Allied Victory.

The Belgian bulletin received tonight from Havre says:

> On the whole front the Franco-Belgians continue to advance. On the left the Belgians have progressed several kilometers to the north of the line of Handzeeme-Courtemarck, reached yesterday. In the centre the French have taken the plateau of Hooglede, Gits and Gitsberg.
>
> French cavalry has crossed the Roulers-Thourout Road and is advancing toward Lichtervelde. The Franco-British troops have captured Winckelhoek and Lendelede, and reached the Courtrai-Ingelmunster Railway.
>
> The French and Belgians have taken 7,000 prisoners and eighty guns.

Field Marshal Haig in his night report on the day's operations says:

> We have crossed the Haute Deule Canal on both sides of Pont-à-Vendin and have captured Estevelles, Meurchin and Bauvin.
>
> Further north our troops made progress in the neighborhood of Haubourdin.
>
> On the remainder of the British front south of the River Lys there is nothing to report.

The text of the British day statement reads:

> Yesterday afternoon an American patrol crossed the Selle River in the neighborhood of St. Souplet and took thirty prisoners.
>
> We carried out a successful raid last evening south of Sainghin-en-Weppes, taking twenty prisoners. A few prisoners were taken during the night by our patrols on other portions of the front.

Several of Germany's largest torpedo boats recently left Zeebrugge, one of the German naval bases on the Belgian coast, on a stormy night, according to a Dutch frontier message forwarded from Amsterdam on Monday to the Central News Agency.

The German warships were filled to their capacity with soldiers, and proceeded for Germany. The Germans are also reported to be evacuating Ostend.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Oct. 15, (Reuter's.)—Since

Erzberger Grieves Over the Leinster and Hopes (too Late) It Wont Hurt Peace

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 15.—The German Government, according to opinion here, has already perceived the folly of the latest brutal murder at sea, and the effect it will have on the reception of the German note. With the idea of counteracting the effect abroad, Mathias Erzberger, Secretary of State without portfolio, has given the Berlin correspondent of the Holland News Bureau the following interview on the torpedoing of the Leinster:

"As we hear from neutral countries, great regret is expressed there in circles favorable to peace over the torpedoing of the Leinster. A serious relapse is feared in the hopeful feeling which resulted from the German note of yesterday. It is not necessary for me to state that I look upon this incident with extraordinary regret. Only with deep sympathy can I hear of the fate which has befallen innocent women and children. My attitude toward such events is well known. Already in the year 1915, when I was in Rome, I expressed regret at the many sacrifices of the Lusitania. This regret increases to real pain in this sad case. Here is the hand of destiny, for which we cannot be made responsible. I was not in a position to discuss it with the Chancellor or my colleagues, but can assure you that the whole Government stands united with my viewpoint. There is no doubt about that.

"It is the duty of all Governments taking part not to allow the disastrous event to stand as an obstacle in the way of peace action. Just here it has been shown how right the German proposal was for the completion of an immediate armistice. I think with sorrow of the thousands and thousands of refugees who are now flying roofless from Lille, and of those who may suffer needlessly in the last hours. It is unthinkable that now, when the door of peace slowly begins to open, unfortunate women and children should suffer because of the will for war, the cessation of which should now only be a question of days.

"I think with grief of the unnecessary sorrow of German women, mothers, and children, who today still tremble for their dear ones out there, who today suffer and offer sacrifices needlessly by hundreds.

"What we suffer, all belligerent countries must suffer to the same extent. I am convinced that neither the neutrals nor the enemy countries will deny that it is high time to make an end to this superfluous aimless disaster."

HIGHEST PRICES for Diamonds, Pearls, Gold, Silverware. Lynch's, 237 W. 42d St.—Advt.

Sunday morning eight of the German front-line divisions in Flanders have been flung back broken and confused, while probably all or most of the divisions held in reserve behind them received a heavy grueling.

This apparently has not been a battle of limited objectives, but rather a drive, and where towns resisted at all strongly the line has pushed on, closing again beyond and leaving clearing up parties to finish the work.

Between Lens and Armentières it is reported that there are signs of an enemy withdrawal from the front line. In fact, from all along the whole of the western front the news is good.

Foe's Positions Pierced Seven Miles.

WITH THE ALLIED FORCES IN BELGIUM, Oct. 15, (Associated Press,)—British, French, and Belgian troops, in their offensive begun yesterday in Belgium, have captured more than 10,000 prisoners and have taken more than 100 guns.

Advanced allied troops have signaled that they are from six to seven miles inside the former German positions.

Heavy rain fell in Flanders throughout the night, tending to turn the battlefields into seas of mud. The low-hanging clouds show no signs of clearing. A continuation of the steady downpour would undoubtedly result in slowing up the battle.

The Belgian town of Thourout was captured by the Allies. It is an important strategic position and a vital railroad centre. Upon it hinged a large part of the German transportation system.

The fighting continued throughout the night, and at various places severe resistance was encountered, but at most points the British, French, and Belgians pressed forward. In this region the battle may be said to be almost as much against the weather and the mud as against the Germans. But, while this sort of sticky ground hampers the allied troops, it hinders even more the enemy, who is trying to move his materials away under a heavy fire and through the mired ground of the Flanders lowlands.

The Belgian-French line now runs from Handzeeme to Peerboom, to Borne, to Thourout, from the Coremarck Road to Helle, to Leerbosch, to Drievwegan, to Gits, to Gitsberg, to Beveran, to Zuidhoek, east of the Roulers-Lys Canal to Iseghem, to Boschmolens, and the allied forces are in the outskirts of Lendelede.

The British troops holding the Comines bridgehead have been fired upon heavily and have withdrawn a few hundred yards for the moment.

Of the prisoners captured by the allied armies in Flanders yesterday more than 6,000 were taken by the Belgians.

British Captured 3,723.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FLANDERS, Oct. 15, (Reuter.)—General Plumer's troops pushing forward in Belgium have captured 3,723 prisoners, including 131 officers. They have taken more than fifty guns and a regular harvest of mortars and machine guns.

The German airmen suffered heavily yesterday during the progress of the Flanders battle. Twenty of their machines were brought down by the Allies.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN BELGIUM, Oct. 14, (Associated Press.)—The enemy in Flanders has begun blowing up material which he could not remove, and the torch is being applied to the towns that are being abandoned by the Germans. There have been four explosions near Beerst.

The fact that the coast batteries are not firing has given rise to the rumor that the British naval forces are operating off the coast. One report even went so far as to say that the harbor of Ostend, which seems bound to be evacuated by the enemy, had been entered by British monitors. There is no confirmation of these rumors.

Only a thin enemy barrage was encountered by the British during their attack.

NO COAL FROM LENS FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS

It Will Take Five Years to Restore the Normal Mine Production.

PARIS, Oct. 15. (Havas.)—It will be from eighteen months to two years before it will become possible to take out any coal from the mines in the Lens region, which the Germans damaged to the best of their ability before they retired from the city. This announcement is made after an inspection of the mining properties. It is estimated that it will take five years to restore the normal production of the pits.

The inspection was made by Albert Lebrun, the Minister of Blockade, and Louis Loucheur, the Minister of Munitions, together with M. Perier and M. Basly, Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively, of the Committee on Mines of the Chamber of Deputies. They visited Lens itself and the adjoining mining towns of Sallaumines and Lievin. They found the mines flooded in these localities, and although every possible measure is under way to restore the operating plants by the State, it will be two years, it is estimated, before the mines can be cleared of water. The mining plants have been systematically destroyed, the destructive process having been carried to the limit.

At Courrières, northeast of Lens, the Germans had blown up the mines before retiring. Of the 10,000 houses in Lens the visitors found not one left standing, the town having been completely razed.

FRENCH GAIN ON AISNE AND IN LAON REGION

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The French troops north of Laon and in Champagne have made further important advances against the Germans, according to the official communication issued tonight. The Grandpré-Vouziers road in Champagne west of Grandpré is now in the hands of the French.

Following is the text of the night bulletin:

North of the Oise we made progress in the region of Aisonville. We are along the south bank of the Serre as far as Pouilly-sur-Serre, which we hold, and also have made progress northeast of Marchais. Four hundred prisoners were taken. Eastward we captured La Selve and Nisy-le-Comte.

West of Grand Pré we hold the Vouziers-Grand Pré road. In this region 400 Germans were made prisoners.

The text of the day statement follows:

During the night and the early hours this morning we made progress at various points along the front. South of the Serre we took possession of Remies, Barenton-Cel and Monceau-le-Wast.

West of Rethel the French have captured Nanteuil-sur-Aisne.

West of Grand Pré the French have progressed beyond the Aisne. Olizy and Termes are in our hands. In this region we captured nearly 800 prisoners.

MAY CATCH ENEMY IN SEVERAL TRAPS

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

eran look under their steel casques. After four years of war in many fields of battle they are sterner and graver looking in mass than the English soldiers, who still contrive to find a joke or two along the line of march, and they were leaner looking, more sharply cut in profile than the Belgians in their yellow helmets. But seeing them, one marveled that after all these years of sacrifice France could still put in the field such wonderful battalions, in which each man seemed picked because of his hardihood and fitness.

One of the French officers, observing from a pile of ruin, offered me a light from his cigarette, and pointing to the gun flashes around Roulers, said:

"We are getting on. If all goes well, we shall soon have half of Belgium. If the enemy does not get out, we shall drive him out."

It is certain that the enemy did not mean to get out yesterday without a heavy fight for it. I have already told how on the British line of attack he held his front far more strongly than usual, putting his weight of men there rather than in the main line of resistance further back.

It was the same on the Belgian and French front. There was severe fighting before the German front lines could be broken around Roulers, Winkel, St. Eloi, and other places with Flemish names, hard to write and to say, between Roulers and Thourout. This country between the Flanders ridges is in flats cut up by small canals and hedges and ditches and avenues of tall poplar trees, and the enemy had made use of these natural features for defensive purposes.

Machine Gunners in Ditches.

The enemy's machine gunners lined the ditches under cover of the hedges and had cut down many poplars to make barricades of tree trunks across the roads, and smashed bridges and canals. There were also many "pill-boxes" exactly similar to these concrete shelters below Passchendaele and Pilkem, which the British found such hard nuts to crack in the battles of Flanders last year.

The German machine gunners, driven from the ditches and routed out of the "pillboxes," then fell back into the villages and used the little Flemish houses with red-tiled roofs as machine-gun fortresses from which they fired at close range when the Belgian, French and British soldiers forced their way into the streets.

So it was at Roulers, which the French encircled yesterday morning, and at Winkel-St. Eloi, captured by the Belgians with Scottish battalions, on their right. One by one the German machine guns were silenced, and the German garrisons surrendered when they found themselves cut off and hopeless.

Then, from below the houses, there came up other people, strange to see in the bullet-swept streets. Old women came up out of their cellars, trembling and crying out to the Belgians and French searching their houses for living Germans over the bodies of the dead. Men in peasant clothes, haggard and pale under their beards, shouted out hoarse words of welcome, and said, "We are saved." I saw three of these men from Roulers marching back with some soldiers to give any information that they had which might be useful.

Some of the machine gunners of the 39th German Division on the British front surrendered without firing a shot. Some of the officers put up their hands when they saw that their men would not fight and said, "All is lost."

One body of the British captured nine officers and 304 men, when their own strength at this place near Wervicq was only 420 and their casualties 16. The German soldiers seemed to know everything about recent events, and their constant refrain was: "We want peace."

They are persuaded that everything is over and asked whether the armistice would be signed tonight. The Kaiser must go, they said, and when asked about the Crown Prince shrugged their shoulders and said, "The Crown Prince does not count. Nobody will bother about him."

Joke About Germany's Fate.

Some of them even made jokes about the fate of Germany and when some of us said, "What about Deutschland uber alles?" they said, "Now Germany is the under dog."

On the front of the Second Army, under Plumer, there was some hard fighting before the German line was broken between Winkel-St. Eloi, Ledeghem, and Menin. An Irish battalion was held up for some time outside of Moorseele by machine gun fire and had hard fighting in the street before they captured it, with the survivors of its garrison.

In the attack on Gheluwe Scottish troops, who were hidden as they advanced in a dense smoke of trench mortars mingling with the wet fog, avoided the village which they knew would be bristling with machine guns, and worked around it until they joined hands on the other side. Then other men went into the village to accept the surrender of the garrison, who, by this time, realized that they had been caught.

Our men were held up for a time at Coucou Farm, near Menin, but during the night the German machine gunners retreated while they had this chance. Menin itself could not be entered yesterday and was left alone by our troops advancing north of it, as one side of the town was a barrier of fire, all its houses having been set alight there by the enemy to defend its entry. Those fires have now smoldered down and in the early hours of this morning our patrols went cautiously ahead and entered the streets, finding them abandoned.

This morning the advance of the "groupements des armées de Flandres," as King Albert's group of armies is called, continued all along the line, the French and Belgians going forward closer to Thourout, and the British striking closer to Courtrai and Comines. Some of our infantry have crossed the Lys Canal below Comines, near Warneton, and others are driving slowly forward in touch with the retreating rearguards.

Our men are working without the help of tanks, which would find bad country to cross in this low and swampy ground, but the French have many of their own tanks which have been of great service to the infantry. Light Renauds of the French Tank Corps cruised forward like destroyers and struck terror among the German machine gunners whose emplacements were outflanked by them.

There is hardly any need for me to point out the significance of this new campaign in the north by that "groupement des armées de Flandres," the Belgian, French, and British under the supreme command of King Albert. Glance at the map, which will explain it more than any words.

Our combined advance has already become a threat to the Germans on the coast between Nieuport and Ostend, so that they must withdraw from the narrow corridor or have the door slammed upon them. Further south our advance toward Courtrai puts the enemy into a deep pocket at Lille and the great manufacturing suburbs of Tourcoing and Roubaix, while south again Douai is almost encircled now that our men are north of it at Flers and south of it beyond Cambrai.

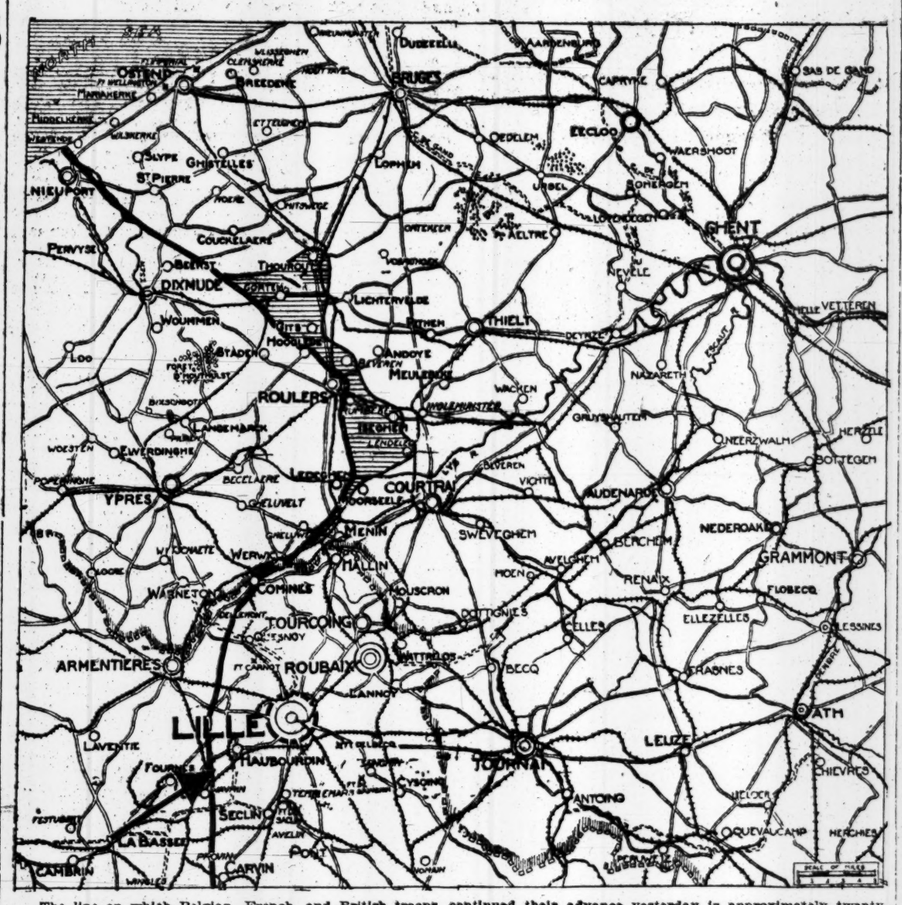
Threatened With Further Ruin.

All this northern part of France and Belgium is therefore unsafe for the enemy, and if he does not withdraw as quickly as he can he may be caught, not in one trap ubt in several, with losses in men and material which will increase the ruin of his armies.

That is the military side of things, but I confess that now I am more interested in the psychology of those last reserves of the German armies in the field who find themselves the rearguard of despair, the last counters in the dreadful gamble for world power which was played by their Emperor and chiefs, and lost, the legions whose only chance of escape is by surrender. There is no doubt that they are clinging for the moment to the hope of an armistice, which will end their misery.

It is due to the queer things working in the brains of these men that when a French Colonel entered Roulers he found some German soldiers sitting around a piano in a cellar with Flemish peasants, singing, of all songs, "La Marseillaise."

Scene of Great Allied Drive in Flanders



The line on which Belgian, French, and British troops continued their advance yesterday is approximately twenty-five miles long. Besides winning a strip of territory at some points six or seven miles wide, the Allies have cut or approached important enemy rail communications, having crossed the Thourout-Roulers road and reached that connecting Courtrai and Ingelmunster.

Most of the gains made in yesterday's fighting are indicated by shading, but a late official dispatch from London announces the advance of British troops to the outskirts of Courtrai, and the capital of Menin, to the southwest of that town.

Further south, at the point marked by an arrow, the British have pushed their lines closer to Haubourdin, less than three miles southwest of Lille.

EXPECT BREAK-UP OF FOE ALLIANCE

Wilson's Diplomacy Largely Directed to Splitting Austria-Hungary Away from Germany

TURK SURRENDER LIKELY

Political Unrest Increases in Germany, with Demands for Chancellor's Resignation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—President Wilson's program for dealing with the "peace offensive" of the Central Powers, it is understood, contemplates next the driving of a wedge between Germany and Austria-Hungary. The Dual Monarchy has been regarded by the President as a mere vassal of the military masters of the German Empire, and for that reason a distinction has been drawn by the President, in the speeches outlining his program for war and peace, between the masters in Germany and those in Vienna who have permitted themselves to serve as the tools and puppets of Berlin.

"The President will make a separate reply to the Royal and Imperial Government of Austria-Hungary," said Secretary Lansing in the historic note which he delivered yesterday to the Swiss Chargé d'Affaires, for transmission to the German Government. At the State Department today it was explained that the reply to the Austro-Hungarian note would not be sent for the present. It is being held in abeyance pending the further swift progress of events, which are expected to bring both Turkey and Austria-Hungary very soon to a keen realization that the continuance of their alliance with Germany will bring them neither political nor military gain, nor an early peace.

Break Up of Dual Monarchy.

Acceptance of President Wilson's terms by Austria-Hungary would mean the break up of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. The Vienna note to President Wilson, which is identical in terms with that from Prince Maximilian, announced acceptances of President Wilson's terms. One of these terms is stated by the President in these words:

"The peoples of Austria-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development."

Another of these terms is thus stated by the President:

"A readjustment of the frontiers of Italy should be effected along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

The President has also recognized the belligerency of the Czechoslovaks, who aspire to set up an independent nation of their own among the 10,000,000 or more inhabitants of Bohemia, Moravia, and Slovakia, who for years have been under the rule of the oppressor in Austria and Hungary. Acceptance of the terms laid down by the President would mean for Austria-Hungary a complete rearrangement of the internal parts of of empire.

The expectation here is that Turkey will in the immediate future seek a separate peace from the Allies and that the next to drop away from the alliance of the Central Powers will be Austria-Hungary. It is the expectation here that Germany, deserted by her former allies, will ultimately yield to terms of the Allies and that the complete capitulation of the German nation to the inevitable is now only a matter of time.

Inspiration of Peace Move.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg and the German Great General Staff inspired the German peace move, according to information received through diplomatic channels in Washington today from Berne. According to this intelligence, the establishment of the new Government headed by Prince Maximilian was imposed by the high military command, and was not the result of pressure from the German people. The information received suggests that the German military machine, despite its efforts to conduct a successful retreat from France and Belgium, is out of gear, that ammunition is not adequate, that its high commanders have lost faith in their ability and the strength of their armed forces to avert a crushing defeat, and that this unsatisfactory condition of affairs caused the German Great General Staff to arrange for a change in the personnel of the Government in an effort to make it appear that something had been done to appeal to the democratic instincts of the American and allied Governments.

President Wilson's reply to the German Government will be distributed far and wide over German and Austrian territory by allied aviators. It will be printed in German and dropped in thousands of leaflets in an effort to give it the widest possible circulation among the peoples of the Central Powers. It is not the belief of Entente diplomats here that the conditions respecting an armistice and peace are impossible of acceptance by Germany, but it is expected that there will be an outburst of resentment in Germany against President Wilson's demand that the autocratic power of the constituted authorities must be broken. Later, it is believed, there will be a demand, voiced by the German people, for a modification of their Constitution and a change in their form of government, especially when it becomes apparent that there can be no peace dealings with the autocracy.

The State Department has received advices stating that the situation of Prince Maximilian as German Chancellor is precarious. It is not known who will succeed him as head of the Government, but it was recalled at the department that Socialist Leader Scheidemann, who has been suggested as his possible successor, has been consistently an instrument of the Imperial Government ever since the war began, and merits no special consideration as a representative of the German people, having allied himself too strongly with the military autocracy.

An official telegram from Zurich indicates that the principal cause of the hostility to Prince Max is the letter he wrote last January to Prince Hohenlohe, in which he interpreted a speech he had previously made and mocked the democratic movement.

"Owing to the fact that the Entente and Swiss press have published the letter written in January to Prince Hohenlohe by Prince Maximilian of Baden," read this dispatch, "a new governmental crisis, which under the present circumstances would bring Germany's political difficulties to their culminating point, seems likely.

"The leaders of the majority parties, who began to discuss the letter on Oct. 12, had not concluded their deliberations on the 13th. The Chancellor himself and the Secretaries of State were present. The Prince was unable to deny that he had written the incriminating letter to a cousin residing in Switzerland, who is a notorious pacifist. He angrily declared that the document must have been stolen by some agent of the Entente.

Growing Feeling Against Kaiser.

The State Department has received intelligence of a growing feeling in Germany against the Kaiser. The dispatches indicate that the German people's eyes "are just beginning to be opened to the situation," and that this feeling is so widespread, having been manifested universally by mouth to mouth reports, that the authorities deem it unwise to attempt to suppress evidences of it appearing in the press.

Diplomatic advices quote Professor Hoetzsch as declaring in the Kreuzzeitung that it would be a mistake "to deceive ourselves" concerning the seriousness of the situation.

"The turning point of the war has come," Professor Hoetzsch continued, "not in a sense that the country is imperiled, for the Western front stands firm, despite retreats, and will hold fast for the protection of our empire, but as a world war it has been decided against us.

"The change to a parliamentary system in Germany is irrevocable. The wave of democracy and revolution passing through the whole world is too strong. We say farewell to old Prussia and Kaiserdom."

None of the officially received summaries of German press comment reflect the sentiment voiced in a neutral newspaper, the Stockholm Nya Dagligt Allehanda, which asserts:

"Obviously, the Entente imperialists will do their utmost to prevent peace, but the question is what can they do? Germany's fate depends mostly on whether she can hold her own on the western front. Should a catastrophe occur, even Wilson may not be able to hold back the Entente imperialistic desire, wishing to take the utmost revenge from victory."

The Stockholm Dagens Nyheter is credited with this statement.

"Germany, having announced her willingness to disavow the Brest-Litovsk treaty, the suggestion seems reasonable that at the peace conference she be assigned the task of liquidating the terrorist régime in Russia. That would be the most thorough disavowal imaginable by Germany for her own Brest-Litovsk peace."

Supplies for Army Exhausted.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.) — Reports reaching Washington today through official sources by way of neutral countries not only indicated the existence of almost chaotic conditions in the Central Powers, but also said that it was Field Marshal von Hindenburg himself who was responsible for the German Government accepting the President's peace terms and seeking an immediate armistice.

It was said that at a recent meeting of the military leaders and the heads of the parties in the Reichstag, von Hindenburg boldly declared that Germany must have peace at once on the best terms she could get. He said the armies no longer had the necessary munitions and materials to continue the struggle, nor was there any source of supply so far as he was aware.

In the light of this situation, the Field Marshal said, he felt the time had come to try first for an armistice and then for peace, and he urged that this could be put in the light of a concession to the demands of the Socialists and pacifists in Germany.

Prince Maximilian, the Chancellor, is reported to have strongly opposed such a course, dreading a reaction against the Junker element by the Socialists, but Imperial approval was given to von Hindenburg's plans and the request for peace followed.

The overruling of Prince Maximilian is pointed to as the explanation of why the German note in response to President Wilson's inquiries was signed by Dr. Solf, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, although the Prince had initiated the correspondence.

From the same source is cabled a prediction that the German defensive cannot be continued without a débâcle for more than three months at the outside. This statement, from a well informed neutral source regarded as semi-official, is based upon the belief that a great revolution is impending in Germany, the majority of the people being determined to have peace at any price.

Swiss dispatches say the German newspapers are now showing a confusion equal to that which they showed in the interval between the proposal of Prince Maximilian and President Wilson's message of inquiry.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says: "Evidently if the negotiations cannot be carried out we could still turn back to arms and in desperate combats defend the German territory, but we must have no illusions in this respect. At the most important time of her history Germany feels the lack of that very energetic military help which, according to ancient beliefs, stands for right. However terrible this disillusionment may be for the German people, brought up among military display, humanity will benefit by it, if President Wilson is able to establish a real and true justice."

FOE HOPELESS IN HIS RETREAT

By WALTER DURANTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

people. Letters recently found on prisoners are of unexampled pessimism. One written from the interior runs:

"The enemy will beat us. The longer the war lasts the worse it will be for us."

Another from Karlsruhe says:

"We are terribly afraid, the situation is so bad. People expect that the enemy will come here."

Another from Berlin:

"Every one will be killed in trying to win. Our men seem to be having a dreadful beating."

In letters from the front the tone is even worse.

"We are having an awful time. The disorder is extraordinary, and no one knows what will happen. The enemy attacks terribly. We are abandoning vast stretches of territory in our retreat. If we can't end it this Autumn, or any way before Christmas, we shall face the worse next year, for the Americans keep bringing new troops and will gradually crush us."

Fear of the American Army comes up continually. Another soldier writes:

"We mocked at the British, and they became a mighty host. It is the same with the Americans. Next year we will be unable to stand against them."

Finally, a man of the 86th Fusiliers reveals the dread that is torturing the once ruthless German heart.

"We are in a region that is completely devastated. Villages exist not, nor is a single tree left standing. Everything is desolation. What a frightful thought it is that the war may be fought in our country!"

Hosts Repairing Roads for an Advance.

Meanwhile, as Turkey is breaking away from the Central Alliance, and Austria is about to follow, it seems to a visitor at the French front that every other nation in the world is working to repair the mined roads and clear the obstructions to a fresh advance. Amid the babel of polyglot speech the activity is never-ceasing and without a sign of confusion. Here, a party of Chinese scurry like ants, each with his load of rubble, to fill a twenty-yard crater in the roadway. On the right a gang of Malagasys pile the just-removed wire barriers on the trucks of a narrow gauge railroad whose dynamited bridge over a little stream is being re-erected by French engineers two miles farther on.

Always a stream of camions passes interminably forward with food, guns, and munitions for the troops that are pursuing the enemy. Slowly and carefully the ponderous machines jolt over the substituted plank road that is immediately put down around the mine craters. Tomorrow it will not be needed and will be taken up to serve again further forward. The camions each bear a gay device—a four-leaved shamrock, a bucking broncho, the head of an Alsatian girl, a bunch of lilies, or a grinning salamander. They come from France, America, Italy, and England, and each is driven by men of its own country. As they pass the crews shout greetings to the busy Chinamen. The latter never pause and do not understand, but grin cheerfully. The spirit of victory is in the air.

LAON RELIEVED OF BURDEN.

Populace Had Been Under Compulsory Labor for Four Years.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 14.—I have just come down the lines from Laon. The town is very little damaged, the intresting old cathedral and other public buildings being intact. But all the houses and shops left by their occupants at the beginning of the war, have been completely emptied of their contents, and the Acting Mayor gives a grievous account of the German exactions in the form of fines and taxation.

The worst complaint of the thousands of inhabitants who have borne the enemy yoke for nearly four years, is of the system of compulsory labor to which every able-bodied adult and youth had been subjected. Even when and elderly men accompany them as the War Lords were going shooting in the neighborhood, they made the girls beaters.

General Mangin had a great reception when he entered the town, children wearing tricolor ribbons and waving extemporized flags, and old folk laughing and crying in their joy at being delivered.

The German retreat may be measured by the fact that General Mangin's artillery moved up twelve miles in the 36 hours. The whole army is now steadily forward.

TWO ROADS FOR FIVE ARMIES.

This Explains Germans' Desperate Defense on Their Left Wing.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—The Germans continue to resist stoutly on the two wings of the French battlefront, making, as usual, liberal use of machine guns and gas projectiles.

General Gouraud resumed his attacks northwest of the Argonne Forest this morning, crossing the Aisne and taking Olly and Termes, west of Grandpré.

The loss of one line of communication after another has left the Germans with only two railroads, by way of Hirson and Mezières, to supply their five armies. This compels them to make a desperate defense of their left wing and to redouble their efforts to retard an advance by the Allies elsewhere. The allied positions along the Meuse are dangerously near the pivot of Metz, upon which the entire German operation westward depends.

ALLIED DIPLOMATS PLEASED.

Those at The Hague Had Feared Effect of Berlin's Manoeuvres.

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THE HAGUE, Oct. 15.—President Wilson's answer to Germany has just arrived here at midnight and has caused a feeling of relief in allied circles. On the reception of the German note Saturday night there was an atmosphere of gloom in allied diplomatic circles.

"Will the Allies bite? Will they fall into this trap set by the military to avoid complete collapse? The Germans have plundered, murdered, and burnt, but never talked of peace until now," said a prominent allied diplomat, speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at the French opera, where the news of the German answer was first received in the box of the American Legation, and flew around the opera house, causing much excitement and a scramble to the foyer, to the distress of the singers.

Hollanders, who received the news with unmitigated joy, drinking champagne and singing songs, were unable to understand the depression in allied circles. The view is prevalent in Holland that neither side has come out on top, but that peace is in sight, even if Germany is not beaten.

The band at one of the most prominent hotels received an offer of 1,000 guilders to play the "Marseillaise" during supper, but refused on the plea that it would be unneutral.

REDS GET STATUE MANIA.

Order Given for Sixty-three to be Erected in Moscow Alone.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5, (Associated Press.)—The Bolsheviki are taking to Kultur. In other words, they contemplate erecting statues to celebrities. The "Commissioner for Public Enlightenment," Lungcharski, has ordered sixty-three statutes for Moscow alone.

Among these forty-five are of politicians and authors, including Tolstoi, Bakunin, Dostoyevski, Pushkin, Lermontoff, Metchnikoff, Mendelyeff, and twenty-four other Russians. The foreigners include the pioneers of modern Socialism, Marx, Engels, Bebel, and Jaurès, Thomas Gracchus, Robespierre, Marat, and Danton also are to be honored.

Eighteen statues are to be erected to artists, places being given to Beethoven and Chopin.

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PLEADS TO ALLIES TO HELP RUSSIA

Harold Williams Reminds Them That Coming Victory Is Largely Due to Former Ally.

RECALLS HER GREAT DEEDS

Says She Must Not Be Abandoned in the Darkest Hour of Her Misfortune.

HOPE IN TURKEY'S DEBACLE

Entente Fleet in the Black Sea Could Establish a Base for Rescuing Russians.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The allied armies are marching from triumph to triumph. Germany is tottering. Victory is within reach, victory and liberation from a nightmare. There is sound of suppressed cheering in the air and jubilation is mingled with amazement that the cause of our hearts is at last so brilliantly vindicated by our arms. The Allies are exchanging congratulations and vying in praise of each other's efforts.

But there is a shadow in the background watching with eyes full of sadness and longing, the shadow of a once great ally who spent her strength in the darkest hour, who put forth an effort beyond all her resources, and fell stricken before victory dawned.

We dare not forget Russia now, broken as she is and suffering agony such as no nation has suffered for centuries. This victory that we are now approaching is hers as much as ours. Her blood is in it, the blood of thousands of her best sons. Her sorrow is in it, a sorrow that has sounded all the depths of tragedy. When the gallant little British Army, side by side with the French, was struggling to save Paris, the dashing Russian advance into Prussia blunted the force of the enemy's blow. While we were organizing an army suited to Continental warfare the great Russian Army was engaging the Germans and Austrians in Poland and Galicia, and Russia fought under impossible conditions. While the armies of the west were swept forth by the free nations, the Russian people, fighting for liberty, was bound by the fetters of a corrupt tyranny.

The Germans knew this and concentrated their energy for a fatal blow in the east, but the Russian Army, betrayed by its rulers and its munitions exhausted, refused to accept defeat, and slowly throughout the Summer of 1915 executed a retreat which in its wonderful exhibition of courage, tenacity, and skill provoked the admiration of Mackensen himself.

The brilliant victories of 1916 were followed by the fall of Czardom in 1917, and Germany committed the blackest crime upon her record. She poisoned the soul of the great nation, awakening with childlike joy to the practice of liberty. She deliberately corrupted the Russian Army. Thousands of patriots perished in an effort to save the national honor, but the Germans had their evil way and celebrated their diabolical triumph in the peace of Brest-Litovsk.

But after the first flush of triumph the shame of that peace gradually ate into the hearts of the German people and corroded their overstrained faith in the justice of their cause. The withering breath of the hell they have created in the east is upon them, and now, when ruin faces them, they quail with a sense of the sins committed in their name.

By the glory of her effort and the depth of her suffering Russia has her great share in the peace that is very near. We cannot forget Russia now. At present Germany is asking for peace on President Wilson's terms. What does that mean for Russia? Who will speak for her when she is divided and distracted, when she is the prey of anarchy and bitter civil war, when in Moscow and Petrograd hundreds and hundreds of the bravest Russian officers and the ablest and most intelligent Russian civilians are being murdered in cold blood under the black reign of terror?

One of President Wilson's conditions is that the Germans shall evacuate Russia. What, then, does that mean—that they will withdraw their instructors and organizers from the Red army? Does it mean that they will cease to uphold Bolshevist tyranny, or will they not rather try by every means to thwart our efforts for reconstruction in the east?

Here in the west we can enforce complete obedience to our demands, but it is far more difficult to see that our demands are carried out to the letter in Russia. While the days pass the Bolsheviki are doing their utmost to make the regeneration of Russia impossible. They are killing off the best and bravest. They are trying to destroy the brain of new Russia, just as their German masters are brutally destroying the towns of France. The permanent crippling of Russia is one of Germany's chief aims.

Events are rushing on with blinding speed, and in Russia too many sudden changes are possible, but as far as we are concerned one thing is clear: while Germany is parleying we must redouble our military effort not only in the west but in the east. At present the greatest hope seems to be that by detaching Turkey we may be able to get our ships back into the Black Sea and push from there. It ought also to be a condition of Germany's surrender that our ships should enter the Baltic. In any case, we must take up in the east those military positions that will enable us to insure that every detail of President Wilson's terms shall be exactly enforced.

UNITED SIBERIA'S PLAN.

Constituent Assembly to be Called and Anti-German Front Revived.

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 6.—The colation of the Omsk and Horvath Governments signifies the political amalgamation of Western and Eastern Siberia, the earliest possible convocation of a Pan Siberian Constituent Assembly and the re-establishment of the anti-German front.

Gen. Knox Says Allies Should Go To the Urals

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

erals encamped along the Volga. These need clothing, ammunition, food, and money, which the Allies should furnish."

I suggested to the General that the Allies were supposed to be united on policies here. He replied:

"England, France, and Italy agree as to what steps should be taken, but unfortunately the Allies are not solid. But the fact remains that we ought to help the Czechs. We ought to do it, too, for humanitarian reasons. I wonder if the humanitarians of all countries understand what it means for the Czechs to evacuate a city like Samara. I wonder if they realize that it means that every decent citizen will get his throat cut as soon as the Czechs leave.

"If we want to help them they will all be with us. Although the people have not been taught self-sacrifice, they are capable of great enthusiasm. If we let them down after promising help we shall be doing an awful thing."

Walking to a map of Russia hanging on the wall of his office opposite the Vladivostok depot, the General pointed to a line marking what there is of the Russian front. It begins in advance of Ekaterinburg, thence runs to Samara, thence south to Orenburg, along the Orenburg-Tashkent railroad.

This does not mean that there are lines of trenches, only that the cities and towns along this line are held by friendly troops.

Reports of a general movement of Bolshevist and German prisoner troops toward Samara junction are not confirmed in the evacuation of the town. The enemy object was to push the Czechs and Russians out of control of the Orenburg-Tashkent railroad to get Turkestan's cotton.

Because of the very limited wireless and cable communication between here and America and Europe, officers are unable to follow detailed developments in the Balkans and Berlin. General Knox, speaking of the reported armistice, was emphatic:

"Peace with Germany now would turn Russia entirely over to Germany, perhaps preventing the Allies forever from making headway in this country."

The East Fears Peace Offers.

Oct. 9.—It is because Vladivostok is the entrance to Germany's back door, which is Russia, that the Central Powers' reported request for an armistice affects the situation here keenly. Knowing what is happening in the interior of Russia through the German-Bolshevik combination, knowing that the Czechs have evacuated the Samara bridgehead, which connected Siberia and Russia proper, learning from travelers who succeeded in crossing the country that German propagandists have made all Russians believe that Germany occupies Paris and has invaded England, one sees through Germany's back door the reasons for the requested armistice in the west.

Germany is more anxious than ever to make peace now with the western powers. She could even afford to promise to evacuate Russia, knowing all the time that with her present organization here it would be years if not decades before the Allies or the Russians themselves could interfere with her Russian booty.

Showing how Germany is using the present to strengthen her position in Russia, the Czechs have reliable reports that 200,000 German prisoners, Bolsheviki, have been organized, trained, and equipped to attack the Volga front. Samara, an important railroad junction, the nearest Czech post to Moscow, was lost because the Czechs were unable to obtain the Allies assistance. The allied commanders here received pathetic appeals from Czech headquarters asking a maximum of a hundred Americans, British or French to maintain the morale at what is called the front along the Volga. The French and British were able to send only the smallest forces, but they arrived too late to save Samara. The Americans were unable to comply with the Czechs' request.

In connection with the military situation on the Volga and allied-American policy, there are two things which a new arrival encounters immediately. I have talked with Americans, British, French, Russians, and Czechs. Among only a limited circle is there a belief that an effective Russian front can be reconstructed. Second, while the Allies are united in principle as to policies here, they are not united as to method or means.

These two points are very striking to an American arriving from the United States, where many believe that with the nucleus here it is only a question of a short time, possibly until Spring, when the Russian front against Germany might be reconstructed. Those who believe this do not understand the tremendous handicaps here, while others who know the situation believe that America, with unlimited resources, could bear the chief burden and succeed.

Without attempting to judge after so short a time here, I can report a diversity of opinions. Six months ago there was opportunity to establish some kind of effective front. It was believed to be necessary in order to compel the Germans to weaken the western front. Today, with the collapse of Bulgaria and the allied advance in France, the Central Powers request an armistice.

Military men do not believe it is necessary to re-establish a fighting front. They believe the Allies should intervene for moral and political reasons, but whenever the question of intervention is debated all realize the handicaps, including the frightful railroad service, the poor telegraph communication, the lack of supplies, men, and equipment, the most important being the fact that the Allies cannot seize or operate the railroads or telegraph without interfering with Russian internal affairs.

There is not only no central government, but there are hundreds of local governments working jealously, independently. Before General Graves or General Knox can send soldiers away, they must begin negotiations for transportation days or weeks in advance. Even then they are not sure of the facilities. Vladivostok is a harbor of disorder, a haven of discontent, with every one pulling at cross purposes, which is extremely unfortunate because the Allies all have the same object, helping Russia. What is lacking here is what the Allies lacked in France last March, unity of command and unity of policy.

However, I do not wish to give the impression that this is a hopeless situation or that the Allies cannot work together. As an indication of what can be accomplished in a short time, witness the telegraph censorship which was made effective yesterday for the first time by Japanese and Americans; witness the allied guards in various parts of the city, where Japanese, British, American, and Czech troops stand side by side; witness the plans now under way to establish a mail censorship.

At present any one can send letters to the interior of Russia or abroad through the Russian Post Office without censorship, which is dangerous in view of the active German propaganda. With strong traces here of even money payments, the situation is not only filled with danger, but the Allies have not yet accomplished what they set out to do. The assistance of the Czechs has been very small. So far there is no nucleus outside this city about which the Russians might form.

The brightest spot is Bulgaria's collapse, which should enable the Allies to work into Russia through the Black Sea, later enabling them to move men and supplies from here to cooperate with that force. Another bright spot is that the Czechs now control the chief platinum and coal mines, which is of tremendous economic significance.

One of the dark spots is that if the Czechs are forced from the Volga, it will permit the Germans to meet enormous supplies of cotton from Turkestan, but the darkest is the fear that an armistice and peace now will be equivalent to turning Russia over to Germany, even if Germany promises to evacuate with her military forces, but keeps her present political, intriguing, economic organization.

RUSHING TO AID CZECHS.

Meagre Allied Forces of British, French, Italians Off to the Volga.

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—The Czechs are evacuating Samara. They hope to regain the town soon, with the aid of brothers in arms who have returned from Siberia reequipped and rested and are now fighting on the Volga.

The Czechs in the Usuri district have departed for the scene of the Volga fighting with all available British, French, and Italian soldiers and a small unit of French artillery. The French, Czechs, British, and Italians are rushing their meagre forces westward in an effort to maintain the east front, feeling that it would be disastrous to give up the footing of the Allies in European Russia.

INDORSE NEW GOVERNMENT.

Russians in New York Ask Allies to Recognize Ufa Cabinet.

The Inter-Party League for the restoration of Free Russia, uniting all Russian political organizations in New York, with the exception of the Bolsheviki and Monarchists, sent to the State Department yesterday through the Russian Ambassador at Washington, resolutions endorsing the new Central Government or Directorate of Russia, established by the recent Convention at Ufa.

The resolutions also appealed to the Government of the United States and to all the allied Governments, to recognize and co-operate with the Directorate.

GRAVES OFF TO SIBERIA.

General Leaves Vladivostok to Inspect Our Troops on the Usuri.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 10.—General Graves is leaving here today to inspect the American forces encamped on the Usuri River.

Ambassador Morris moved his headquarters from a United States warship in this harbor before leaving for Harbin to continue his investigations for the Washington Government.

RIDICULES COMEDY OF DEMOCRATIZATION

Wetterle, Authority on Alsace, Says German Absolutism Is Unchanged.

CITES TEUTON EVASIONS

Nothing to Show Her Attitude on Poland or Stolen French Provinces —She Hopes to Trade on Them.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Abbé Wetterle, who is considered in France to be the foremost interpreter of the hopes and wishes of the stolen French provinces, because he represented Alsace in the Reichstag for many years, gave me some expert evidence today as to Germany's bad faith.

"The comedy of so-called democratization which the new Berlin Government is giving us," he said, "has no meaning. The absolute power remains exactly where it was before and neither the people nor the Reichstag can put a finger on it.

"The answer to President Wilson that the Government is now acting in behalf of the people could only be made true by electing constituent assemblies with power to put their decisions in force and by a revision of the Federal Constitution itself. There is not the slightest intention indicated by Berlin to allow such assemblies or revision.

"The chief evidence of perfidy in Germany's reply is in what is omitted. For example, it evades the questions of the Polish Province of Posen held by Prussia, and Alsace-Lorraine. Germany wishes to make the cession of these stolen territories the basis of bargaining, which cannot be allowed. All this stolen territory, as well as that invaded in the last four years, must be restored and put in good condition at the expense of the invaders. It is the general rule to punish a thief, not to give him the loot.

"In spite of all attempts at equivocation the German reply shows great embarrassment because Wilson's questions were unanswerable and perfect. Without committing the Allies anything in the future they have compelled Berlin to unmask its batteries.

"The Kaiser's one desire is to gain time and avoid a military disaster. He must be allowed no rest and the allied troops must compel complete surrender, with the giving up of supplies and the retiring of all the German troops to the other side of the Rhine, leaving all guns and ammunition in our hands.

ENGLAND HAILS THE REPLY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

German people, also voices a demand for the punishment of the German criminals, and, referring to a report of illtreatment of British prisoners made public today, says:

"We shall remember these martyrs of our cause that were already skeletons when they were buried like dogs behind the Hun lines, and we shall demand that before our sword is sheathed Germany shall deliver up to us all that remain of prisoners in her murderous hands."

Says Wilson Saved the Situation.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 16.—"President Wilson deserves the gratitude of the civilized world for having saved the situation," says The Morning Post. "The effect of his declaration is that Germany now understands that unconditional surrender is an essential condition, precedent to an armistice, and that the granting of an armistice implies nothing whatever with regard to terms of peace. We are thankful that the Germans have now only two courses open to them—to go on fighting or to put up their hands."

The Daily Mail says that President Wilson's reply justifies all the high hopes which the Allies had reposed in the President. Summed up in a line, says the newspaper, it is a call for "unconditional surrender."

"In a State paper, which is a model for its dignity, penetration, and restraint," The Mail proceeds, "the President translates into simple and direct words the thoughts of every allied Government and of every allied soldier and citizen. He has not been caught in the German staff's trap."

The text of President Wilson's reply, received through press channels, was placed in the hands of the members of the British Government early this morning. The Council met shortly after 11 o'clock to consider the President's response.

Andrew Bonar Law made the announcement in Parliament today that it would be very unwise for any of the allied Governments to make any statement on the terms likely to be imposed upon Germany before an armistice was granted.

The Pall Mall Gazette says President Wilson's reply reaches his highest standards of point and promptness, and adds that the declarations he made "have been made before, but never in such a dramatic setting or with such securities for their being read and adjusted."

The Globe finds there is no ambiguity about the President's stern reply, and is "afraid the Germans will not like the manner in which President Wilson received their request."

"Foch, Haig, and Pershing," the newspaper asserts, "will determine in concert the guarantees they must have in hand before granting a cessation of hostilities."

Indorsed, Says Churchill.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 15.—Winston Spencer Churchill, British Minister of Munitions, in a speech here today said that President Wilson's stern and formidable answer to Germany was wholeheartedly indorsed by all the allied countries.

The answer, Mr. Churchill declared, has tended to prolong the conflict, but there would be no relaxation of the allied war effort.

PARIS IS JUBILANT OVER WILSON NOTE

"Directors of Germany" Now Exposed Before Their Own People, Says the Temps.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—President Wilson's reply to Germany was given to the public in extra editions of the afternoon newspapers published at noon today. It immediately became the absorbing topic of discussion in all public places.

The tone of the sentiment was distinctly favorable to the reply, the prevailing note being one of jubilation. The President's firm position against an armistice without guarantees particularly appealed to prevailing French opinion.

"A straight blow," is the caption of an article by Jean Herbette, foreign editor of the Temps, dealing with the Wilson reply, which he finds satisfactory in every sense. He says it will be received in France with gratitude for the manner in which it stigmatizes Germany's crimes.

After President Wilson's first reply to Germany, the editorial begins, German official representatives rejoiced that the conversation could continue. It is doubtful now, the article says, if they rejoice at having opened the conversation.

The Government at Berlin is now obliged to allow the reply to appear in every newspaper in Germany," says the editorial. "It will not consolidate Chancellor Max's position, weakened by his unfortunate letter, nor that of Vice Chancellor von Payer, who made the annexationist speech, nor that of Dr Solf, who was a Secretary of State when Belgium was invaded.

"It will not consolidate the authority of the Prussian Staff nor the personal prestige of the Kaiser, nor the popularity of the dynasty or imperial régime. The directors of Germany sought public debate. They have it. The first result is that they appear in the eyes of their people, gasping for peace, as the principal obstacles to peace."

The writer welcomes President Wilson's decision to send a separate reply to Austria-Hungary, and in this connection says:

"A single reply would have been to sanction their alliance, which was one of the principal causes of the war, and the destruction of which is one of the essential conditions of peace."

La Liberté says that the clearness of President Wilson's reply is such that it will rejoice the Allies, because it fulfills the desires of all.

Intransigeant says:

"It is a clear and magnificent reply, inspired by right, justice, and humanity, and would only be weakened by comment. If it closes the door to the present German directors as negotiators, it leaves it open to the German people."

PICHON EMPHASIZES REPARATION DEMAND

France Heartened by Wilson's Denunciation of Vandalism by German Armies.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—In a discussion in the Senate today of the damages suffered by Northern France without military justification, Stephen Pinchon, the Foreign Minister, reiterated the Government's resolution to exact full compensation and reparation.

"Furthermore," the Foreign Minister continued, "this warning has just been given in decisive form by President Wilson in his admirable reply to the proposals for an armistice from Berlin.

"The President of the United States, in whose resolutions we always have had entire confidence, has signified that he refuses, like ourselves, to negotiate an armistice with a State whose armies continue to dishonor themselves by acts of desolation, devastation, and savagery."

REDS EVASIVE TO POPE.

Say They Do Not Know Where Ex-Czarina and Family Are.

ROME, Oct. 14.—As a result of the interest shown by Pope Benedict in the former Empress of Russia and her daughters, (reported to have perished in a house to which a Bolshevist mob set fire,) the Austrian Consul at Moscow has made inquiries of the Bolshevist authorities relative to the former Empress and her family.

He was informed that their whereabouts was unknown. As these affirmations are doubted, reliable persons have been commissioned to make a further investigation.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Since the fall of Laon last Sunday morning the French have advanced rapidly northward, both directly toward the Serre and toward the country north of Rheims. It is perfectly apparent that the Germans were quite ready to leave Laon, and that preparations for its abandonment had been made some time ago. There is no indication that after the fall of the city the French met with resistance from large bodies of troops at any point. They have been encountering rearguards, mostly with machine gun defense, which have here and there retarded for a few moments the French advance. But the Germans have been engaged in a bona fide retreat. Their object has been to get out as quickly as possible and to save as much as possible in the process. They have been pressed closely, as it was expected they would be, but appear to have succeeded in withdrawing to safety the great bulk of their forces. They have left, we may be sure, masses of their supplies behind through sheer lack of transportation. But their army in the south appears to be out of harm's way.

The battle line has passed from a liquid to a gaseous state. It is followed only with great difficulty, and even then not with any certainty of accuracy. It appears, however, that the French forces when last heard from, hold the western bank of the Oise River as far south as its junction with the Serre, where they turn east along the southern bank of the Serre. This, it will be seen, leaves a narrow peninsula in German hands, but a peninsula which is hemmed in on both sides by strong French forces. It is not apparent, however, that the Germans are holding this line with strong forces. It is, indeed, doubtful if it is necessary. Their function is one of delay. They are holding these rivers simply to provide time for the retreating army to move ahead. When the time comes they will fall back, opening the country to a further advance.

It must be remembered, however, that in the retreat it is not only a small section of France we must consider. When the French territory now in German hands is given up, it carries with it practically all of Belgium. Between the German frontier and the present lines there is one great arsenal. It is of this that the Germans are thinking. To give up altogether their positions west of Rheims means that the Champagne defense must collapse. It will be flanked completely and in danger of being turned. So that when the Germans give way west and north of Rheims they must be prepared to give way also as far east as the Meuse River. This they are not ready to do as yet, they cannot be. The tide has turned too quickly for them to have made any preparations adequate to the present needs of the situation. Germany's boasted foresight did not go far enough in advance.

Further north, along the Flanders front, details are reaching us of the attack made on Monday in Flanders. This is a section of the line which is still held in force, since, as was stated yesterday, there is involved the real treasure of the Belgian coast, which German economists and military men as well have been saying for the last four years must belong to Germany. The attack was apparently a complete surprise. In a very short time the German positions were completely overrun, and an advance of from three to five miles recorded. Roulers was taken and the wedge which the Belgians began some time ago pushed almost to the outskirts of Courtrai. The situation of the Germans on this front is becoming as desperate as that before Cambrai some time ago. Their line on the Belgian coast is being bent almost back upon itself. Ostend is being rapidly exposed, while the principal lines to Bruges and Ghent are being cut.

To the south of this position, Lille is being slowly encircled. In but a short time it is certain that the battle line will run not far from the Franco-Belgian frontier from Menin south. That is, the French will recover all of their territory north and west of Valenciennes.

In this same pocket which contains Lille we find Douai. The British here are advancing slowly, having met with very stiff resistance from the town itself. The angle of the Sensée Canal is giving them a great deal of trouble. Once this town goes Lille is exposed on the south with only the level country of Flanders, affording no natural obstacles between it and the Allies. This territory the Germans are not yet ready to vacate.

The principal resistance on the entire front, however, is being experienced north of the Argonne, east of the Aire. Here the Americans are fighting with the French on their right and left flanks. The fact of the matter is that, while the Germans are retreating west of the Argonne, if the Americans were to break through on anything like the same scale as has been done in the east, the southern group of German armies would meet with practical destruction. They could not retreat; their line would be cut. There would be nothing for them to do but surrender or break up.

We may therefore expect that we shall still have hard fighting on this front, and will be opposed by very strong forces.

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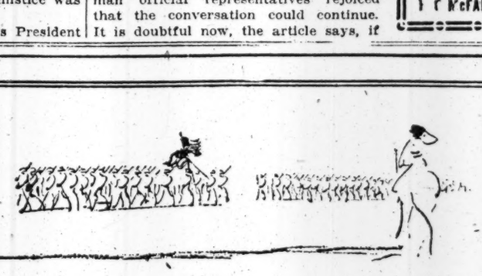

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CASUALTIES IN PERSHING'S FORCES REACH A TOTAL OF 51,552

895 Names in New Army Lists: 226 Killed and 586 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today, which contained 895 names, bringing the total for the army up to 48,017. No Marine Corps list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 3,535. The total for both army and marines now is 51,552.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 104 killed in action, 56 died of wounds, 6 died of accident and other causes, 60 died of disease, 366 wounded severely, 204 wounded to a degree undetermined, 16 wounded slightly, and 83 missing.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Oct. 15.	Total.
Killed in action	9,006	104	9,110
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	3,230	56	3,286
Died of accident and other causes	1,060	6	1,066
Died of disease	2,492	60	2,552
Total	16,079	226	16,305
Wounded	25,450	586	26,036
Missing, including prisoners	5,593	83	5,676
Total	47,122	895	48,017

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED OCT. 15.

The following army casualties, including names of next of kin and emergency addresses, were issued today:

KILLED IN ACTION—104.

Lieutenants.

PAXTON, JOHN MOORE, Jr.; Mrs. Minnie F. Paxton, 114 Chambers St., Trenton, N. J.

FAHR, L. A.; Mrs. Harold A. Fahr, Philadelphia, Penn.

MOORE, FRANK M.; Mrs. Frank Moore, Cotton Hotel, Houston, Texas.

TIPPET, RALPH W.; J. H. Tippet, Appleton, Wis.

VAUGHAN, R. H.; Dr. E. E. Vaughan, Boyersford, Penn.

Sergeants.

CURTIN, T. J.; Mrs. T. Sheehan, 134 E. 98th St., N. Y. C.

MOESSER, JOHN; Mrs. Henrietta Moesser, 99 Richmond Turnpike, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

GORGOSCHILIZ, J. J.; Mrs. Mary Gorgoschilitz, St. Paul, Minn.

DAVIS, C. M.; Mrs. Ella Davis, Cincinnati, Ohio.

McMANUS, E.; Mrs. Emma McManus, Aurelia, Iowa.

REILLY, C. J.; H. M. Barrett, Bay Bridge, Ohio.

Corporals.

GRELLER, PHILLIP; D. Greller, 430 W. 163d St., N.Y.C.

SULLIVAN, JAMES P.; J. S. Barnes, Buffalo, N. Y.

ROSENBAUM, ABRAHAM; Solomon Gitmck, 1,226 Boston Road, New York city.

CLARK, HARLEY; Bowen Clark, Delaware, Ohio.

DORANG, C. E.; Christian H. Dorang, Pottstown, Penn.

DOOLAN, P. J.; Mrs. R. O'Connell, West Lynn, Mass.

HORGAN, HARRY B.; J. C. Watson, Congress Junction, Ariz.

HARDINGER, G. G.; C. C. Hardinger, Garrison, Iowa.

HAMILL, W. G.; Charlie Hamill, Crowder, Okla.

KOERNER, E. E.; Theodore Koerner, Cheyenne, Wyo.

LAMBERT, L. P.; James A. Lambert, Montana, Kan.

McADAMS, W. J.; Mrs. Sarah E. McAdams, Moberly, Mo.

MARSHALL, P. L.; Mrs. Mary E. Parker, Bairnville, Penn.

SATHER, BEN; Mrs. Jennie Sather, Eau Claire, Wis.

STRATTOPLOUS, D. G.; G. Stupas, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

WARNER, EARL; Miss Pearl Warner, Columbus, Ohio.

Bugler.

VANHUIZEN, ALBERT; Jerry Vanhuizen, Owen, Wis.

Mechanic.

HOFMANN, C. V.; Mrs. Valentine Hofmann, Chicago, Ill.

Cooks.

DAY, EVERETT; Mrs. Helen Day, Ogdensburg, N. Y.

HAIN, EDWIN; Mrs. Elizabeth Hain, Chicago, Ill.

Privates.

BEHRER, W. J.; Mrs. Ella A. Behrer, Camden, N. J.

COLLINS, DENNIS; James Cassidy, 502 E. 72d St., N.Y.C.

COHEN, RAPHAEL; Abraham Cohen, 1,023 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACKLEY, HARRY; Ralph Ackley, Portland, Ore.

AUTREY, OSCAR L.; P. H. Autrey, Pine Hill, Ala.

BEGGS, CHESTER A.; Mrs. Nellie M. Beggs, Colorado Springs, Col.

BLAKE, FREDERICK; Landow Blake, Norris City, Ill.

BLEMOWSKI, W. G.; Mrs. Francis Matus, Webster, Mass.

COOGLE, HARRY M.; Mrs. Una Coogle, Columbus, Ohio.

COOPER, G. H.; Mrs. G. M. McCleary, Rushtown, Ohio.

Privates.

APRICELLA, CARMINE; Joseph Apricella, 82 Bayard St., N. Y.

BORZACHIELLO, NICK; Miss Mary Borzachiello, 108 7th Av., Newark, N. J.

DUNN, James Bernard; Mrs. Mary Dunn, 96 East Orange St., Oneida, N. Y.

DRAFAN, Joseph; Sam Gottlide, 88 Amboy St., Brooklyn.

GALANTE, RAFFAEL; D. Figilo, 1,724 2d Av., N. Y. C.

HALEY, Michael; Mrs. Rebecca Haley, 381 Prospect Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HACKER, TRUMAN F.; Mrs. Delia C. Hacker, 22 Hallsboro St., Gouverneur, N. Y.

KOEHLER, Clarence H.; Mrs. Emma Koehler, 220 18th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LYNCH, Thomas J.; Mary McLoughlin, 550 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J.

LOGATTO, BENJAMIN; J. Logatto, Orangeburg, N. Y.

McMILLAN, J. F.; H. McMillan, 1 W. 101st St., N. Y. C.

McMERNAN, A. W.; J. McMeeskan, 1 W. 49th St., N.Y.C.

MILLER, ERNEST; Mrs. J. Blythe, Lincoln, Mo.

MIRAGLIA, JOSEPH; Joseph Mikenna, 13 Voorhees St., Amsterdam, N. Y.

O'HARA, W. F.; Mrs. Mary O'Hara, 267 Pearl St., Burlington, N. J.

PATTERSON, J. P.; Miss Elizabeth Duffy, 30 McCombs Place, N. Y. C.

ANDERSON, E. L.; Mrs. S. Anderson, Kingsville, Texas.

AURELIUS, J. H.; Mrs. M. Aurelius, Newburyport, Mass.

BRASSEA, JOSEPH; J. Brassea, Keating, Col.

CLEMENT, ALBERT; G. Clement, Sauk Rapids, Minn.

CLEMENT, C. E.; Mrs. Freda Clement, Kansas City, Kan.

CRUMPLER, R. E.; Mrs. T. E. Baisden, Andalusia, Ala.

DESSELLE, Milton; Francis Desselle, Marksville, La.

DI RAIMO, John; Joseph Di Raimo, Lawrence, Mass.

DIETRICH, John; John Nuttall, San Francisco, Cal.

DAVID, Mathew L.; John David, Lesueur Center, Minn.

DE CELLE, Edward; John De Celle, Cleveland, Ohio.

DUFFEK, J. J.; J. L. Mazek, Cleveland, Ohio.

DUMLER, E. F.; Mrs. J. Dumiet, St. Bernard, Ohio.

ECKERT, Henry; Miss Amelia Eckert, Philadelphia, Penn.

ECHOLS, NOAH; Lew Echois, San Antonio, Texas.

GAY, Martie; G. A. Gay, De kalb, Miss.

GIBSON, Joe; Bill Gibson, Imboden, Ark.

GRAHAM, Thomas A.; Mrs. Alice Gray, Elliott, Md.

HORN, Chauncey Eagle; Mrs. Mollie Eagle Horn, Okreek Post Office, S. D.

HAMILTON, Arthur; Thos. Hamilton, Laurinsburg, N. C.

HUGHES, James; John Hughes, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAID, FRANK K.; Mrs. E. Haid, Pittsburgh, Penn.

JOHNSON, SAMUEL G.; S. Johnson, Tadgastorp, Sweden.

KELLY, Dan C.; John Nelson, Raymond, Wash.

KELLY, John E.; Mrs. Sarah J. Kelly, Philadelphia, Pa.

KENNEDY, Phipps; Mrs. W. M. Kennedy, Abbeville, Ala.

KUHN, George H.; Henry Kuhn, Beach, N. D.

KLEMIETICZ, ANTON; Nick Klemietcz, Province of Dubanace, Vilna, Russia.

KILDEE, EDWARD; J. Kildee, Buckley, Mich.

KERN, JOHN H.; Ed A. Kern, Glencoe, Minn.

LOW, Oscar H.; Mrs. Linna Low, Sacramento, Cal.

LOVETT, Richmond L.; John A. Lovett, Tifton, Ga.

LAIT, Henry A.; Hyman Lait, Oldtown, Me.

LATOURETTE, Archie; Mrs. L. Latourette, Galesburg, Ill.

LEWIS, Joseph; Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, Hazelwood, Pittsburgh, Penn.

LINDGREN, Per E.; Mrs. Anna Lindgren, Askelin, Minn.

McAULLEN, Aucel Edward; Mrs. Margaret S. McMullen, Punxsutawney, Penn.

McVEIGH, OSCAR H.; Mrs. M. F. McVeigh, Bremen, Ohio.

McGINN, JOSEPH; Mrs. M. Miller, Oak Lane, Penn.

MORRIS, R. T.; Mrs. Mabel Muncy, Philadelphia, Penn.

MULLINAX, LEE M.; Miss E. Bettis, Somerville, Texas.

MURPHY, D. J. Murphy, Hyde Park, Boston, Mass.

MAHIS, FRED; Pete Mathis, Needmore, N. C.

MAYWALD, ED.; Emil Maywald, Bobville, Texas.

OLSON, ERIC; Gus Larson, Williams, Minn.

PAPASILIDIM, J.; Papavasili, Bremerton, Wash.

WING, WILLIE; A. Daniels, Bessemer, Ala.

DIED OF WOUNDS—56.

Lieutenant.

NEEL, JOE N., Jr.; J. N. Neel, Macon, Ga.

Corporals.

MILLIARD, F. B.; Miss H. White, Denver, Col.

RINDFLISH, E. L.; W. G. Rindfilsh, Chicago, Ill.

Privates.

BAYKO, SEDOR P.; Kostantin Bayko, 101 East Broadway, New York, N. Y.

KANES, David; A. Kanes, 712 Cauldwell Av., N. Y. C.

NASTA, PHILIP; August Nasta, 275 Central Av., B'klyn.

NICHOLAS, RICHARD C.; Mrs. Matilda Nicholas, 1,154 Ogden Av., New York City.

PFEIFFER, JOHN; Mrs. Catherine Pfeiffer, 505 Clarenont Parkway, New York City.

PALEN, F. J.; Mrs. L. Biggs, R. F. D. 1, Liverpool N. Y.

RANSOM, C. H.; Mrs. Lillian K. Ransom, R. F. D. 1, Perrysburg, N. Y.

STEIN, H. C.; Mrs. Minnie Stein, 229 Starr St., Brooklyn.

STILLINGER, R. H.; Frank Stillinger, R. F. D. 2, East Aurora, N. Y.

VENTO, ANDREW; James Vento, 242 Trautman St., B'klyn.

WALDMAN, LOUIS; Paul Waldman, 1,282 54th St., Bklyn.

BOCH, FRED; Mrs. Anna Boch, Neoh, Serbia.

CRANE, E. T. E.; Willia Patterson, Highwood, Mon.

FOSNES, BERNT A.; Nons Fosnes, Clearbrook, Minn.

FEDICK, J. P.; Frank Puero, Detroit, Mich.

GRAY, SCHYLER; James Gray, Cadiz, Ky.

GANNON, JOHN; Mrs. Mary Gannon, Cleveland, Ohio.

HODGE, ARNOLD; Mrs. Mary Hodge, Piedmont, Mo.

LICHTY, HARRY R.; Mrs. Eva Lichty, Somerset, Penn.

LONDAGIN, DON; Mrs. Eliza Londagin, Gentry, Ark.

LICHTFUSS, Charles H.; E. Lichtfuss, Janesville, Wis.

LANEY, EDMOND; R. Laney, Dauphin Island, Ala.

McCABE, JOHN G.; Mary N. McCabe, Cleveland, Ohio.

MUELLER, PAUL W.; B. Mueller, Hobson, Texas.

NORD, ALBERT R.; Mrs. Matilda Nord, Carver, Minn.

NORRIS, CHESTER L.; Mrs. Beatrice Lee, Carnegie, Penn.

PRESS, LOUIS I.; Sam Press, Eveleth, Minn.

PRICE, B. W.; Mrs. Josephine Price, McKenzie, Ala.

PIZZINI, LOUIS C.; John Pizzini, Belt, Mon.

ROACH, JAMES H.; Johnny Roach, Ivan, La.

RAMSEY, R. L.; Mrs. Saiby Cummins, Larcopala, Miss.

TAFOYA, SILAS; Mrs. Inez R. Lucere, Dixon, N. M.

RUSS, JAMES E.; Mrs. Barbara Russ, Cleveland, Ohio.

RINALDO, SCARINCI; Mrs. Agnes Marcucci, Forano Province, Perugia, Italy.

RABASCH, HERMAN H.; Mrs. M. Rodorf, La Salle, Ill.

SHEA, WILLIAM; Patrick Shea, Ironton, Wis.

SOLOMON, FRANK; Philip Solomon, Hiawatha, Kan.

STONEKING, HENRY C.; W. Stoneking, Birmingham, Ill.

STOREY, C. L.; Mrs. Flora Storey, Wainwright, Okla.

SCHAKOW, HERMAN H.; Mrs. Mary Schakow, Detroit.

SYBRANDT, JOHN L.; Mrs. E. Sybrandt, McKean, Penn.

SUMMERS, W. T.; Mrs. M. E. Skelton, Willow Springs, Mo.

SOSA, POLIDORO; Mrs. M. B. Sosa, San Antonio, Texas.

TRUJILLO, EPIFANO; Mrs. Andrea Trujillo, Lumberton, N. M.

WALTERS, OSCAR M.; Milt Walters, McKinley, Texas.

WOLFF, VERNE O.; Fred Wolff, Aurora, Neb.

WATSON, W. W.; Mrs. Harriet Watson, Flatteville, Wis.

WHITING, C. W.; Mrs. Anna C. Battles, Avon, Mass.

WALKER, STANLEY; Miss Nina Swoopes, Decatur, Ala.

WOOD, CLAUD S.; Mrs. Sarah L. Wood, Brookville, Ohio.

WEGNER, W. E.; Theodore Wegner, Chicago, Ill.

YENDRICK, STEVE; Jacob Yendrick, Plymouth, Penn.

YALAK, JOHN; Miss Aniela Yalak, Philadelphia, Penn.

DIED OF DISEASE—60.

Lieutenant.

TURNER, HARRY M.; James E. Turner, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal.

YOST, CHARLES J.; Mrs. Charlotte Yost, Altoona, Penn.

Mechanic.

WALLACE, JAMES S.; Mrs. Mary Wallace, Roopville, Ga.

Musician.

LUCAS, EDWARD; Ernest Lucas, Hamilton, Texas.

Privates.

HURDEN, EDWARD A.; Mrs. Mary A. Hurden, Hutchinson Place, Hillside, N. J.

KLOPOTOWITZ, IGNATZ; Vincent Regervich, 298 Whiting St., New Britain, Conn.

STARAITIS, CHARLES G.; Mrs. Katherine Staraitis, 57 Edison Av., Waterbury, Conn.

ARMESWORTHY, JAMES B.; Mrs. Ida Josephine Armesworthy, Pittsburgh, Penn.

BURMEISTER, AUGUST W.; Mrs. Edna Burmeister, Jeffers, Minn.

BOOKER, O. S.; Mrs. Della C. Booker, North Salem, Ind.

BAYER, CHARLES; Joseph Bayer, Detroit, Mich.

COLE, ELDER M.; Arthur Lee Ledford, Grubbs, Ark.

DIETZ, WARREN B.; William Dietz, York, Penn.

DIXON, RAYMOND JOHN; J. H. Dixon, Kewanee, Ill.

FIELD, SAMUEL H.; Limuel A. Field, Barksdale, Texas.

FROST, ABE O.; John L. Frost, Clarksville, Ark.

FRYE, GEORGE N.; Mrs. Lillian B. Dean, Medford, Mass.

GOOD, JACK; Henry Good, Doniphan, Mo.

GIBSON, ROY W.; Mrs. James L. Bigdon, Elkview, Penn.

HALL, LON; O. Hall, Oldtown, Ky.

HALVERSON, A. M.; Jacob Halverson, Clarkfield, Minn.

HUNTSINGER, W. E.; W. Huntsinger, Indianapolis, Ind.

HANDY, J. A.; Mrs. J. Hardy, Pawtucket, R. I.

HUGHES, JOHN; William H. Hughes, Commerce, Ga.

HARTSELL, MONT.; G. F. Hartsell, Forresburg, Texas.

IRVIN, EDMUND M.; David Irvin, Baltimore, Md.

JUNKERMAN, ALBERT F.; Mrs. Anna B. Junkerman, Black Water, Mo.

JOHNSON, JAMES T.; Mrs. Addie Brooks, Bowden, Ga.

JOHNSON, R. D.; Harvey B. Evans, Roneys Point, W. Va.

KOLB, L.; Sarah J. Kolb, Philadelphia, Penn.

KUKLA, W.; Joseph Kukla, Waw Kawlin, Mich.

KITCHENS, R. L.; Frank P. Kitchens, Helena, Ark.

KIECZ, ANDRZCI; Mrs. Anna Kiecz, Hamtramck, Mich.

LUNDBERG, C. T.; Emanuel Lundberg, Strandburg, S. D.

MacCOMBER, CLAUDE R.; Mrs. Laura MacComber, Dover, Me.

McDONALD, MONROE; William McDonald, Heber, Utah.

McCONNELL, JAMES HARVEY; Mrs. Cora McConnell, Cincinnati, Ohio.

McDONALD, ANGUS; Mrs. Wava McDonald, Manila, Mich.

MOORE, BOB M.; John S. Moore, Blythe, Ga.

MONTGOMERY, THOMAS CHAPMAN; James A. Montgomery, New Comerston, Ohio.

MINGO, JABUS; Tom Mingo, Columbia, Mich.

MULLIN, E. F.; Mrs. Mary Sears, South Boston, Mass.

MILLS, EARL; W. J. Mills, Piney, Kan.

MONROE, ARTHUR S.; Mrs. Mary Sims, Wagstaff, Kan.

MORRIS, O. W.; Samantha Morris, Mount Herman, La.

MIDDLETON, I. F.; S. H. Middleton, Mount Olive, Va.

MUSSE, ZACK; Lizzie Musse, Naffe, Ala.

NEWTON, LESLIE D.; Charles L. Newton, Pueblo, Col.

NUNN, ARTHUR; William Nunn, Crowson, Mich.

O'BRIEN, NICHOLAS E.; Mrs. Margaret O'Brien, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

PAUL, ALBERT J.; Mrs. Pauline Paul, Evansville, Ind.

PAYNE, LE ROY C.; Jude T. Payne, Pawtucket, R. I.

POTULSKI, JOHN J.; Joseph Potulski, Detroit, Mich.

RICKERT, A. F.; Mrs. R. Rickert, Mount Clemens, Mich.

REAVIS, EMORY E.; Charles T. Reavis, Marian, Ala.

ROBERSON, A.; Mrs. Rosa Roberson, Williamston, N. C.

TROMBLEY, EMIL; Mrs. Julia A. Brown, Fair Haven, Vt.

WALKER, GAY; Mrs. Rose Walker, Lamar, Col.

WARRICK, QUINTER; Mrs. M. Warrick, Sioux, N. C.

WEAVER, TURNER C.; J. V. Weaver, Bridgeport, Neb.

WIGGINS, H. M.; Mrs. Ida McDonald, Aberdeen, Wash.

WINES, JAMES W.; Robert W. Wines, Paris, Va.

PELLESCHI, GINI; P. Pellaschi, Norristown, Penn.

PHELPS, ARTHUR; W. R. Phelps, Henderson, Iowa.

POTTER, EDWARD F.; G. W. Potter, Lauraville, Md.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED—16.

Sergeant.

SPENCE, Pete; Mrs. Wendell Spence, Dallas, Texas.

Corporal.

YOKONO, Joseph L.; James Yokono, 396 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Bugler.

SCHWIEGER, William L.; John Schwieger, Philadelphia.

Privates.

DIJOY, Jerry; Miss Fannie DiJoy, 585 Grand Av., New Haven, Conn.

TORVIN, Emil; Selma Nisla, 379 12th St., Jersey City.

WALZEL, John; John Walzl, 236 E. 9th St., Brooklyn.

BEERY, Aulie; Mrs. Pagina, San Francisco, Cal.

KALENIUS, Verner; Charles Kalenius, Hoquiam, Wash.

McHUGH, Conrad, Conrad McHugh, Summit Hill, Penn.

MACEDO, Joseph; Frank Macedo, Hanford, Cal.

PAELAN, Simon; Bagdasean Ajmin, Chelsea, Mass.

RANDHIR, Harbans; Joseph Hojuswal, Philadelphia.

RAYNI, Torello; John Rayni, South Bethlehem, Penn.

VIAR, William; Mrs. Pattie L. Viar, Hagerstown, Md.

WILLIAMS, Edward; Mrs. Annie Burgester, Philadelphia.

KIEFER, Albert J.; Albert Kephart, Cressona, Schuylkill County, Pa.

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED)—204.

Lieutenants.

CORLEY, James A.; J. T. Corley, Marietta, Ga.

SHINN, Leon P.; Mrs. Leon P. Shinn, Newark, Ohio.

SAWHILL, Donald V.; Miss Luella M. Sawhill, Avalon, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HARING, ELLIS E.; Mrs. Gladys E. Haring, Monument Beach, Mass.

PARSONS, A. L.; Dr. Travis I. C. Parsons, Ripley, W.Va.

Sergeants.

KRITZER, F. G.; Mrs. Catherine Kritzer, Chadwicks, N.Y.

DAVIS, O. K.; Mrs. James Davis, 101 Oak St., Yonkers.

RADIN, JOE; William Radin, 309 E. 2d St., Brooklyn.

SMITH, RAYMOND E.; Walter Smith, Sundy, Lewis.

YANKOSKY, St. J.; Mrs. Susie Yankosky, Roeuing, N. J.

BANKSTON, WALTER; Mrs. M. Hankston, Decatur, Ala.

BARTON, FRANK B.; Elmer E. Barton, Warrensburg, Ill.

BECKER, H. H.; Mrs. M. Becker, Schuylkill Haven, Penn.

BERRY, RALPH R.; Mrs. Nenie Berry, Knoxville, Penn.

BRADLEEN, C. H.; Mrs. Mary Bradleen, Austin, Ore.

BINDER, A. J.; Mrs. Virginia C. Keith, Castlewood, Va.

RITCHIE, C. F.; Mrs. Ivey Ritchie, New London, N. C.

SALYERS, H.; Gardner Saiyers, West Van Lear, Ky.

CHESAK, WALTER; Mickie Chesak, Bryan, Texas.

COLLIER, DAN S.; Mrs. Betty Collier, Sonora, Ky.

COMPTON, A. J.; Mrs. Blake, Jamaica.

DARLING, D. N.; Jess W. Darling, North East, Penn.

DAVIS, G.; Mrs. Esther Davis, Moscow, Miss.

FRENCH, C.; Miss Ethel French, Pittsfield, Ill.

HALL, WALTER; Mrs. Emma Stuckols, Cumas, Ark.

HANSON, CHARLES; Mrs. Hanson, Grand Rapids, Mich.

HART, M.; Mrs. D. Anderson, Westside, Great Falls, Mon.

HAYS, WINNIFERD; Mrs. J. D. Culbertson, Colfax, Wis.

HEMPHYCK, F. F.; Mrs. V. Hempiyck, Cambridge, Mass.

INGLE, ROBERT; Mrs. J. W. A. Norton, St. Louis, Mo.

JACKSON, MARTIN A.; Marsh Hair, Dunn, N. C.

JONES, JOHN D.; Mrs. H. M. Stevens, Redmond, Wash.

LEMMONS, J. A.; Mrs. Belle Sparks, Marion, Kan.

DANIEL, N. R.; Capt. A. A. Birnbaum, New Orleans, La.

DELGIOMO, R.; Tony Delgiomo, East Boston, Mass.

DORROW, W. H.; August Dorrow, Manguon Post Office, Marquette County, Mich.

DOUGHERTY, S. J.; W. S. Dougherty, Nickelsville, Penn.

DUNFORD, C.; T. Dunford, Galax, Va.

EARL, F. M.; Mrs. H. A. Ricke, New Albany, Ind.

ELLIOTT, I. L.; Mrs. L. M. Elliott, E. Hutchinson, Kan.

FARLESS, W.; John M. Farless, Gainesville, Mo.

FAVOR, JOSEPH H.; R. H. Favor, Drain, Ala.

FREEMAN, E.; Mrs. Mina I. Freeman, Lamar, Kan.

GRAVELLE, A.; Mrs. O. D. Gravelle, Fitchburg, Mass.

HAMANN, G. C.; Mrs. Mary Hamann, Flint, Mich.

HART, E. G.; Mrs. R. L. Gilbert, Strathmore, Cal.

HERGEM, JOHN M.; Mrs. Bill Heggem, Longmont, Col.

HERRIN, R.; Harmet G. Herrin, Fort Atkinson, Wis.

HOWELL, A. R.; Mrs. L. H. Howell, Lebanon, Ore.

JACKSON, JOHN V.; Mrs. Susan Jackson, St. Joseph, Mo.

JANKE, L.; Fred Janke, Freeman, S. D.

JOHNSON, A. L.; Mrs. Mattie Johnson, Luther, Okla.

JONES, ROSS; James Jones, Kansas City, Mo.

KLEIN, H. A.; Joseph Klein, Hortonville, Wis.

LINDE, CHARLES W.; Mrs. Martha Linde, Hinsdale, Ill.

McCARGER, HARRY G.; W. H. McCarger, Mills, N. M.

McGREARY, JAMES; P. J. McGreary, Boyse City, Texas.

McFARLAND, E. S.; William McFarland, Green Fork, Ind.

McQUENEY, M. L.; Wm. McQueney, Rohrerstown, Penn.

MANTILLA, W. R.; Mrs. Ida Mantilla, Worcester, Mass.

MEREDITH, B. C.; James E. Meredith, Huntington, W. Va.

MONGOLD, BYRON M.; Mrs. Mary E. Mongold, Kline, Pendleton County, W. Va.

MYERS, G. L.; Manassah H. Myers, Bear Lake, Mich.

PITTMAN, J. M.; Mrs. Mary K. Pittman, Cleveland, Ohio.

ROLAN, ROBERT A.; Edward T. Mise, Atlanta, Ga.

DOOLIN, CORNELIUS; John P. Doolin, Lemont, Ill.

DRANKIEWICZ, ADAM A.; Mrs. Josephine Drankiewicz Zwolinski, Chicago, Ill.

DRIGGERS, WADE H.; Josh A. Driggers, Lakeland, Fla.

DRIMKOSKY, JOSEPH; Charles Drimkosky, Minneapolis.

EDEN, F. S.; Charles L. Eden, Fayetteville, Ark.

EGIDIO, JOHN; Miss Hazel McCormick, Milan, Mich.

FALLS, R.; Mrs. E. Shirey, Palo Alto, Penn.

FIERSTEIN, G.; Mary Wimhoffer, Shamokin, Penn.

FILLERS, Alfred F.; William Fillers, Greenville, Tenn.

FLEMING, Charles; Mrs. Sarah Fleming, Austin, Minn.

FOLTZ, Tracy L.; Albert S. Foltz, Hamilin, Ark.

FURR, Richard E.; James A. Furr, Stanfield, N. C.

GIBSON, George; Mrs. E. L. Gozer, Keokuk, Iowa.

GONYEA, Alle; Edward Gonyea, Anoka, Minn.

GRABOWSKI, Joseph; C. Maciejewski, Milwaukee, Wis.

HELGESON, Alfred M.; Anton Helgeson, Woodville, Wis.

HARRISON, H. J.; Mrs. A. Harrison, Philadelphia.

HENCINSKI, K.; Mrs. J. Rucinski, Chicago, Ill.

HENSLEY, George L.; Ambers J. Hensley, Groseclose, Va.

HEWITT, G. W.; James Hewitt, Gould City, Mich.

HOUSELY, JAMES; Mrs. S. E. Housely, Soddy, Tenn.

HAYNES, JOSEPH; J. Sweeney, New Albany, Penn.

JADINSKI, HENRY; Mrs. F. Jadinski, Michigan City, Ind.

JENSEN, ANDREW M.; Will Jenson, Dike, Iowa.

JONES, ROBERT; Hayton Jones, Gas City, Ind.

JOHNSON, A. J.; John Johnson, Brookings, S. D.

JOHNSON, BARNEY; John B. Jarmson, Akra, N. D.

JOHNSON, RALPH; O. Johnson, Froyden, Norway.

JOHNSTON, A. S., Jr.; A. S. Johnston, Union, W. Va.

KAWICKI, J. J.; Kawicki, Dobiezmiewo, Wistka, Warsaw, Poland, Russia.

KELLEY, JESSE; Mrs. Mary Kelley, Pine Hill, Ala.

KING, LAWRENCE; Mrs. M. King, Houston, Texas.

KING, PAUL; John T. King, Lagrange, Ga.

KORNICK, M.; Mrs. A. Kornick, Corbin, Russia.

LAW, C. G.; Mrs. H. Warneck, Anthony, Kan.

LEAR, JAMES L.; Mrs. R. Cannell, Lowell, Mass.

LEE, HENRY; Cie L. Lee, Dawson, Minn.

LETT, CLARENCE; Harry Lett, Bennett, Iowa.

LOCKHART, JOHN T.; J. Lockhart, Clanton, Ala.

LYNCH, JOHN; Miss E. F. Lynch, Providence, R. I.

O'CONNOR, JAMES J.; Mrs. M. O'Connor, Denver, Col.

OLIVER, JOSEPH; W. Oliver, Youngstown, Ohio.

PEARL, WALTER H.; Laura Peake, Green Mountain, N.C.

LEWANDOWSKI, J.; Mrs. F. Lewandowski Chicago, Ill.

McALISTER, P. D.; Mrs. E. McAlister, Greensburg, Penn.

MAHOLAND, RAY E.; Miss B. Babb, Bloomsburg, Penn.

MASSEY, JOHN R.; Mrs. Eliza Hinnant, Selma, N. C.

MEDAROES, A.; F. Medaroes, New Bedford, Mass.

MILLER, A. C.; Ray A. Miller, Huntington, Ind.

MOORE, LOUIS; Mrs. Ella Moore, Point Pleasant, Mo.

MORRISON, H. C.; Mrs. Anna J. Morrison, Newton, N. H.

MURPHY, T.; Mrs. Anna Sullivan, Tecumseh, Neb.

RASMUSSEN, J. O.; C. W. Rasmussen, Three Buttes, Mon.

REARDON, W. J.; Mrs. A. Reardon, Medford, Mass.

SCHIRR, T. A.; Mrs. Frances Schirr, St. Louis, Mo.

SKACGSKI, S. S.; John Sackowecz, South Deerfield, Mass.

SPONHOUR, E. W.; Mrs. B. F. Sponhour, So. Canton, O.

STEINFORD, H.; Miss Mabel Steinford, Baraboo, Wis.

TALBOTT, DAY; Mrs. Elsie Talbott, Long Beach, Cal.

TATUM, R. W.; R. H. Tatum, Tatum, Orange County, Va.

BARNES, SPENCE; Mrs. A. M. Hudgins, Reform, Ala.

BEHN, FRED; Fred Behn, Chicago, Ill.

BIEN, H. L.; Mrs. Cathryn Liggett, Wabasha, Minn.

BLACK, ALEXANDER; Mrs. E. Black, Winburne, Penn.

KELLER, MARTIN A.; August Keller, Mukwonago, Wis.

KELLER, W. H.; Mrs. C. V. Keller, Altoona, Penn.

KREWSKI, A.; Mrs. K. Krewinski, Wausau, Russia.

LATUGGA, J.; P. Latugga, 293 Conover St., Brooklyn.

LINDSEY, SHERMAN A.; Frank Lindsey, Wheatland, Mo.

LONGSTRETH, JAMES; S. Longstreth, Oakdale, Penn.

LUNDY, ARTHUR; Mrs. Letha Lundy, Hartsele, Ala.

McCLINTOCK, W.; A. McClintock, Philadelphia, Penn.

McCOY, MELVIN; Mrs. Judiebelle McCoy, Bessemer, Ala.

McKINNEY, F. H.; Lanson McKinney, East Sparta, Ohio.

MANNERS, C. J.; R. Manners, Old Harford, Md.

MARMAN, JOE; Mrs. Antonia Garcion, Primuro, Col.

MARTAKOS, L. D.; Mrs. Zoe Christakos, Detroit, Mich.

MUSTEZ, LAWRENCE; Joe Chatz, Walls, La.

CLARKSON, G. J. J.; William Clarkson, Scottdale, Penn.

COHEN, JULIUS; Abraham Cohen, Chicago, Ill.

COMPERE, R. L.; Edward Cohen, Mill Valley, Cal.

CONTOS, A.; Sotitios Contos, Servia, Kozani Co., Greece.

COODY, M. D. L.; Mrs. L. E. Coody, Bronson, Texas.

COULOMBE, JOSEPH; Peter Coulombe, Suncook, N. H.

COVINGTON, W. J.; Miss W. N. Covington, Comchatta, Miss.

CRAIG, WALTER C.; Frank Craig, Orange, Texas.

DANIEL, F. C.; Mrs. Lucy Ezell, Keyesport, Ill.

DAVIS, DAVID B.; David Davis, Keenes, Ill.

DEAKLE, M. W.; C. W. Deakle, Streetman, Texas.

DEAN, C. H.; Fred A. Dean, Claremont, N. H.

DENNEY, AUDREY; Mrs. Audrey Denney, Lincoln, Ill.

DERANLEAU, L.; Mrs. E. E. Deranleau, Sterling, Col.

DREISBACH, I. M.; Mrs. A. Dreisbach, Mahanoy City, Penn.

DUGGIN, JOHN F.; Mrs. F. Duggin, Sevierville, Tenn.

ERICKSON, WALT; Peter Erickson, Winthrop, Minn.

HALE, WALTER; Charles D. Hale, Dye, Ga.

HAY, JAMES E.; Mrs. I. D. Hay, Dubois, Penn.

HICKS, WILLIAM; Mrs. Mattie Hicks, Rome, Ga.

HOFFMAN, W. F.; Mrs. B. Hoffman, Johnstown, Penn.

KUHN, WILLIAM J.; Mrs. Bertha Kuhn, Chicago, Ill.

MORTELL, JOHN P.; Mrs. John Mortell, Hilbert, Wis.

SCOTT, DALLIS O.; Mrs. S. E. Scott, Peytonsburg, Ky.

STURIS, PETER; Joseph Novack, Pittston, Penn.

TELLINGTON, F.; Mrs. Alice Tellington, Goldsboro, N. C.

TEMME, HENRY; William Temme, Petersburg, Neb.

TRULIA, CHARLES; Joe Trulia, Cleveland, Ohio.

WILKSMAN, ALEX; Eric Wilksman, Monesson, Penn.

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PAEPKE, A. H.; Mrs. S. H. Paepke, Milwaukee, Wis.

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PESCINO, PLACIDO; John Pescino, Lenoburg, Penn.

PETERS, OSCAR; W. O. Peters, McGehee, Ark.

PIPER, FRANCIS O.; J. W. Piper, Claytonia, Penn.

RASMUSSEN, S.; Mrs. Peter Rasmussen, Fremont, Wis.

RILEY, MICHAEL; Mrs. Anna Riley, New Castle Ireland.

ROMEO, ALEXANDER; Stanley Romeo, Detroit, Mich.

RYAN, LEO J.; John P. Ryan, Sycamore, Ill.

CAMBARTO, BENJAMIN; Charles Baron, Pottsville, Penn.

COWANS, BROWNLOW; Mrs. M. Cowans, Hartville, Tenn.

COXSON, JOHN H.; Mrs. Jay Coxson, Reynoldsville, Penn.

CULLISON, G. G.; Mrs. S. T. Cullison, Beals Island, Md.

DEEL, BAILEY; Noah Deel, Drill, Va.

DIXON, ARTHUR; George Dixon, Henrietta, Ky.

DRYDEN, GRILLE G.; B.O. Dryden, Princess Anne, Md.

DUNNIGAN, WILLIAM; Mrs. D. Dunnigan, Wilson, N. C.

ELDER, THOMAS J.; Mrs. R. Elder, Philadelphia, Penn.

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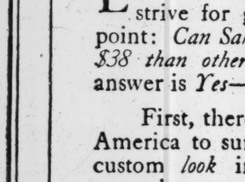

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SAYS "14 POINTS" ARE NOT ADEQUATE

Prof. Rose of England Thinks Some of Wilson's Pronouncements Out of Date.

WANTS REPRISALS WARNING

Holds That the Recent German Peace Overtures Were Intended to Deceive.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—J. Holland Rose, reader in Modern History at Cambridge University, writes to THE NEW YORK TIMES:

"No sane person would reject any opportunity for assuring a just and lasting peace, but there are reasons for doubting the recent German offer.

"First, an armistice is a well-known device for enabling a beaten enemy to escape from a dangerous position. When in a tight corner, send out a white flag with an offer of parley; so counsel all writers on war, and only a novice is taken in by the dodge.

"Now it is clear that the Germans want time and quiet to enable them to get out of their impasse in France and Belgium. To let them do so would be an elementary blunder worse than that committed by the British commanders at Lisbon and Cintra in 1808.

"Marshal Foch and his council may be trusted not to commit it, unless some very important advantages are thereby gained. Among these would perhaps be the saving of the now occupied district of France, Belgium, Venetia, and North Serbia, and it is probable that the Germans have devastated French towns and villages so as to enhance the value of any agreement that might be made not to devastate as they retire.

Some Conditions Inapplicable.

"It is to be hoped that the Allies will decline to let this consideration weigh with them, but will rather trust to the effect of a joint note, sternly threatening reprisals, if Germany persists in her bullying tactics.

"It is time now for the Allies to declare outlaws subject to trial and execution all Germans, from the Kaiser to a sergeant, who issue orders for massacre, deportation, or plunder.

The result of such a proclamation, scattered broadcast by aeroplanes, would be immense.

"Secondly, Germany's acceptance of President Wilson's fourteen points does not necessarily bind her to very much. The tide of events has swept on since January, 1918, when he drew them up. The Czechoslovaks and Slovenes would now spurn a program of mere autonomous development within Austria-Hungary, and the glorious deeds of the Czechs and Serbs entitle them to their national independence and unity which they now claim.

"Again, autonomy for the Jews, Arabs, Syrians, and Armenians inside the Turkish Empire is now an antiquated and discredited formula. General Allenby's exploits have rendered feasible a far more thorough settlement of the Near East, and American opinion, as expressed by Senator Lodge's Foreign Relations Committee, recently pointed to the expulsion of the Turks from Europe and the erection of Constantinople and its environs into a free State, protected by all civilized powers, a program far ahead of that outlined by President Wilson in January.

"Finally, his statements as to the German colonies, Italian frontiers, and the extent of the future Polish State, and still more as to the nature of its access to the sea, were necessarily brief and vague, and their acceptance by Germany would furnish capital opportunities for chicanery and quibbles, until she grasped once more the sword.

Favors Warning of Reprisals.

"She has appealed to a program which represented very fairly the state of affairs in last January, but now may justly be termed antiquated. Every friend of the North and South Slavs of Austria-Hungary, every well-wisher of the peoples so long down-trodden by the Turks, every friend of Italy and Poland, every one who hopes to see Constantinople a great and free world centre, must hope that the Allies will refuse to tie their hands by conditions which are inapplicable to the present and would be cramping for the future.

"On military ground, the acceptance of Germany's proposal would be a blunder. It would be a crime against myriads of oppressed peoples for whom slavery would merely be exchanging for uncertain irksome tutelage.

"The Allies are trustees for the future as well as the present. Let them speak forth, not with the bated breath of a half craven bargaining, but with the clear, manly tones of liberation, and they will arouse a mighty moral force before which the Austro-German-Turkish systems will collapse.

"Finally, let us make no peace until we can do so with the peoples of Germany and Austria-Hungary. A declaration to that effect would hasten events in those countries, and the peace concluded by all peoples concerned would possess some guarantees of permanence. At present, no agreement or treaty that emanates from Berlin or Vienna possesses such a guarantee."

Frothers's Opinion.

Commenting on the Gern. n peace move, George W. Prothere, editor of the Quarterly Review, said:

"The German reply, to my mind, is not really an acceptance of President Wilson's terms at all. In their first note they made a request for an immediate armistice. The President replied that he would not ask the Allies to consider an armistice while German armies were on French and Belgian soil. Now Germany answers she will accept the President's other terms, and asks for an armistice at once.

"But while the point of the matter is, when and under what condition an armistice will be granted, the Germans do not say that they insist on immediate cessation of fighting, but that is implied all the way through.

"Yet, according to historical precedents, an armistice ought not to be granted until peace preliminaries are signed, and we have a right to demand surrender before we grant it. As a matter of fact, if we were even to permit the Germans to withdraw their armies to safety now, we could not hope for satisfactory final terms, considering that they would still have their army and navy in being."

L

Brisbane's Paper Absorbs Another.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 15.—Announcement was made today of the consolidation of The Evening Wisconsin and Milwaukee Daily News. Beginning with tomorrow the merged publications will appear under the name The Evening Wisconsin and Daily News. The Evening Wisconsin was recently bought by Arthur Brisbane.

REFUSES TO LET REICHSTAG SIT

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

to the letter which Prince Maximilian wrote to Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe. The committee, according to the newspaper, recognized that the situation produced by the publication of the letter rendered Prince Maximilian's retention in office doubtful.

GERMANS SAW SURE PEACE.

Counted on Success of Berlin Note —Still Claimed Victory.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 15.—Germany took peace as a foregone conclusion in advance of the receipt of President Wilson's reply. The press comment from Berlin and Vienna up to date is unanimous on the following points:

That the Chancellor's speech was an unselfish peace offer on the part of Germany, in which she was willing to sacrifice her military advantage over the Allies for the general good of humanity.

That President Wilson's first note was an acknowledgement that the Allies were willing to discuss a basis for peace and that the German people may assume that the negotiations have already begun.

That it should be borne in mind by every German that the people are not making peace because they are defeated or because their militarism has failed, but because the whole world wants peace and that Germany's military advantage will be her contribution toward the universal wish.

Germans are determined to have it said in history that with the whole world against them their front was never broken and they were never beaten in a military sense. The new Government's note, as was to be expected, may be said to be a combination of words capable of various translations and various interpretations, and this is just what the Germans want.

The press rubs it in that Germany will never consider unconditional surrender.

George Bernhard in the Vossische Zeitung states for instance, that President Wilson wishes consideration of the question of Alsace-Lorraine, and that Germany will be willing to discuss the considering of this question, "but why does not Germany state her real intentions to France at once?" The German Army is not beaten. It stands after four years of unheard of successes as an indefatigable instrument of policy far on enemy territory. Pure military strength has been shown, but military leadership is also a means for policy, which unfortunately is too often forgotten in Germany. Therefore the situation must be considered calmly and coolly."

The Fatherland Party in Berlin held a meeting yesterday at which the speakers expressed astonishment and anger at the developments. The Chairman said that if Hindenburg gave his assent to the peace without annexations or indemnities promised by the new Government, the troops must come home, but otherwise all must unite in defense of the sacred soil of the Fatherland.

The Hanover Kurier said in advance of the dispatch of the second Berlin note:

"Wilson demands unconditional acceptance of his principles. This is something we could only give under compulsion, and we are not compelled to give it. We are unbeaten and have no occasion to act as if beaten. Acceptance of Wilson's conditions would be an acknowledgment of defeat. The enemy needs peace no less than we.

"A proud 'Never' in reply to Wilson will have the effect of a victory on the western front. Let us keep our nerves and preserve the empire."

Th Kreuz-Zeitung said:

"We cannot share the opinion that full acceptance of Wilson's conditions would still leave German negotiations sufficient elbow room. On the contrary, we think that our delegates would be under continual pressure. We do not feel free to set forth our views in full on this point and on the question of evacuation before an armistice. Perhaps Wilson will negotiate without an armistice."

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GERMANS NOW SEE AUSTRIA IN RUINS

Great Slavdom Stretching from Dantzig to the Adriatic Is Predicted.

A SLAV COUNCIL FORMED

National Body Composed of Representatives of Slovenes, Croats, and Serbs.

ACTION OF POLES A SHOCK

Economic Conference Between Central Powers at Salzburg Has Been Broken Up.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.—"There can no more be doubt about it: The outline of the new Austria begins to be everywhere visible among the ruins." So declares the Berliner Lokal-Anzeiger in dealing with "that thunderous voice of great Slavdom, which will stretch itself from Danzig to the Adriatic Sea.

Certainly there can be no doubt about it; the ramshackle empire is in the throes of a new birth, and what one or two German papers during the last few months have endeavored to point out to the German public, fed on official declarations that the Dual Monarchy was true to the German alliance, and that Austria-Hungary would weather the storm aroused by suppressed and oppressed nationalities, is now admitted to be a fact. Old Austria exists no longer. From all quarters come signs of a great approaching disruption, of the creation not of a new Austria actually, but of new Slav States free of the yoke of Vienna, Budapest, and Berlin.

What the Government and ruling powers will do, is not yet clear; but a scheme is said to have been worked out by Count Silva Tarouca, Minister of Agriculture, for the formation of a new Austria on the basis of the right of self-determination. How far any such scheme will meet conditions remains to be seen, but there are many indications that the various nationalities will take matters in their own hands.

At Agram a conference of Southern Slav representatives has been held and a National Council of Slovenes, Croats, and Serbs has been formed, the three kindred peoples of the future kingdom of Jugoslavia. This is a practical act which follows up the great speech by the Slovene leader, Dr. Koroschec, in which he rejected the offer of autonomy at the hands of the Hapsburgs, and declared: "Baron von Hussarek comes too late. Full freedom or death! There is no power on earth now which can separate the Slovenes from the Croats and Serbs; nor is there any force on earth which can divide the Slovenes from the Croats and Serbs on the other side of the frontier."

Independence Called a Reality.

The Czech Deputy, Zahradnik, has told the Austrian Parliament that he has spoken for the last time in that assembly. He added that the Czechs had come to an agreement with the Germans, but he said it was only in Prague. There will be no German alliance with the new Slav States. Another prominent Czech Deputy, Kloffac, declared in a speech at Prague the other day:

"Our independence is no more merely an ideal. It has become a reality."

"No one can now succeed in breaking down Czech unity," declared Stribrny on the same occasion.

The action of the Polish Regency Council has roused tremendous enthusiasm throughout Austria.

"God protect United Independent Poland!" cried Deputy German in the Austrian lower house, in which strong demands were put forward for the release of Pilsudski, the darling and hero of the Polish nation, who is imprisoned in the German fortress of Magdeburg.

All Slav races have wired their enthusiastic congratulations to the Warsaw Regency, which the Germans had been fondly thinking was their humble instrument, upon its drastic step in proclaiming the ideal of a Great Poland, behind which, it is whispered, Count Burian and Count Czernin stand.

Meanwhile the Salzburg economic conference between the representatives of the Central Empires has been broken up, and the trend of events has forced all the German parties in Austria to unite and put forward a demand for that unity and independence for themselves which the Slav races insist on.

It is only natural that the mighty stir of the oppressed nations should have alarmed Germany.

"With shameless cynicism, the Czechs, Slovenes, and Poles," says the Tägliche Rundschau, "have let their last mask fall with loud shouts of joy, over what they think is now the inevitable collapse of the Central Powers. These allies of the Entente have shown us their real aims. This means a definite breaking away from the State. It displays a definite will to destruction."

Blames Germany's Defeat on Czechs.

The same journal angrily asserts that, had it not been for the cynical Czecho-slovak treason, Germany would have been able to stand against her foes, but "Czechoslovak treason has robbed us of the booty of Paris and Calais."

The Polish Regency's action, says the Berliner Tageblatt, was a great surprise to the German Government. The Poles, says the Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung, now show themselves to be enemies of the first water.

These developments have had a noteworthy effect in Germany, with regard to the general situation. They undoubtedly have helped to increase peace desires, though the reactionaries rage and issue frantic appeals. One derives the impression from the German press that the wish for peace at almost any price is increasing greatly throughout the fatherland.

Vorwärts bids its readers be of good cheer, for it will not be long before this slaughter is ended. The Kreuz-Zeitung declares that the war as a world-war has been decided against Germany, while Germania sees the dawn of peace. Many papers which, till a few days ago, were mightily busy blackening the character of President Wilson, have now gone to the other extreme and appear inclined to blacken his boots.

"In his breast," declares Germania, "there must be a soul which believes in that ideal of peace, humanity, and justice which he preaches and which he will realize. Humanity, bleeding from a thousand wounds, reposes its hopes in the noble side of the character of the President of the United States."

So far, events have developed according to the anticipations contained in my recent messages, and all information tends to increase the conviction that Germany is determined on peace. It is certain that in the event of the failure of the peace move the morale of the army would sink tremendously, and that is a great point which the German Government has to consider.

WANTS OUR TROOPS IN THE BALKANS

Serbian Minister to France Says It Would Help Greatly to End the War.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Milenko Vesnitch, the Serbian Minister to France, one of the leaders of the Jugoslavs, fears a trap in the German efforts to get an armistice, which might prove disastrous to the hopes of the Slavic peoples.

"If we arrive at a cessation of fighting too quickly," he said today, "we will endanger the future of Poland, the Czechoslavs, and Jugoslavs.

"But, on the other hand, I have reason to believe that, having demanded self-determination for the oppressed nations, President Wilson and his people, as well as the Entente, will do their best to assure its realization.

"It is as important for the big nations as for the small ones that this be done to assure peace in the future. The first cause of this war was the difference between Austria and Serbia as to whether the Jugoslavs should be free. Until the successes of the Serbian armies in 1912, and our victory over Bulgaria in 1913, Austria thought that she could win. Her final realization that she could not marks the point of departure for the present war.

"Even now a successful end of the war would be hastened, I believe, by a mere threat to send American troops to the Balkans. There would be no embarrassment of meeting troops of a country with which America was not at war, because the Bulgarians are out of the contest. America is at war with Austria, and her troops against that country would now speedily cause its collapse, thereby contributing to a general military victory over the Central Powers and adding greatly to the prospect of freedom for the oppressed peoples now under Hapsburg domination."

Will Call Strike at Prague.

BASLE, Oct. 15.—The Czechoslav National Council has decided to call a general strike at Prague, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Frankfort Gazette. The step is taken in protest against the exportation of foodstuffs outside Bohemia.

23,456,021 Men Registered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—A total of 12,966,594 men between 18 and 20 and between 32 and 45 years registered Sept. 12 under the Selective Service act, exceeding the estimate by 187,736, or 1.47 per cent—a grand total of 23,456,021 registered since the country entered the war.

PARIS HAILS VICTORY ON WESTERN FRONT

Believes Capture of Laon and La Fere Ends German Dream of Fifty Years.

GREAT RETREAT EXPECTED

On the Antwerp-Namur-Metz-Briey Line Foe Will Make Last Stand, the French Believe.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—This morning's news of the fall of Laon and La Fère is the most glorious that has been published since the Germans made their first terrific onslaught on France in 1914. As long as the enemy could hold the Laon plateau and the massif of St. Gobain he was solidly intrenched in France and a constant menace to Paris. The Laon plateau was the foundation stone of the central pivot of his whole aggressive and definitive effort on the western front. Now that he has been compelled to give up this supremely and vitally important central bastion, France has begun to sing her magnificat.

For Germany the loss of the Laon plateau marks the end of her fondest dream of fifty years' duration. For France it is the end of a prolonged, agonizing nightmare. All thoughts and fears can now be cast aside. Now that the Laon positions are in safe hands again, the rest of the monstrous German line must follow suit. Let's throw our hats in the air! Armistice or no armistice, evacuation or no evacuation, it's all Wall Street to a 50-cent lunch! The last living German will be out of France within a month! That, at any rate, is the universal belief of Paris this morning, where optimists have been an entirely negligible quantity since 1914. But for the self-denying ordinance by which the French have agreed to defer all public celebration until the moment of final victory, every window in Paris would be flagged this morning.

Final Defeat on West Front.

The German abandonment of the Laon plateau marks Germany's final defeat on the western front. At the same time, there is no illusion that the war is over. Germans between Guise and Vouziers have still to be driven back another thirty miles before they are hurled over the frontier. But that is now a comparatively easy task. Three of their principal armies are all on the run along something like eighty miles of front. Every yard they are driven renders the position of the rest of their line right up to the coast more and more critical. Douai and Lille are rapidly becoming untenable under the relentless pressure of the Belgians, British, French, and Americans. There are high hopes here that another week will see the beginning of a colossal retreat on the whole German front back to the line running from Antwerp through Namur to Metz and the Briey coal and iron fields, which, strategically and for pressingly material reasons, will undoubtedly be the pivot of their front which the Germans will defend till the last extremity.

This mighty swing back, inevitable as it will be, however, according to expert opinion here, will occupy some time. Indications are that the retreat of the Crown Prince will not be allowed to stop on the line of the lower Serre. In this case, by retreating toward the northeast and abandoning his positions on the Oise below Guise, the enemy may be able for the time being to offer resistance on the eastward section of what is called the Hunding line, which has been organized between Rethel and the Marne. Even this, however, would probably be only a temporary expedient to enable the bulk of the German forces to fall back on the Hirson-Mezières line, which is the last possible enemy line of resistance in Northern France.

Rearguard Actions Likely.

To enable this line to be reached by the retreating armies, we may expect a whole series of delaying actions by powerful rearguards; that is, supposing Foch is so complaisant as to remain comparatively inactive on the right and left, which is in the last degree unlikely. In this regard, much will depend upon what progress the Belgians and British can make after the fall of Lille and Douai, and on what Liggett and the Americans can accomplish in their effort to force a way through the Trouée of Stenay, north of Verdun.

Substantial progress in this latter direction through the gateway between France and Germany would, of course, foreshadow the danger of the retreat of the Crown Prince's armies back to the German frontier being cut, and the possibility of the development of another and colossal Sedan, in which the Germans would be victims, a similar disaster to that which they inflicted on the French in precisely the same region, in 1870.

That the allied armies north of Verdun would be able to develop such a happy situation, although eminently possible, is by no means probable in the immediate future, in view of the enormous strength of the positions with which the Germans have protected the pivot of their line round Metz. It may be anticipated, therefore, that the final German line of resistance in France, except around Metz, will be on the Hirson-Mezières line. Here in the depths of forests which border the frontier on each side of the Meuse they will have the additional advantage of having immediately behind them the Antwerp-Namur-Metz line, which is foreshadowed as likely to constitute their last defensive line before they are finally driven out of both France and Belgium.

Peace Offensive Failing.

All this, of course, presupposes that the present German peace offensive leads to nothing. The belief that it will lead to nothing is becoming stronger here every day. The only prospect of the Germans succeeding in bringing about a cessation of hostilities before the allied armies establish themselves in German territory lies in the enemy's accepting the same terms as those meted out to Bulgaria, namely, unconditional surrender, including their armies, navy, and airplanes.

In her present temper France insists that, now the enemy has been forced to take flight, he must be prevented from ever returning. And France believes Foch is well able to enforce that demand.

GERMANY ASKS FRANCE NOT TO SHELL CITIES

Proposal Affects Valenciennes, for Whose People Safe Conduct Is Requested.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.—The German Government has proposed to France that, in common with her allies, France undertake to refrain from bombarding the large towns of Northern France and enter into an agreement with Germany to permit, at any rate, a portion of the population of Valenciennes to pass into the French lines, says an official statement from Berlin.

The Berlin Government, in making this proposal, represented itself as unable to prevent the eastward flight of the population of Valenciennes, owing to their fears that the Allies would bombard the town.

The proposal was made through the Swiss Government.

DANES NOW WANT SCHLESWIG RETURNED

"Bitterly Disappointed" Because President's Program Does Not Mention Annexed Province.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

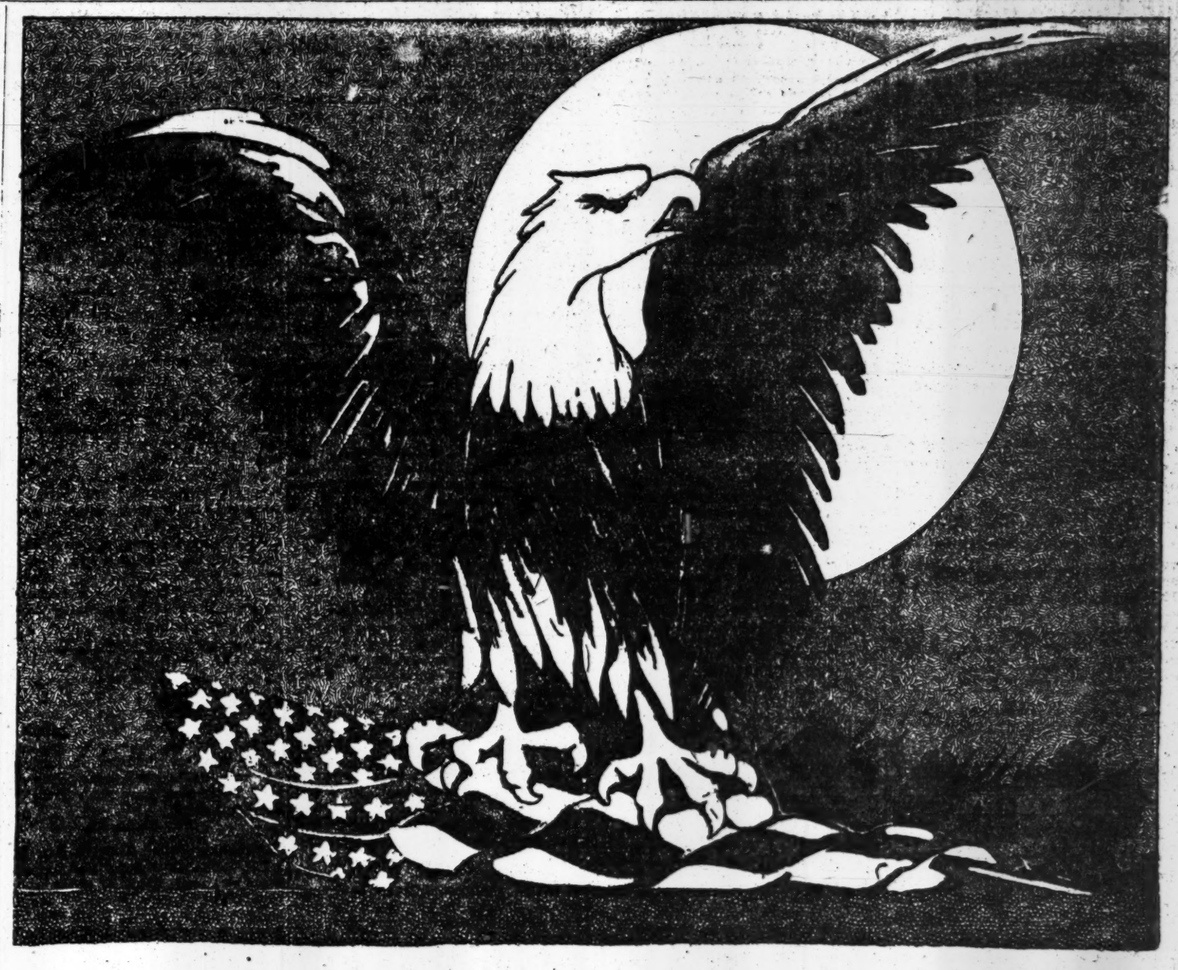
COPENHAGEN, Oct. 15.—The Goeteborg Handels of Sjoefartstidning, a Swedish paper of high reputation, in a long article today says there has been bitter disappointment to many Scandinavians in President Wilson's peace program at not finding one word about Danish Schleswig. German rule there rests on a breach of faith, on the tearing up of scraps of paper which Wilhelm I., "in the name of the Holy Trinity," swore to.

The paper cites the book of a French professor, Paul Verrier of the Sorbonne, Paris, which gives an imperishable picture of Schleswig's silent struggle and its heroes, and continues:

"We hope President Wilson and his allies will not forget to add as Item 15 reparation of the violation of justice committed by Prussia with regard to Danish Schleswig. As long as a part of a peace and liberty loving nation is trampled down by the conqueror, the world is not a good and safe place to live in, and the time of conquest and destruction is not over."

The National Tidende of Copenhagen prints an article by a Danish jurist of high standing, Supreme Court Barrister Asmussen, who speaks about the hopes connected with the peace conference.

"The peoples or parts of peoples suffering now under foreign rule must be liberated, and now is the right moment to put in a claim," he says. "There is a Danish people now suffering for fifty-four years under the conqueror's hard pressure, whom in vain the tyrant tried to bereave of their language and nationality. During the fearful time of war their only consolation has been the hope that the war perhaps would bring about a reunion with their country. Germany can, without losing power or honor, consent to a reunion of Schleswig to Denmark. We can hope this act of justice will be fulfilled when right and justice shall be the guiding rule of the world."



Money is needed! LEND

PIONEER FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Rainbow Division Liberty Loan Fighters

ATTENTION!

You have raised in the first two weeks of our campaign
$445,000,000.

Our quota, to make the loan a success in New York, is
$878,000,000.

We must double up to win out!

Every Committee in the Rainbow Division must double its record in the Third Loan—and to do that, every subscriber must double up.

IT'S UP TO US—TO WIN!

The Safe Deposit Companies of New York and the Safe Deposit Departments of the New York banks will accept for free storage $200 in Liberty Bonds.

This space contributed to winning the war by

Atlantic Safe Deposit Company
Equitable Safe Deposit Company
Lincoln Safe Deposit Company
Madison Safe Deposit Company
Manhattan Storage & Warehouse Company
Mercantile Safe Deposit Company
Metropolis Safe Deposit Company
National Park Bank
Pacific Bank
Safe Deposit Company of New York
Standard Safe Deposit Company
34th St. Safe Deposit Company
United States Safe Deposit Company
Yorkville Bank

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

OMITTED

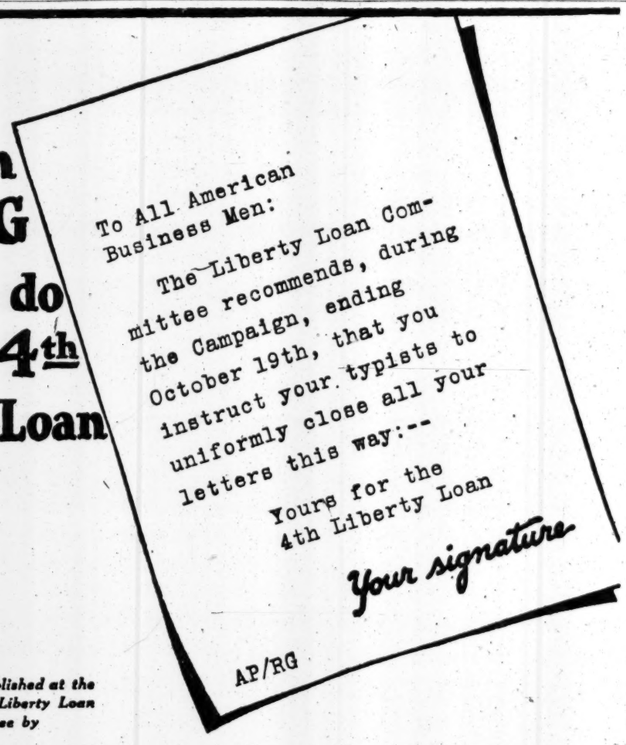
FREQUENTLY it is necessary to exclude advertisements from The New York Times owing to the demand for space. Today 39 columns, yesterday 42 columns were omitted. Last week:

	Columns Omitted
Tuesday, October 8	32
Wednesday, October 9	25
Thursday, October 10	71
Friday, October 11	48

This condition forces upon The Times careful discrimination in the assignment of space.

Therefore, preference is given to advertisements having news value, and to those for which copy, including matrices, cuts or drawings, for the daily edition, is delivered before 5 P. M. on the day previous to publication, and to those for the Sunday edition for which finally approved copy is delivered before Friday night.

This is such an easy BIG thing to do for The 4th Liberty Loan


To All American
Business Men:
The Liberty Loan Committee recommends, during the Campaign, ending October 19th, that you instruct your typists to uniformly close all your letters this way:--
Yours for the
4th Liberty Loan
Your signature
AP/RG

This appeal published at the request of the Liberty Loan Committee by

Edwin C. Barnes & Bros.
114 Liberty Street
Rector 3598
"Built by Edison—Installed by Barnes"
Ask for Edison's Better Letters Magazine
Newark Office: 207 Market Street (Tel. Market 8053)

THE GENUINE EDISON DICTATING MACHINE
The Ediphone
BUILT BY EDISON FOR BETTER LETTERS

OUR TROOPS IGNORE PEACE DISCUSSIONS

Talk About Diplomatic Proposals Decreases Steadily as One Nears the Front.

SOLDIERS OUT FOR VICTORY

Americans Feel That Their Job Is to Fight Until Enemy Is Thoroughly Beaten.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 10.—The nearer one gets to the front the less one hears of peace. In Paris yesterday I left fever-heat discussions pro and con about Germany's sincerity, the necessity of whipping the Germans completely, the abdication of the Kaiser, the proper conditions of an armistice, and everywhere guesses about when the war would end.

This concern over diplomacy grows less and less as one nears battle scenes. At Headquarters one again finds war the primary subject of consideration, with peace conversation secondary, and every man feels that his job is the attacking or capturing of every boche in sight. It is not the soldier's job to be a peace diplomat, and because it is not his job he is not worrying about it. However, one who knows the doughboys knows their innate faith in their country and their confidence in its leaders.

If one tried to tell the attitude among the fighting men toward peace he could do no better than to say that in their hearts what suits President Wilson suits them. This does not mean that the American in the front line does not think about what is going to come out of his efforts. Far from that, for above all fighting men the American fighting man is a thinking fighting man.

To him the issues of the war are very clear. Up in the second line among the doughboys the situation may be summed up by saying that an armistice means nothing in their life as yet. The job of licking the Germans until ordered to cease has been given them, and they are following instructions.

In conversations with doughboys, whether just from the fight or going into it, one gets the sentiment that they must fight the boche until he is beaten beyond question, and that now they have got him going, they must not let up. That is the American's state of mind, for he has learned the game as the boche plays it, and believes the German to be a roughneck amenable only to punishment. He is out to put the Stars and Stripes where it belongs. That is the result to be attained, and nothing can cloud the clearness of his idea that the allied cause, America's cause, must triumph. He has been sent to France to make that cause triumph by whipping the Germans. That is the job President Wilson gave him. His enthusiasm in that job may be taken as a measure of his readiness to perform any task his President may assign to him, be it to fight for one, two, three, or five years or to do police duty along the Rhine.

MACHINE GUNS' FIRE INTENSE.

Americans at Hill Faced 200 Concealed in a Wood.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—In the face of the most stubborn resistance conceivable, including literally hundreds of machine-gun nests, the Americans advanced again today and widened the breach in the Kriemhilue line. The Germans' desperate counterattacks failed.

The day's fighting began early, when the centre moved forward and encircled the difficult position at Hill 288, from which a machine-gun fire estimated as coming from at fewest 200 guns concealed in the adjacent woods poured into the Americans. The patrols pushed forward despite the enemy opposition into the Bantheville Woods.

Hill 288 was taken early, notwithstanding a withering machine-gun fire and a deluge of gas shells which compelled the Americans to fight for hours with their gas masks adjusted. They also encountered vast quantities of wire which had not been sufficiently cut by the artillery and faced an enfilading fire from both sides.

PERSHING DRIVES IN WEDGE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

by the terrific artillery fire. First our fire catches pounded French villages and when we pass them the returning German fire stirs up stones from the weary resting places of those who fell in many cases two, three, and four years ago. There are graveyards everywhere, German graveyards from which one might imagine the countless thousands whom Prussian militarism has sent to their graves are watching silently the loss of what they died to gain.

A tribute should be paid to the hardihood of the American boys fighting this battle, one of the bitterest of the war. Most of them never lived, much less spent days and nights outdoors, in such climate, for which there is no counterpart in America. Rain and rain, nothing but rain, day after day, penetrating cold all the time, and no shelter except holes in the ground and pup tents.

But in the rain and cold with fires taboo the American spirit is holding fast and the doughboys are figuring that they can stand it because the boche has to. To break up the Kriemhilde Stellung is the job given the Americans to do and they are going to do it.

Monday's Terrific Fighting.

Oct. 14.—There has been nothing like an armistice today on the front of the First American Army. Terrific fighting has been in progress since early this morning between the Argonne Forest and the Meuse, where the German command is exerting itself to the utmost to hold a twenty-five-kilometer sector against the hammer blows of Pershing's fighting men.

Fresh German reserves have put in their appearance. Despite the bitter resistance of the enemy troops, we made progress along the entire front of our attack.

The Aire was crossed east of Grand Pré. Landres and St. Georges were reached. Hill 288, west of Bantheville is ours, as well as the Bois Pulhere, and most of the Bois Foret Romange and Cunel are in our hands.

Just before dark aviators reported that the Germans were pulling back their artillery in front of our centre.

The advance is all the more significant, because captured German orders gave the command to hold the line before the Americans at all costs.

Forced Crossing of the Aire.

The crossing of the Aire was performed under great difficulties and with much bravery. Last night our engineers going up to the infantry line attempted to throw a bridge across the fifty-foot stream, but were halted by hand grenades thrown by Germans in trenches not more than 100 yards away.

This morning we put down a heavy artillery preparation on the foe positions east of Grand Pré and got two bridges across. All day our engineers worked, repairing these crossings as fast as the German shells damaged them. The Americans had much difficulty in getting over, and also on the river south of Bantheville, where the infantry was caught in a heavy machine-gun fire from the Bois Bantheville and Bois Rappes.

The fighting on our sector today was perhaps the bitterest on the whole front in the last three days. The reason of the German desire to hold back the American army is easily understood. Our sector between the Argonne and the Meuse is the key to the German line from west of Laon to east of the Meuse. This means one of the vital spots of the whole front from the sea to the Moselle, because if the Allies can get through here much further all German communication through Mezières will be imperiled.

The Mezières Railroad is the centre of the foe lines of supply from Laon to the Meuse. The main line from Namur branches here with important branches to Laon, Rethel, and Stenay, each of which feeds numerous smaller railroad lines.

Foe Fears Sweeping Reverse.

While Mezières is not directly north of the American army, our advance means that this centre must fall, which in turn means that the foe will lose his supply lines at least on a third of the whole salient from the sea to the Moselle. This, of course, would force a retirement all the way along the line. Therefore the Germans believe they must hold back the Americans to avert a military disaster.

The fighting today took our troops into a large part of the Kriemhilde line and put them up against heavy wire defenses. While cutting through they were heavily shelled with gas, especially in the region of Landres.

Meanwhile the Germans put over two counterattacks near the west bank of the Meuse, which was broken up mostly by our artillery fire. Concentration for another counterattack was reported in the Bois Hazois. We put down a heavy artillery burst and the Germans were seen to flee from that wood to the north, pulling their machine guns.

German infantry was seen today hauling back .77 field pieces. This is explained, perhaps, by the fact that the Germans are very short of horses, our gunners having killed a great many last week.

Machine Gun Nests Smashed.

There was bitter fighting leading into the Bois Bantheville, where the Germans had many machine guns. Our infantry was halted temporarily until the artillery could clear out these nests, and then made satisfactory progress.

Our artillery fire was heavy all day, the German fire being lighter than might have been expected. It is known that our shelling played havoc with the foe ammunition service.

The Germans are leaving behind a considerable number of infernal machines, a specialty being mines left in dugouts timed to explode in seventy-two hours.

a great admixture of military units, in some cases elements of seven or eight infantry regiments being captured on a division front. This indicates that the German commands are cut to pieces and are being patched up hurriedly to resist our blows. Between 700 and 800 prisoners were captured today.

ORDERED FOE TO HOLD AGAINST AMERICANS

Fate of Great Part of Western Front Hung on Verdun Lines, Von der Marwitz Said.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—How great is the importance attached by the Germans to holding back the Americans is shown in a recent order of General von der Marwitz, Commander in Chief of the Fifth Army, which has reached American intelligence officers.

"It is on the unconquerable resistance of the Verdun front," reads the order, "that depends the fate of a great part of the western front, perhaps even of our nation. The Fatherland must rest assured that every commander and every man realizes the greatness of his mission and that he will do his duty to the very end.

"If they do this, the enemy's attack will, as heretofore, break against our firm will to hold."

With the American Army already across the Kriemhilde-Stellung line, it might be expected that the Germans would fall back rapidly to their third line of defense from Stenay to Sedan, but because of the vital necessity of preventing the Allies from cutting the lines of communication before the greater part of the German forces are able to extricate themselves, it is assumed that they will increase rather than decrease their resistance.

It is believed, however, that the Germans will not be able to offer the same sort of resistance, but, on the other hand, will adopt a more open form of warfare, much as they did north of the River Marne, concentrating forces here and there in places best suitable for delaying a general advance into a slowly compressed area.

When the British forced their way through the second defenses near Cambrai, it is pointed out, the Germans rapidly fell back to their third defenses, but the strategical reasons for their continued resistance in the open at that part of the sector is not to be compared to those in front of the Americans.

Added evidence has been obtained that, instead of reducing his opposition, the German commander is continuing to bring up fresh divisions and to throw them after those already broken by the Americans.

General von der Marwitz explained to his command in his order that the Americans were about to attack on the Verdun front "to try to push toward Longuyon."

357 U. S. SOLDIERS LOST ON OTRANTO

Only One Officer Among Dead —164 of Crew and 6 French Fishermen Drowned.

ISLAY, Scotland, Oct. 15, (Associated Press.)—According to figures compiled here and carefully checked with army records, the total loss of life as a result of the disaster to the transport Otranto is 527. These figures represent one American officer, Second Lieutenant Bernie H. Coffmann of Robinson, Ill.; 356 American troops, 164 of the Otranto's officers and crew, and six members of the crew of a French fishing boat.

Up to last night 266 bodies had been recovered. Only two were found yesterday as the result of a change in the which now is blowing strongly offshore, off shore, and may sweep the bodies far out to sea. The two bodies found were of an American soldier and a chief petty officer of the Otranto.

The work of recovering the remaining bodies of victims of the disaster washed up on the shore of Islay Island is extremely difficult owing to the rugged coast and the tons of wreckage, which fills every crevice in the rocks.

WANT WAR LORDS TRIED.

Socialists Demand Arraignment of "Highest Personages."

ZURICH, Oct. 15.—At a meeting of the Bavarian Socialist Party in Munich on Sunday, a resolution was passed urging the Reichstag to appoint a State court to try all Germans, even the highest personages, who have been guilty of frustrating peace efforts.

Self-government for the German States also was demanded.

Pope Receives Alfonso de Navarre.

ROME, Oct. 14.—Alfonso de Navarre, who is in Rome as Special Commissioner of the American Catholic War Council, was received by Pope Benedict on Saturday. Mr. de Navarre later visited Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, to whom he presented the last letter of introduction signed by Cardinal Farley.

Only 3 days left to keep faith with Pershing's Armies.

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879

Wednesday Only

Women's Winter Suits

For the Many Smart Women Now Engaged in Business or War Service

Special 39.00

(Bought to Sell for 45.00 & 49.50)

Wool mixtures, velours and all wool suitings, splendidly lined and warmly interlined.

Plain tailleurs, depicting the new winter style trend.

Illustrated — **A very recent sport adaptation included in this fashionable group. Offered in all-wool mixture.**

You Never Pay More at Best's

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Athena Underwear for Women and Children

For daintiness, comfort and wear, Athena Underwear is matchless

WOMEN find that it is made to fit them exactly without being stretched into shape and with no unnecessary and annoying fold of fabric at any point.

All Athena garments are made full over the bust and narrow across the back.

Cut low in front. Straps cannot slip down.

Patent pocket-like seat stays closed and is always comfortable.

The shoulder straps stay in place, there is just the right fulness over the bust and at hips, and the perfect fit at waist prevents wrinkling under the corset.

The patented seat and non-strain gusset provide ease and comfort to be found in no other undergarment.

Prices

Vests and Tights. Reg. Sizes . . $1.00 to $3.00
Extra Sizes . . . . . $1.15 to $3.25
Union Suits . . Reg. Sizes . . . $1.75 to $6.00
Extra Sizes . . . . . $2.00 to $6.75

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments . . . . . 50c to $1.50
Union Suits . . . . . $1 to $2.75

Marshall Field & Co., Makers

Saks & Co., sole New York Distributors

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

©1918

A Cree Family

THE most prosperous and civilized tribe of Indians in western Canada are the Crees. They are famous trappers and live very much as white people do when they happen to be in the woods. The Cree language is euphonious and easy to learn, which no doubt has facilitated the intercourse of Crees and their white neighbors.

The Indian has many fine traits worthy of our imitation. He knows nothing of sport in our sense, and has a high respect for the animal life about him. He kills only for meat, or for the pelt. He is the natural conservationist of the wealth of the woods.

Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

BUY BONDS AND WIN THE WAR

The STRIDE
Prices
Black **$6.00**
Tan **$7.50**

Marching Shoes for Civilians

In an age of much riding, we have become a trifle forgetful of the real uses of feet. But Uncle Sam selects shoes for his men with the idea that they are to cover distances in them.

Here is a sure-enough military shoe, with a toe plenty wide, a full tread, and a sturdy heel. It will add horse-power to your foot-power, for it makes nothing of the day's work of a civilian. Try your feet in a pair. You won't take them off. Our men arriving home after winning the war will insist upon having shoes like these.

***Walk-Over* SHOES**

How often have you wished you could get boots as distinctive as military boots? Only a shoe without a toe-box seems to make the most of a lustrous shine.

This plain-toe shoe for civilians is made upon a recent last. It has a dignified ⅞ inch heel, a quiet, easy tread, and a soft, pliable toe.

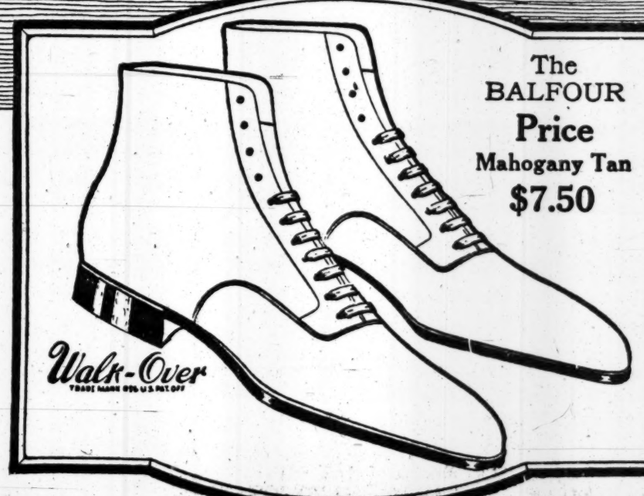
It's especially suited for men with slightly broad feet, but on any foot it looks neat. Come in and see how that soft, pliable toe *feels*.

Walk-Over shoes are known the world over.

Walk-Over Shoe Stores

New York City		Brooklyn	Bronx	Yonkers, N.Y.
179 Broadway	144 Bowery	1355 Broadway	557 Melrose Ave.	9 N. Broadway
1173-75 B'way	252 W. 125th St.	565-7 Fulton St.	Newark, N. J.	Paterson, N. J.
1439 Broadway	622 W. 181st St.	5406 5th Ave.	796 Broad St.	181 Market St.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.



The BALFOUR
Price
Mahogany Tan
$7.50

SPECIAL NOTICE

B. Altman & Co.

In compliance with Government regulations for standardizing prices, have re-priced their entire stocks of

High-grade Boots, Shoes, Pumps, Etc.

to the following:

Women's Boots . . .	to $12.00 per pair
Women's Shoes, Pumps & Slippers	to 11.00 per pair
Men's Boots	to 12.00 per pair
Men's Oxfords	to 11.00 per pair

This means that thousands of pairs of the finest-quality Boots, Shoes, etc., (heretofore marked at much higher prices) are now on sale at prices that offer a wonderful buying opportunity.

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Liberty Loan Mass Meeting

At COOPER UNION

Friday Evening, October 18th,

At 8 o'Clock

The Hon. Henry Morgenthau will preside, and the following celebrated speakers will talk in the interest of the Fourth Liberty Loan from the Socialist standpoint:

Ex-Senator Winfield R. Gaylord of Wisconsin
Frank Bohn
William English Walling
William Edlin
Henry L. Slobodin
J. G. Phelps Stokes
Solon Fieldman

Patriotic music will be furnished by Cantor Meyer Kanewsky, a Russian Quartette and a Military Band.

All Socialists and Liberals are invited to be present.

Come and Help Boost the Liberty Loan!

LOAN EFFORTS SLOW IN NATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

agreed to carry Mr. Fairbanks to New York tomorrow in a mail service machine. Mr. Fairbanks will leave Washington at 11 A. M., and arrive at Belmont Park soon after 1 P. M He had no idea, who would give him the subscription, but said he would return to Washington by train, with the pledge in his pocket

When Mr. Fairbanks arrived in Washington a few days ago, he brought with him a $20,000 subscription given to him at Laguna, N. M., by Abeitette, Governor of the Pueblo Tribe of Indians. The chief directed that the interest for the next five years be given to the Red Cross.

Secretary McAdoo obtained a subscription of $200,000 today from William Kent of California, a member of the Tariff Commission. In all Mr. McAdoo personally has obtained subscriptions for $2,000,000. Mrs. McAdoo, the President's daughter, will sell bonds tomorrow afternoon at the headquarters of the District of Columbia Woman's Committee.

After William Mather Lewis, speaking last night at Camp Mather, had urged 10,000 soldiers to subscribe, an enlisted man sent an envelope to the speaker. When it was opened it was found to contain three $50 bills and the following letter:

Dear Sir: I have $150. This money I was going to use as first expenses if I won my commission. My application for commission failed. So take this money and invest in bonds. I'll go as private to fight the Huns.

Corporal LEON SADOWSKY,
Camp Headquarters Company, Camp A. A. Humphreys.

P. S.—Send certificates to my wife, Mrs. Mary Sadowsky, 900 Harper Street, Detroit, Mich.

Loans in Liberty Bonds.

The announcement was made tonight by John Skelton Williams, the Controller of the Currency, of the extension from July 1, 1919, to Nov. 1, 1919, of the period during which any national bank may make loans on Liberty Bonds where there is a margin of 5 per cent. or more without regard to the previously existing restrictions, save only as the prudence of the directors may prescribe.

"The most intelligent estimates," said Mr. Williams, in discussing the announcement, "indicate that there are in this country today 45,000,000 people who are receiving wages, salaries, or other income, and who are able to invest a portion of their earnings in Liberty Bonds and who ought to do so. Furthermore, the national banks are today more able and better equipped than ever before to make advances on Liberty Bonds to those who desire to buy more bonds than they may be able to pay for with cash on hand.

"Our national banks generally have kept themselves strong and in liquid condition. Of their $18,945,000,000 of resources, according to their sworn reports of Aug. 31, 1918, the Liberty bonds of all three issues actually owned by national banks amounted to only $425,000,000, or less than 2.4 per cent. of their resources, while the total amount loaned on Liberty bonds of all three issues by all national banks, including bonds sold by them on partial payment plan and not fully paid for, amounted only to $581,000,000, or less than 3.2 percent. of total resources.

"The regulations issued under date of Oct. 9, 1918, under which national banks are permitted to make loans on the security of Liberty bonds, without restriction as to amount, (provided a margin of not less than 5 per cent. is maintained,) have today been amended by the Controller with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, so as to extend the period in which such loans may be made from July 1, 1919, to Nov. 1, 1919.

"Under these amended regulations, all holders of Liberty bonds are given practically as unlimited power to borrow from national banks on Liberty bonds as the national banks and other member banks have to borrow from the twelve Federal Reserve Banks on security eligible at the Reserve Banks.

"Before the Federal Reserve act went into effect no national bank was permitted, under any circumstances, to borrow more than an amount equal to its capital stock, and no national bank was permitted to make direct loans to any one individual for an amount in excess of 10 per cent. of its capital and surplus.

Liberal Policy Advocated.

"Under the Federal Reserve act a national bank may now borrow on eligible paper from its Reserve Bank whatever it may legitimately require, regardless of the former restriction; and under the act approved Sept. 24, 1918, and the regulations just promulgated, a national bank may lend on the security of Liberty bonds to one individual whatever amounts its management may deem prudent. The earnings reports of the national banks just compiled indicate that these banks have enjoyed a period of maximum prosperity; in fact, the gross earnings of national banks in all Reserve and Central Reserve cities show an actual increase of more than 25 per cent. over the amount shown for the corresponding period of 1917, while net earnings also indicate an increase of nearly 20 per cent. over the greatest earnings ever shown for that period.

"It is earnestly hoped that the policy which has been adopted by many of the larger and best-managed national banks in various cities of the country of lending money at 4½ per cent. to subscribers of Liberty bonds, will also be observed by the other banks in all sections of the country.

"In view of the marked prosperity of our national banks during the past year of universal trial and sacrifice, it is especially hoped and urged that these banks everywhere observe a liberal policy as to the rate of interest which they may charge to borrowers on Liberty bonds. Such a course on their part would be appreciated by the country and would contribute enormously to the success of the Fourth Liberty Loan."

BOND SALES SLUMP HERE TOTAL NOW $713,988,600

Subscriptions on Monday Were $30,549,550, Poorest Daily Showing of the Campaign.

Liberty Loan subscriptions filed in the New York District on Monday, and reported to the Federal Reserve Bank yesterday, amounted to $30,549,550. This is the smallest daily total of the campaign, and follows on the heels of the best day, Saturday, when bond applications totaled $121,163,900. Yesterday's returns raised the district's aggregate subscriptions to $713,988,600. Five days are yet to be accounted for, and in order that the district fulfill its quota of $1,800,000,000, additional subscriptions of $1,086,000,000 are required, or approximately an average of $217,000,000 a day.

In explaining the big slump in the figures, it was pointed out that returns for Monday are usually small compared with the previous Saturday. On Monday, Oct. 7, subscriptions amounted to $31,414,350, which heretofore was the lowest record of any day of the campaign.

The most encouraging development of the day was the announcement that big corporations had been asked to increase their subscriptions and that they were making patriotic responses to the suggestion. The United States Steel Corporation, which early in the campaign entered a subscription for $40,000,000, raised it yesterday to $50,000,000. The Prudential Insurance Company of America, whose Directors decided some time ago to invest all surplus funds in Liberty bonds, voted yesterday to increase its $30,000,000 subscription by another $10,000,000 making a total of $40,000,000.

Bankers who have been making an energetic canvass said that in the current campaign the big corporations subscriber what they regarded as their limit at the outset of the drive, while in previous loan flotations they had taken relatively small blocks at the beginning and later applied for additional bonds. Notwithstanding the policy generally followed in this campaign, the corporations, when advised of the absolute necessity of extending further support to the loan, have gone ahead and agreed to make larger subscriptions.

James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce, speaking for the Liberty Loan Committee, said yesterday that it was not sufficient for corporaations and individuals to subscribe for amounts which they could "conveniently" take, but that it was imperative for all to make actual sacrifices and assume obligations to the utmost limit of their credit resources in order to make the loan a success.

"By doing so," he said, "we are certainly doing much less than the men who are making the supreme sacrifice. This nation will be a much better nation after the war if the people at this critical time exercise self-denial and undergo personal hardship."

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank and Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee, sent the following telegram yesterday to the local Liberty Loan chairmen throughout the district:

The eyes of the world today are on the Fourth Liberty Loan. The President's vigorous answer to Germany demands from us a smashing response to his request for money to win the war. On behalf of the Government our message to every city, town, and village, and to every man and woman in this district, is, "Double your subscription to the last loan. Go to your bank and borrow." Our slogan is, "Double the Third."

The Steel Corporation's subscription of $50,000,000 is the largest single bond application on record, and is matched only by the same corporation's subscription to the First Liberty Loan. For the four loans the Steel Corporation has subscribed an aggregate of $178,000,000. Of the Third Loan, it took $35,000,000, and its subscription to the Second Loan was $43,000,000. Of the $50,000,00 subscribed for to the First Loan the corporation received an allotment of $11,755,000, and its total bond purchases have to date amounted to more than $140,000,000.

The Bond Issue Division of the Reserve Bank announced yesterday that it had delivered to banks in the district bonds to the amount of $105,000,000 for sale "over the counter" for cash. Of the bonds delivered $87,500,000 consisted of $1,000 denomination, $28,000,000 of $100 certificates, and $22,000,000 of $50 bonds, the others being $500, $5,000 and $10,000 bonds.

Recorded Subscriptions Here.

The following table gives the quotas, yesterday's recorded subscriptions, and totals to date for each of the sub-divisions of the New York district:

N. Y. C.	Treasury Quotas.	Subscriptions—Recorded Yesterday.	Subscriptions—Total for 14 Days.
Manhat.	$1,236,605,800	$12,903,150	$444,533,450
Brooklyn	79,233,800	3,872,750	42,879,900
Queens	9,434,700	392,250	4,856,600
Bronx	6,634,200	148,600	1,791,600
Richmond	2,173,900	20,700	879,350
N.Y.C.	$1,334,082,400	$17,346,450	$494,940,900
Sub-districts—			
Buffalo	$87,253,400	$687,150	$30,986,050
Rochester	42,214,800	556,750	21,070,200
Syracuse	58,143,600	1,179,950	23,295,700
Bingh'n	18,900,000	854,800	9,815,250
Albany	60,382,000	1,857,800	29,831,600
L.I., outside N.Y.C.	10,841,400	558,750	8,647,600
Nor. N. J.	143,850,000	6,134,200	76,005,850
Eighth	35,332,400	1,378,700	19,395,450
Total out. N.Y.C.	$465,917,600	$13,203,100	$219,047,700
District Total.	$1,800,000,000	$30,549,550	$713,988,600

Among the miscellaneous subscriptions reported yesterday were the following:

Chicago & N. W. Ry. Co.	$5,000,000
Brown Brothers & Co.	2,500,000
American Locomotive Co.	2,500,000
Globe and Rutgers Fire Ins. Co.	2,000,000
The Mexican Petroleum Co. and the Pan American Petroleum and Transport Co.	2,000,000
Western Un. Tel. Co. (additional)	2,000,000
Singer Mfg. Co.	1,500,000
Utah Copper Co. (additional)	1,460,000
American Car and Foundry Co.	1,000,000
Franklin Trust Co.	1,000,000
N. Y. Central R.R. Co. (additional)	1,000,000
Greenwich Sav. Bank (additional)	1,000,000
Cent. Sav. Bk. of N.Y. (additional)	1,000,000
Union Sulphur Co.	750,000
Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Co.	750,000
Studebaker Corp. of America	700,000
Bank for Savings, City of N. Y. (additional)	500,000
Nort. & W. Ry. Co. (additional)	500,000
Freeport (Texas) Sulphur Co.	500,000
Hallgarten & Co. (additional)	500,000
U. S. Steel Corp. (additional)	500,000
C. R. I. & P. Ry. Co. (additional)	500,000
Credito Italiano	500,000
American Railway Express Co.	400,000
Ohine Copper Co. (additional)	400,000
Dollar Savings Bank	350,000
Pereira & Co.	350,000
Metropolitan Museum of Art, (additional)	350,000
J. G. White Co., employes and associated companies	367,750
Norske Lloyd Insurance Co.	300,000
Royal Baking Powder Co.	265,000
Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.	260,000
Maitland, Coppell & Co., (additional)	250,000
National Oil Co.	250,000
American Brass Co., (additional)	250,000
Lee, Higginson & Co., (additional)	250,000
Speyer & Co., (additional)	210,000
Locomotive Superheater Co., (additional)	200,000
Royal Indemnity Company	200,000
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, (additional)	200,000
George W. Perkins	150,000
Mrs. Ada Small Moore, (additional)	150,000
William H. Moore, (additional)	150,000
James F. White & Co., Inc., and employes	139,500
Endicott, Johnson & Co., (additional)	125,000
Jonas & Naumburg, Inc.	100,000
Florida East Coast Car Ferry Co.	100,000
Bernhard, Scholle & Co., (add'l)	100,000
Spencer Trask & Co., (additional)	100,000
Western Transit Co.	100,000
Adolph Lewisohn & Sons, (add'l)	100,000
Czarnikow-Rionda Co., (add'l)	100,000
De Coppet & Doremus, (add'l)	100,000
Am. Sugar Refining Co., (add'l)	100,000
Firth Carpet Co., (additional)	100,000
N. J. Worsted Spinning Co., (add'l)	100,000
H. L. M. Jermaynyn	100,000
James C. Colgate, (additional)	100,000
Otto S. Loeb	100,000
Jas. H. Oliphant & Co. and clients	100,000
Columbia University	100,000
Hallam & Orth, (additional)	100,000
Meeker & Co.	100,000
Johnson & Higgins	100,000
C. H. Venner & Co.	100,000
Crowell Publishing Co.	100,000
Mrs. Mary Clark Thompson	100,000
J. G. White	100,000
Pitts. & W. Va. R. R. Co., (add'l)	75,000
Price, Waterhouse & Co.	75,000
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. Co.	75,000
B. V. D. Co., (additional)	75,000
Forsmann & Huffman	75,000
Continental Can Co.	75,000
Borden's Condensed Milk Co.	75,000
W. G. Pearce, (additional)	60,000
Major Stephen Carlton Clark	60,000
Astel & Co., (additional)	59,150
Hartshorne & Batelle	52,000
Jeremiah Milbank, (additional)	50,000
Partola Mfg. Co.	50,000
R. Bleecker Rathbone	50,000
Cone Export & Commission Co.	50,000
La Flanta Steamship Co., Inc.	50,000
Merchants Fire Insurance Corp., (additional)	50,000
Pacific Coast Co.	50,000
Benjamin Strong	50,000
Alexander Hamilton Institute	50,000
I. S. Wolf & Co.	50,000
Roger Kemp	50,000
E. C. Converse	50,000
Stanwich Corp.	50,000
Tucker, Anthony & Co. (additional)	50,000
Oriental Navigation Company	50,000
I. M. Taylor & Co.	50,000
Import & Export Ins. Co.	50,000
Evans, Stillman & Co., (additional)	41,000
Guiterman, Rosenfeld & Co. (and employes)	40,350
Knickerbocker Insurance Co.	40,000
J. & C. Fischer	38,000
U. S. Rubber Reclaiming Works	37,500
Charles Jacob	35,000
Union Sq. Savings Bk. (additional)	35,000
Hess & Hess	34,400
Mutual Life Ins. Co. (employes)	31,350
Robert Reis & Co., (additional)	30,000
Wellington Piano Case Co.	30,000
Mrs. Irma A. Bloomingdale	30,000
Gallaway, Fish & Co.	30,000
Jacob Bros. Co.	30,000
A. L. Jacob	30,000
James C. Halstrom Piano Case Co.	30,000
Helen Converse Thorpe	30,000
Unity Security Co., Inc.	30,000
Harriet N. Towne	30,000
Sadie B. Keene	30,000
Charles A. Keene	30,000
Murry Guggenheim	30,000
Gertrude Reed Chezelles	30,000
Eleanor Reed de Bertier	30,000
Charles Spiegeling and employes	30,000
Abraham & Co., (additional)	25,000
William C. Potter	25,000
Estate of William Ziegler	25,000
Charles R. Dalgleish	25,000
James Talcott, Inc.	25,000
E. H. Wells	25,000
Josephthal & Co., (additional)	25,000
Samuel Rosenthal & Bros., (additional)	25,000
E. & C. Randolph	25,000
Clermont Paper Co.	25,000
Henry Block	25,000
Scrugs & Co., (additional)	25,000
George B. Pillsbury	25,000
Federal Rubber Company	25,000
Warner Bros. & Co.	25,000
Lona Garth	21,000
Theodore A. Friedberger	20,000
Kelly & Fuller	18,600
Walter J. Hill	15,000
Ormie Wilson	15,000
John E. Rousmanier	10,000
L. A. Norton	10,000
George B. French	10,000
Moses Weinstock	10,000
Grande Maison de Blanc, (additional)	10,000
Wm. Wisner & Co., (additional)	10,000
Francis G. Landon	10,000
Edward Nash & Louis Watjen, Ltd.	10,000
Castikyan & Co.	10,000
Adelaide Ehrich	10,000
Isabelle Realty Co.	10,000
Henry C. Lawrence	10,000
Frederick H. Hatch & Co.	10,000
James A. Farrell, (additional)	10,000

The Ten Thousand Dollar Minimum Limit Club announced yesterday the admission of 190 new members.

Portugal Day Celebrated.

"Portugal Day" was celebrated at the Altar of Liberty yesterday. Alfredo de Mosquita, the Consul General, made an address in which he told of the fighting traditions of Portugal. Denman Fink painted a picture entitled "Portugal Gives Her Sons" in the outdoor studio on the steps of the Public Library.

Today's exercises at the Altar of Liberty will be given over to the observance of "Russian Day." Ambassador Bakhmeteff is expected to speak.

Tomorrow evening the Metropolitan Canvass Committee will hold a mass meeting in Carnegie Hall. The speakers will be William H. Taft and Charles M. Schwab. The east side will hold a rally in Cooper Union tomorrow night, the chief speaker being Abram I. Elkus. The Rev. Joseph Rosenblatt, the cantor, will sing.

With the view of speeding up the work of the National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, the Chairman, has sent out the following message to the various county Chairmen:

The President has called on the nation to oversubscribe the loan as an imperative measure toward certain and complete victory. The National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, appreciating all you have already done, calls upon you to take this message home to your community. Oversubscription of the quota in your district must be the personal responsibility of every Liberty Loan worker.

Railroad Men Buying Bonds.

A. H. Smith, the Regional Director of Railroads, announced yesterday that of the 515,771 employes of railroads in the Eastern Region, 324,200 had subscribed to the Fourth Loan, the total being $27,283,300. The following table gives the subscriptions for each of the roads having terminals or offices in New York City:

Railroad.	Number of Employes.	Subscriptions.	Subscription.
New York Central	92,791	46,548	$4,203,000
N. Y., N. H. & H.	45,453	11,787	798,550
Michigan Central	18,704	11,876	934,800
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	7,084	5,836	528,950
N. Y. Ont. & West	4,063	2,889	290,300
Lehigh Valley	25,922	18,350	1,423,800
Lehigh & Hudson	751	751	97,324
Erie	46,552	28,599	1,860,000
Del., Lack. & West.	22,165	22,035	2,023,350
Delaware & Hudson	15,367	3,800	392,050
C., C., C. & St. L.	27,046	18,901	1,478,000
Central Vermont	2,418	1,730	162,000
Penn. Lines West	78,218	64,053	5,504,950
B. & O. Lines West	20,150	9,729	785,700

Wadsworth Speaks for the Loan.

Senator Wadsworth addressed a large noonday crowd at the Sub-Treasury yesterday and was loudly applauded when he said that the future safety of the world required an unconditional surrender on the part of Germany.

"Let it be remembered," he said, "that Germany has not sued for peace. She has merely asked that we confer with her on terms of equality. I venture to assert that if we consent to any such proposition, we will write ourselves down as the greatest dupes of all time and the betrayers of justice.

"The President has answered for us, but that answer is not sufficient. We must answer by putting this loan over the top. That is all we civilians can do and it is not one one-hundredth part of what our soldiers in France are doing this afternoon."

Many Towns Fill Quotas.

Including reports received yesterday 332 cities, towns and villages in this district have fulfilled their respective quotas. This number represents about 10 per cent. of the communities of the district. Honor flags were awarded yesterday to seventy-six towns. The list follows:

Watertown, N. Y., Skillman, N. J., Riverside, Conn., Crestwood, N. Y., Whitestone, N. Y., Ridgefield Park, N. J., Idell, N. J., Port Chester, N. Y., Prospect, N. Y., Fairfield, N. Y., Leonardsville, N. Y., Millwood, N. Y., Bedford, N. Y., Hohokus, N. J., Pleasantville, N. Y., East Irvington, N. Y., Hauppauge, N. Y., Elmhurst, N. Y., Springfield Centre, N. Y., Cranbury Station, N J., Monmouth Junction, N. J., Leonia, N. J., Hawthorne, N. J., Harrington Park, N J., Ossining, N. Y., Scarborough, N. Y., Little York, N. J., Greenwich Church, N J., Farmingdale, N. J., High Bridge, N. J., Nanuet, N. Y., Millbrook, N. Y., Ionia, N. Y., Iron Jequoit, N. Y., Salisbury Mills, N. Y., Alpine, N. J., Glenfield, N. Y., Deferit, N. Y., Southport, Conn., Brutus, N. Y., Fulton Chain, N. Y., Medina, N. Y., Schoharie, N. Y., Aurelius, N. Y., Fleming, N. Y., La Fargeville, N. Y., Williamstown, N. Y., Lyons Falls, N. Y., Plukemin, N. J., Southold, N. Y., Montour Falls, N. Y., Westhampton Beach, N. Y., Prospect Plains, N. J., East Port Chester, Conn., Greenwood, N. Y., Schroon Lake, N. Y., Seneca Castle, N. Y., Morris, N. Y., East Hamilton, N. Y., Deal, N. J., Locharbor, N. J., Neptune Township, N J., Ridgefield, Conn., Webster, N. Y., Lakemont, N. Y., Corning, N. Y., Spring Lake, N. J., Redfield, N. Y., East Marion, N. Y., Johnson City, N. Y., Harrison, N. Y., Uniondale, N. Y., Annadale, N. J., Navesink, N. J., Highlands, N. J., Ridgeway, N. J.

At a rally on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange yesterday subscriptions for more than $4,000,000 were filed. This brought the total for the Produce Exchange Committee up to $11,073,250.

Among the large subscriptions announced were $1,000,000 by the Million-Dollar Additional Club, organized by 100 members of the Produce Exchange, who subscribed $10,000 each; $1,000,000 each by the New York Produce Exchange Bank and Edward F. Luckenbach, $250,000 by the Battery Park Bank, $200,000 by the Armour Grain Company, $100,000 by the American Cotton Oil Company, $100,000 by the Baker Castor Oil Company, $50,000 by G. T. Hay, and $47,750 by the employes of the Wheat Export Company. A flag made by Mrs. William W. Merrill, wife of a member of the Exchange, was put up at auction and bid in by Charles Kuh for $100,000 in Liberty bonds.

BUY A Safety Deposit BOX FOR YOUR BONDS $5 a year and up

OUR vault is of the latest construction, absolutely burglar, fire and water proof; guarded at all times. An early order placed for boxes, enables us to supply you with safety deposit facilities at a time when the demand for them largely exceeds the supply. We invite an inspection of our vault.

Sherman National Bank
Fifth Avenue at 32nd Street

The Best Investment. Buy Liberty Bonds

List of American merchant ships sunk by the enemy. Current History Magazine for October. 25 cents at news stands.—Advt.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

McGibbon & Co.

LACE CURTAINS and CURTAIN MATERIALS

in styles appropriate for every room embracing patterns of charming simplicity as well as the more luxurious productions of Hand Made Laces, in long and sash sizes

At most advantageous prices

FURNITURE—Overstuffed Sofas, Arm Chairs, and Chaise Longues—Drop Leaf, Gate Leg, and Console Tables—Writing Desks—Mirrors, plain and Polychrome.

RUGS—KLEARFLAX LINEN RUGS

in standard sizes and colors—most satisfactory rugs for every room, possessing such valuable features as being moth proof, reversible, non-sliding, and most moderately priced. Ready for immediate delivery.

3 West 37th St. Just off Fifth Ave.

Lend! Buy Bonds!

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Smart Motor and Street Coats

presenting a collection of new models developed in rich materials—in trig straight line styles or more dressy effects in such attractive tones as *Algerian red—deer—henna—tete de negre—Delphine blue—Balsam green* as well as dark conservative shades, with trimmings of seal—nutria—squirrel and other fashionable furs at $95—$125.

Gimbel Brothers

33rd St.-BROADWAY-35th St.

Announce The Presence of

E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE

In the GIMBEL Tea Room Today at 2:30 P. M.

Patriotic Rally

Auspices

Stage Women's War Relief

Admission by Card

Cards Obtainable — Third Floor Information Desk—Waiting Room

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—in the Service

Every man, woman and child among us must serve to-day, in some way. Our own service, as we see it, is to sell clothes that will serve men and young men to the very limit of clothes endurance, by delivering to them through the medium of quality, the supreme service which has been, and is now, one of the dominating characteristics of the famous

Kuppenheimer Clothes

Supplementing this ability to serve you to the limit, Kuppenheimer Clothes offer you the opportunity of securing, for your clothes money, the utmost in value, because of every other consideration which enters into the choice of clothes by men of judgment.

Kuppenheimer Suits and Topcoats, $28 to $80

Brill Suits and Overcoats, $20 to $35

Brill Brothers

THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK

44 East 14th St. Broadway at 49th Street 125th St. at 3d Ave. 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn
279 Broadway 1456 Broadway, at 42d St. 47 Cortlandt Street

Buy Bonds by the Hundred and Avoid the Hun-Dread.

To serve Uncle Sam is a chief duty of

POST TOASTIES

these days. They do it by saving wheat and sugar.

They're also the most delicious corn flakes imaginable.

"Turner for Concrete"

Cuticura Soap Best for Baby

Soap 25c., Ointment 25 & 50., Talcum 25c. Sample each mailed free by "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."

DURAZZO TAKEN BY ITALIAN FORCES

Austrian Governor of Albania Found by French Wounded in Hospital in Serbia.

MACKENSEN ARMY DEFEATED

Serbs Attack Three Fresh Divisions of Germans and Capture Prisoners and Guns.

ROME, Oct. 15.—Italian forces in Albania after storming the Austro-Hungarian positions on the heights in front of Durazzo, penetrated the city yesterday morning, taking prisoners and capturing war material, the Italian War Office announced today. The statement says:

Albania.—Durazzo is in our possession. After having forced on the afternoon of Oct. 13 the enemy's defenses on the heights of Paljamaj and Sasso Bianco, Italian troops, on the morning of Oct. 14, penetrated the city, capturing prisoners and material.

More to the east our columns, advancing from Elbasan along the Tirana, having overcome, on Oct. 13, lively resistance of hostile rear guards in Kraba Pass, again are continuing their march toward their objectives.

According to a dispatch from France the Austrian Military Governor of Albania has been taken by French troops in a hospital in Serbia, where he was being treated for wounds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The seizure in Nish of a large amount of war material and the capture of forty-four field guns by Serbian troops advancing northward from that important point on the main rail route from Germany to Constantinople, was reported to the Serbian Legation today in a communiqué from the Headquarters Staff of the Serbian army.

AMERICAN EDITORS FETED.

Spend Afternoon with British Royal Family at Sandringham.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Washington correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES was a member of the first and second groups representing American newspapers and magazines, visiting the British Isles and the western front as guests of the British Ministry of Information, who were received by the King and Queen at Sandringham on Sunday. The party, numbering over twenty, went from London to Sandringham on a special train. On their arrival at Sandringham they were received by the King, the Queen, Queen Alexandra, Princess Mary, and Princess Victoria. The King talked with the journalists collectively and individually. He showed keen interest in and great appreciation of the American effort in the war, and impressed his visitors as a firm friend of the United States.

Led by the King, and accompanied by the Queen, Queen Alexandra, Princess Mary, Princess Victoria, one of the royal maids of honor, and equerries of the King and Queen Alexandra, the party was taken over the Sandringham estate, visiting York Cottage, where the King and Queen are stopping for the week-end, the dairy, the stables, where the King had his horses and colts brought out for inspection, and the conservatories.

More than an hour was occupied in this means, during which the King and the other members of the royal family chatted freely with the Americans and called their attention to objects of particular interest.

The visitors spent nearly three hours at Sandringham, being with the King, the Queen, and the other members of the royal family the entire time. On leaving, the Queen gave each journalist photographs of Sandringham and of York Cottage. The party left Sandringham for London on a special train at 5 o'clock.

LESS COTTON IS CONSUMED.

September Figures Show a Slight Decrease from a Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Cotten consumed during September amounted to 490,779 running bales, and 96,512 bales of linters, the Census Bureau today announced. During September last year, 522,899 bales of lint and 89,171 bales of linters were consumed.

Cotton on hand Sept. 30 in consuming establishments was 1,185,649 bales of lint and 149,917 of linters, compared with 959,152 of lint and 100,736 of linters a year ago, and in public storage at compresses 2,970,717 bales of lint and 103,844 of linters, compared with 1,575,786 of lint and 100,398 of linters a year ago.

Cotton spindles active during September numbered 33,524,275, compared with 33,535,308 a year ago.

Imports of foreign cotton amounted to 2,113 bales, compared with 14,533 a year ago. Exports amounted to 336,375 bales, including 18,218 bales of linters, compared with 254,057 bales, including 40,699 bales of linters a year ago.

OPEN LAVENBURG HOME.

Memorial Building Now Used for Soldiers and Sailors.

The Hannah Lavenburg House, 219 East Seventeenth Street, is open for the accommodation of soldiers and sailors. It was originally established in memory of their mother by Mrs. Oscar Straus and Fred L. Lavenburg for the care and protection of immigrant girls on arrival in this country. This home has been transferred to the Hannah Lavenburg Annex, 11 Livingston Place, for the duration of the war.

Mr. Lavenburg has taken over the direction of the house and equipped it for the fighting men. It will accommodate from 75 to 100 men with bed, coffee, and rolls at 25 cents per man, and it is proposed to give the men additional facilities shortly.

The management is in the hands of Mrs. Oscar S. Straus, Mrs. Roger W. Straus, Miss Ada Loewy, and Fred Lavenburg. It is one of the few places of the east side catering in a benevolent way to the needs of the soldiers and sailors of New York.

FOR AMERICAN PRISONERS.

Christmas Gifts, Including Cigars, Assured for All German Camps.

The period for receiving Christmas packages for American prisoners in German camps ended yesterday, and last night the American Red Cross announced that every prisoner now in the hands of the Germans would be remembered Christmas morning. In addition to the packages personally addressed to prisoners, there are 1,500 special packages, which were supplied by the Red Cross chapters in Rochester, N. Y.; New Haven, and Hartford, Conn., each chapter, on special assignment from the headquarters of the Atlantic Division of the Red Cross, providing 500 packages.

In this way Ethan Allen, manager of the division, at the suggestion of the Red Cross in Washington, made sure that no American prisoner would lack a gift from the homeland next Christmas. In addition to the packages, the Red Cross will present each American prisoner with a box of cigars. The packages will be sent to the American Red Cross Commission in Berne, Switzerland, and there distributed.

Robins to Testify for Bolsheviki.

Raymond Robins, who has been subpoenaed as a witness for the seven Bolshevist agitators, on trial for violating the Espionage act, may take the stand today. The case will be called before Judge Clayton in the Federal District Court at 10:30 o'clock this morning. H. Weinberger will examine Mr. Robins for the Bolshevists.

FINE FURS
Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps

Clark & Weinberg

634 Fifth Ave.
Near 51st Str.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"

Climb up to the top! A Shaw-Walker isn't too proud to be a step-ladder. And there's nothing in a Shaw-Walker to work loose or give way. (From actual photograph.)

SHAW-WALKER

THE Sperry Gyroscope Company, makers of aeroplane stabilizers and compass stabilizers for our Naval vessels, are using Shaw-Walker Built-like-a-skyscraper Steel Files in large quantities.

Manufacturers of aeroplanes, munitions, ships, food supplies; and various departments of the government use more and more Shaw-Walker filing equipment.

That is why, until the war is over, Shaw-Walker must give preference in filling orders as follows: First—to the Government; second—to all concerns working on Government contracts or furnishing practically their entire output to the Government; third—to the regular commercial trade.

Therefore, whenever your orders for Shaw-Walker steel or wood files are not promptly filled, we know that in the interests of the one greatest cause today—the winning of the war—you will be willing to wait until you can be cared for.

Shaw-Walker serviceable filing supplies—indexes, guides and folders for all makes of files—are always available in a wide, standardized line.

SHAW-WALKER

60 Franklin St. New York

Chicago—Washington—Detroit—New Orleans
St. Louis—London

Unconditional Surrender!

President Wilson's written reply to Germany demands Unconditional Surrender.

Pershing's gun-fire replies to Germany's demand, Unconditional Surrender.

The over-subscribed Fourth Liberty Loan's reply to Germany will demand Unconditional Surrender.

The war is not yet over, but we have got them on the run. Are you going to lay down now, when our help is needed most?

Double Up—Buy Now!

Contributed to Victory Campaign by
SHERMAN SERVICE, INC.
Labor Maintenance—Industrial Council.

Two friends of good teeth—*your* dentist and *this* dentifrice

Your dentist will tell you that Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream goes far toward making you sure of good teeth.

But no dentifrice can do it all—the dentist should be visited twice a year so that he may discover cavities while they are small and easily fixed. Make this twice-a-year visit a rule—and the twice-a-day brushing with Colgate's another. Dentists approve Colgate's—they know it is thorough, thrifty, delicious—and, best of all, safe.

Evidence that Colgate's is preferred by dentists is contained in the affidavits and other documents in this Evidence Chest—deposited with the Title Guarantee & Trust Co. of New York. They may be examined by accredited committees on application to Colgate & Co.

"The Time is Critical and the Response Must be Complete."—WOODROW WILSON.

THIS WEEK

The Fourth Liberty Loan Button

IS THE

Real Badge of Your Americanism

IF YOU HAVE BOUGHT

THEN

Wear your Button where it can be seen and show that you are not afraid to put your dollars into the fight.

OTHERWISE

Your Friends and the General Public may conclude that your Patriotism consists of Talk and not Purchase.

JUST REMEMBER

There is no excuse whatever why you cannot afford to buy at least a $50.00 Bond on the Partial Payment Plan.

When our Boys return wearing the Red Badge of Courage be able to tell them that you possess the Fourth Button of Profit. Your sacrifice is little compared to the man who gives his blood.

We are eager to Serve you and thus Serve Our Country.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

128 Broadway

Phone: Cortland 150

TO BE SOLD
BY THE
ALIEN PROPERTY
CUSTODIAN

RIGHTS

when, as and if issued, to subscribe for new stock of

GREAT AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY

New York

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale at the office of the Great American Insurance Company, New York, 1 Liberty Street, New York City, New York, at 3:30 o'clock P. M., on Monday, October 21, 1918, all the rights, when, as, and if issued, to subscribe to the proposed issue of new stock by Great American Insurance Company, New York, a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, which are owned by the Alien Property Custodian.

A full description of and information concerning the said rights and the amounts thereof and the terms and conditions of sale may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian

The President's Pledge

"The Government will continue to send over 250,000 men with their supplies every month, and there will be no relaxation of any kind."

This space contributed to winning the war by the following members of the

EXPORT-IMPORT SHIPPING TRADE

Alexander & Baldwin
Antwerp Naval Stores Company
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines
Atpac Forwarding Corporation
Barber Steamship Lines, Inc.
Barber & Co.
Wm. Beard & Co.
Beck, Van Sicklen & Co.
Bliss, Dallett & Co.
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John Macgregor Grant, Inc.
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Luckenbach Steamship Company
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Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Co.
A. L. Gosselin Corporation
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National Life Preserver Co., Inc.
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New York Shipbuilding Corp.
North American Commercial Corp.
North & South Atlantic Steam Navigation Co., Inc.
Pacific Development Corporation
Pastau & Co.
Parsons & Whittemore, Inc.
H. H. Pike & Co.
Pacific Commercial Co.
Pan-American Terminal & Dock Corp.
Rocco Trading Co., Inc.
Edward M. Raphel & Co., Inc.
A. Rosenthal & Sons
Rhodes & Manvel
River Plate Commercial Co.
Stromberg Export & Import Co.
Shewan, Tomes & Co.
D. W. Sheyer & Co.
J. E. Sitterley
Salomon Brothers & Co.
Charles F. Smillie & Co.
Snyder & Bryan, Inc.
E. B. Thomas & Co.
U. S. Shipbuilding Corporation
Wews Commercial Company, Inc.
Wah Chang Trading Corporation
The Wells Shipping Co., Inc.
Wessel, Duval & Co.

Pvt. Treptow's Pledge

Private Treptow was a battalion runner the day last month that the Yanks crossed the Ourcq. He had almost reached his goal when a machine gun dropped him.

In a pocket of his blouse, they found his diary. On its first page he had written something that many a man has since copied. It was this:—

"America shall win the war;
Therefore I will work.
I will save
I will sacrifice
I will endure
I will fight cheerfully and do my utmost, as if the whole issue of the struggle depended on me alone"

Treptow had called this "My Pledge:", and thereto he had subscribed his name.

Private Treptow has given his life that "America shall win the war"

Sketch by C. LeRoy Baldridge Pvt. Inf.
Story From Stars and Stripes Official Publication of the A.E.F.

You who are not called upon to die—

Subscribe to

the Fourth Liberty Loan

STRAIGHT FROM THE TRENCHES

One of a series of advertisements specially originated and produced for the Liberty Loan Committee entirely by members of the American Expeditionary Force.

TO-NIGHT

The People's Liberty Chorus
L. CAMILIERI, Conductor.
Pelham Bay Naval Band
PERSHING'S MEN
THE ALTAR OF LIBERTY
MADISON SQUARE,
AT 7:45 P. M.
COME AND JOIN IN SINGING FAMILIAR PATRIOTIC SONGS.

Lend Right Buy Bonds Utmost

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

HOPE SOON TO RAISE SUNKEN TROOPSHIP

The America, Large American Transport, Rests in the Mud at Hoboken Pier.

BLAME CREW FOR SINKING

Believed Men on Watch Failed to Close Lower Ports—Begin Official Inquiry.

The America, one of the largest American transports engaged in carrying troops to France and England, sank at her pier in Hoboken early yesterday morning while she was loading to go abroad. There was no suspicion of enemy activity in connection with the accident. While the exact cause of the sinking of the transport was not given out at Hoboken by the naval authorities, it was said to be due to the negligence of the crew on watch in not seeing that the lower deck ports were closed.

The transport is resting comfortably on the mud with a very slight list to port, and is down by the stern in forty feet of water. Her lower promenade deck aft is nearly a foot above the surface. No lives were lost. It is not expected that the work of refloating the transport and putting her back into the service will occupy more than a few days, as neither the hull nor the machinery has been damaged.

According to men who had worked on board the transport Monday night there were several hundred tons of flour and sugar in the afterhold when the soldiers started to embark early yesterday morning. The men came up a gangway by the stern. About 6:30 one of the foremen stevedores noticed that the gangway had shifted and almost at the same time the men working in the lower hold rushed up the ladders shouting that the water was pouring into the ship.

At that time there were about 300 soldiers on board. The transport began to settle at once by the stern as the sailors and the greater portion of the crew were ordered to go on shore. By 7 o'clock the after end of the ship was on the mud. The water did not penetrate the engine room, which enabled the engineer on watch to start pumping out the hold after several naval divers had gone below to block the ports.

About 200 of the crew were sleeping on board, and numbers of the men who were in their berths down aft had to get out quickly into the cold water of the Hudson River. Several of the seamen and firemen escaped in their underclothing. As it was quite cold, the longshoremen wrapped the shivering men in tarred paper until blankets were obtained from a supply shed on the next pier. Twenty-three divers worked at intervals throughout the day, closing the ship as tightly as possible, so that the water could be pumped out.

Flag Lieut. Larson, on the staff of Rear Admiral Gleaves in command of the Hoboken piers and the transports, said that so far it had not been decided what actually caused the transport to sink so suddenly at her pier. No roster of the crew had been taken, but he did not believe any lives had been lost. All such information would be given out at the Navy Department in Washington, he added.

Machinists were at work in the engine room at the time of the accident, but they all got safely on shore. A Naval Board of Inquiry, composed of seven members, began an investigation yesterday forenoon into the circumstances surrounding the flooding of the transport at her pier and will be continued for some days.

ALLIES ALL CLAMOR FOR LIBERTY MOTORS

Their Building Programs Are Largely Based on Getting Supply of Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Unity of control and operation of the air forces of the allied armies was formally confirmed today by John D. Ryan, Second Assistant Secretary of War and Director of the Army Air Service, who has just returned from a visit to France and England in company with Secretary Baker. It is expected that the agreement with the Air Ministries of France and Great Britain will result in the same wonderful achievements throughout the future conduct of the war that were the outgrowth of that unity of command, which was obtained through placing Marshal Foch in supreme control of the allied land forces.

"In Paris and also in London," said Mr. Ryan, "I met at conference the heads of the Air Ministries of France and Great Britain and the whole question of joint program, both as to production and operation, was gone into. I came home pledged to them and they to me to carry out in the closest co-operation a combined program that has the approval of the commanding officers as well as the heads of the Air Ministries of the other countries.

"The combined air services will be directed as the armies are, and while the commanding general of each of the nations controls his own air forces, he places it at the disposal of the Commander in Chief just as he places the divisions of his army, and the result has already been seen in the great concentration of aircraft fighting at St. Mihiel and the Argonne such as has never been brought about in any previous action of the war."

American airmen and the Liberty motor both have received praise from Mr. Ryan. Of the Liberty motor he said that flight commanders preferred the light De Havilland plane equipped with a Liberty engine to any other type of machine.

"While I was abroad the ten-thousandth Liberty motor was turned out in Detroit. When you reckon that 10,000 of these engines will develop 4,000,000 horse power, you realize what it means to the air forces on our side to have them in such quantities, and that this total has been produced virtually since May 1, or in five months' worw.

DEDICATE FARLEY WAR CLUB

Building for Men in Service Given by Late Cardinal Soon to Open.

The Cardinal Farley Soldiers' and Sailors' Club, at 15 to 19 East Thirtieth Street, was dedicated yesterday by the Right Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Chaplain General of the Catholics in the army and navy. The late Cardinal gave the property to the New York Catholic War Council several months before his last illness.

Will Value War Bonds at Par.

Jesse S. Phillips, State Superintendent of Insurance, announced yesterday that in auditing the annual statements of insurance companies transacting business in New York State the policy of the department will be continued of valuing all Liberty bonds at par, provided they were bought at par. The same procedure will be followed, he stated, in making examination of insurance companies. Mr. Phillips said it was his intention to present the subject to the Committee on Valuation of Securities of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners at its meeting at the Hotel Astor on Oct. 30, asking the committee to adopt the policy of his department in valuing Liberty bonds.

APPLAUD WILSON'S REPLY.

Belgian Minister Tells Sphinx Diners It Is the Magna Charta of Civilization.

President Wilson's decision of "no peace with the Hohenzollerns" was hailed as the "Magna Charta of Civilization" by Emile de Cartier de Marchienne, Belgium Minister to the United States, speaking last night at the dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf-Astoria. Representatives of the other allied nations who united in high praise of the President's reply to Germany were Mr. Edouard de Billy, Acting French High Commissioner; Captain Giuseppe Bevione, a member of the Italian Parliament, and Sir John Foster Fraser, speaking for Great Britain.

"It was with a thrill that I read the President's message," said M. de Billy, "because when I read it I clearly understood that all the outrages of Germany committed in France, Belgium, and the other invaded countries would be punished and that the hour of retribution was near."

The Minister from Belgium, who was the first speaker, said that while in one sense the war, which nearly wiped Belgium off the earth, has, on the other hand, put his country "on the map"; that through the advertisement given Belgium by the war that country has found its best friends.

"There are many things for which we Belgians are grateful to the United States, and among these things one of the most important is the decision of our great statesman, President Wilson, as announced in the newspapers today. That statement by your President will be handed down from generation to generation and will rank among the historic documents of the world."

Special

in the Men's Shop Wednesday Only

Men's All Wool Suits

24.50

Sizes 32—44

At this price they represent a value that would be impossible if it were not for the facts:

1. The fabrics were bought long ago.
2. We tailored them ourselves.

If we had to buy them from a good maker and then sell them, our retail price would need to be fully $32.50.

Knit Coats—Sale Wednesday
Also $24.50

Soft, well tailored knit coats, which do not muss readily. An ideal coat for Fall. Will be sold underpriced for today only.

Men's Nettleton Shoes, $11.00 up.

Best & Co.

Men's Shop—Fifth Floor
Entrance, 1 West 35th Street

Army and Navy officers' uniforms Custom-made at $45.00 and up

FRESH FOREST FIRES START IN MINNESOTA

Flames Start Anew in Three Towns—Loss Estimated at $75,000,000.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 15.—Five trains, loaded with rescuers and firefighters, with full heads of steam in their engines, were standing on the outskirts of Duluth tonight, awaiting word of the progress made against forest fires which started afresh in this district late today.

Advices stated that McGrath, White Pine, and Salona, Minn., sixty miles southwest of here, were threatened with destruction, a change of wind having given the flames a new start on a twenty-five-mile stretch. In addition to the towns mentioned, Wahkon and Pillager, Minn., were said to be threatened by peat fires.

Adjt. Gen. Rhinow and Governor Burnquist left Duluth for Lawler and Aitkin with 100 Home Guardsmen to aid in fighting the flames.

Reports from the burned area tonight stated that the bodies of 725 fire victims had been recovered, with much of the devastated section still to be explored. Officials continued to estimate the umber of dead at about 1,000.

General relief measures, it was said, would be started under the direction of the State Public Safety Commission, the State Calamity Board and Relief Committee, the Governor, and the Adjutant General.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1[illegible].—Property damage by the fires amounts to $73,000,000 and the insurance will total $25,000,000, according to computations made today by insurance men here. Their estimate does not include the standing timber and the other destroyed property which was uninsured.

BALKS PEACE CONFERENCE.

German Church Movement Gets No Support Among Allies.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Persistent efforts, having their origin in Berlin, have been made to get the churches of the neutral and belligerent countries to call a conference, which, under another name, practically would be a peace conference. While the movement received much support in Sweden, Holland, and Switzerland, it has not met with favor in the Entente countries and America.

Dr. Charles S. MacFarland, General Secretary of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, inquired into the matter on his recent trip to Europe, and his report was made public here today by the Federal Council.

It is felt in France, Dr. MacFarland said, that it would be dishonorable to comply with the invitation for the meeting, which was sent out by the Archbishop of Upsala, Sweden, in association with ecclesiastical officials in Norway and Denmark. The French churches want peace, he said, but only an honorable peace.

Something New

The Gift-Set of Usefulness and Charm — a complete

Centemeri "Glove Wardrobe"

(Trade Mark Applied for)

from five to fifty dollars a set

Gloves have always been a favorite gift, but here is *something new* in gloves! Practically-planned *sets*, comprising *warm* gloves, *every-day* gloves and *dress* gloves for men, women and children. Could *useful* gifts be more *original* and *Christmas-y?* Sets as simple or inclusive as you please. Gloves of Centemeri Quality and Style.

Buy Gifts Now — The Government Requests It

Men's Service Gift-Set No. 10 at 20.00

Centemeri "Pouch" aviation glove—a double glove with double knitted wool lining and double leather, double lined pouch for the fingers; thumb lined with wool and chamois; used by aviators and motorists everywhere; tan and khaki cape, gray and khaki mocha - - - - - - - 12.00

Heavy Cape pull-on gloves, Hercules sewn, spear backs; long wrist with adjustable strap; in tan gray or khaki; also in gray mocha - - - - - - - 4.50

Tan Cape or gray mocha gloves, one clasp, pique sewn - - 3.50

Men's Gift-Set No. 2 at 5.00

Wool *warm* gloves with long wrist and strap; P X M seams, self-embroidered backs; tan and Oxford gray - - - - - - 2.50

Cape *street* gloves, full P X M sewn, spear backs; tan - - 2.50

Women's Gift-Set No. 14 at 9.75

French kid *dress* gloves, one clasp, pique sewn; self and contrasting heavy crochet embroidery; black, white and all shades of gray and brown - - - - - - - 3.00

Tan Cape *street* gloves, one clasp, P X M sewn; spear backs; lovely tan shade - - - - - - 2.75

Cape wool lined *warm* gloves, long wrist with strap; tan, gray, black or khaki - - - - 4.00

Women's Gift-Set No. 18 at 16.50

French kid mousquetaire *dress* gloves, 8-button length, pique or overseam; heavy crochet or contrasting embroidery; browns, grays and soft neutral colors - - 4.50

French kid *dress* gloves, two-clasp, overseam; fancy wrist trimming, harmonizing with embroidery; black, white and all colors - 3.50

Mocha *street* gloves, one-clasp, pique sewn; gray and covert - 3.50

Cape wool lined *warm* gloves, extra long wrist with strap; tan, gray, black or khaki - - 5.00

Sets may be broken or added to if desired.

Centemeri Gloves

400 FIFTH AVE.

(Also at 123 South 13th St., Philadelphia)

Buy Liberty Bonds

Important Notice

To all Telephone Users

Spanish influenza has incapacitated a large part of our operating force and at the same time has emphasized the necessity for telephone service to meet emergencies. The operators who are still able to work can handle only those calls required by war work, sickness, public welfare or other absolute necessity.

If we are to maintain telephone service at all, the number of calls must be reduced during this emergency. We do not want to resort to the necessity of refusing to accept calls, but will have to do so unless each one restricts his calls to those which are absolutely necessary. Each telephone user can help relieve the situation by materially reducing the number of his calls.

Please heed this appeal and do not make a single telephone call that is not absolutely indispensable. Your full co-operation is counted upon during this serious situation.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

GREAT WEEK OF NATION-WIDE SPORTS PLANNED

GREAT SPORTS WEEK IN WAR FUND DRIVE

Country-Wide Contests to be Held on Scale Which Will Shatter All Records.

FOOTBALL GAMES ON TAPIS

Traditional College Rivals to Meet on Gridiron for Benefit of Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., K. of C., &c.

An elaborate campaign of sporting activities for the United War Work Campaign was announced last night by William Roper of Princeton, who gave an outline of a country-wide plan to raise funds for the war charities, which include the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the National Catholic War Council, which includes the Knights of Columbus; the Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association, and the Salvation Army.

The week of Nov. 11 to 18 will be the greatest week of the drive, and sporting events of all kinds will be held to increase the fund. The athletic program as planned will mark the greatest demonstration of sporting activities ever held in this country. The committee includes most of the college men best known in sports, and also men identified with other branches of sports.

While major interest may centre largely on the football games which are to be arranged for next month, golf, boxing, soccer football, billiards, bowling, trap shooting, and track athletics will all be among the attractions. Mr. Roper returned yesterday from Washington, where he received the approval of the Government for the carrying out of the extensive athletic movement.

All the sporting events will be carried out on a vast scale, and it is expected that all the colleges will join in the football drive by playing games between traditional rivals with elevens selected from the Student Army Training Corps.

Boxing is expected to do a great share in bringing funds to the various charities and the committee has selected James Coffroth, the boxing promoter of San Francisco, to promote this end of the program. Coffroth plans to bring together all the best known boxers and will hold shows all over the country, including Madison Square Garden, Cleveland, Milwaukee, and all the cities throughout the South and West.

The best golfers in the country will also get into action during the drive and this sport will be in charge of Cornelius J. Sullivan of Garden City. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., will give medals for the successful golfers in the competitions.

In conducting the college sports, the committee, besides Mr. Roper, will include "Big Bill" Edwards of Princeton, Herbert L. Pratt of Amherst, William Langford, Arthur Cummnock and Williams F. Garcelon of Harvard; Parke H. Davis, Princeton; Brink Thorne and John Cates of Yale; John C. Bell, Pennsylvania; A. A. Stagg, Chicago; Dr. William Lambeth, Virginia; John W. Heisman, Georgia Tech.

Julian Curtiss of Yale will be Treasurer of the committee, Walter Camp will represent the navy, and Dr. J. E. Raycroft the army. Other representatives will be Walter Merrill Schiff, Jewish Welfare Board; Dr. George J. Fisher, Y. M. C. A.; William J. Mulligan, Knights of Columbus; Justice Bartow S. Weeks, A. A. U.; Ernest Stauffen, Jr., War Camp Community Service; George T. Brokaw, Salvation Army; Bruce Barton, United War Work Campaign, and John B. Foster, Secretary of the New York Baseball Club.

MASON TO COACH AT N. Y. U.

Football Season in Full Swing on University Heights.

Football at New York University got into full swing yesterday when Professor Frank H. Cann, director of athletics, announced the appointment of A. A. Mason as gridiron coach for the season. Mason has had considerable football experience. He was three years at Oberlin and afterward coached at Springfield Training College. For the past four years he has been coach at Stuyvesant High School.

There were seven company elevens practicing on Ohio Field yesterday afternoon and already several promising players of 'Varsity standard have come to the front. The new coach will continue to develop the elevens of the various military units, and intercompany games will be played this month.

Three intercollegiate games have already been scheduled. Stevens will be N. Y. U.'s opponent on Nov. 2 and Maryland State College will come to Ohio Field on Nov. 16. The annual game with Columbia will be played on Nov. 23.

MIDDIES SEEK NAVY TITLE.

Annapolis Hopes to Beat Best of Marine Elevens.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 15.—Spirits began to rise higher around the football field at the Naval Academy this afternoon with the return of a considerable proportion of the influenza patients and the announcement that a reasonably good schedule was assured.

Every one is looking forward with great interest to the games against the service teams and the opportunity that the midshipmen will have of demonstrating that it is the champion team of the navy. A new game was announced today, the Philadelphia Marines having agreed to play here on Nov. 2. Captain Ingram, who is ill at his home in Indiana, has not yet reported here, but is expected any day.

DEFEAT KEEPS FOSS BACK.

Player Loses Chance to Forge to Front in Billiard Tourney.

Through suffering a defeat in one of two games in which he participated last night in the elimination play of the N. A. A. B. P.'s novice straight rail billiard championship tournament at Gruhn's Broadway Academy, H. Foss lost a chance to place himself at the head of the standing with Philip Levy. Foss is now one of four players in a tie for second place. Foss won his first game last night from A. Wickers by a score of 100 to 86 in fifty innings. Foss averaged two and had a run of nine. Wickers's hugh run was nineteen.

Coleman Wins Despite Handicap.

Hal B. Coleman overcame a handicap of fifty points and defeated M. Isaacs in the Riverside Handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament under the auspices of the American Amateur Billiard Association at Fuller's Academy last night. The final score favored Coleman by 250 to 178. Isaacs was playing for 200 points. Coleman made a high run of 47, and averaged 8 2-31. Isaacs had a high run of 51, with an average of 5 28-30.

Langdon Wins and Loses.

J. R. Langdon contested in two games in the play-off of a triple tie in the elimination round of the N. A. A. B. P.'s novice straight rail championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy, in Brooklyn, last night, winning one and losing the other.

Great Bond Rally at City A. C.

More than $260,000 was realized for the Fourth Liberty Loan last night at the City Athletic Club in a rally held in conjunction with a program of boxing and wrestling matches. S. R. Guggenheim made the largest individual subscription, topping the list of bond buyers with a purchase of $100,000.

COLUMBIA 'VARSITY CHOSEN.

Coach Dawson Names Players for First Eleven.

Ineligibility and influenza dealt the Columbia football squad a double blow yesterday when they took away Archie Brin, the New York University centre of a year ago, and Frank Canapery, halfback on last year's squad, who returned to Morningside Heights on Monday. Brin, who became 21 before Sept. 12 and registered before the last general registration day, has been denied admittance to the S. A. T. C., while Canapery is confined to his room suffering from influenza and probably will not be able to play again for a week or ten days. Brin's loss is a serious one, for Coach Fred Dawson had planned to use him regularly at centre. Kinnenger, a substitute a year ago, will probably be called upon to fill the position permanently. He was at centre both yesterday and on Monday.

Dawson shook up his 'Varsity combination to make places for Forsythe, an end, and Daly, a halfback, who did especially well in the interbattalion game on Saturday and showed 'Varsity calibre. Forsythe was at left end and Daly went through yesterday's signal drill at left half. There was no scrimmage, so Dawson was unable to ascertain whether they strengthened the eleven in action, but they will get a full test this afternoon when the Varsity will line up against the scrub for one of the longest scrimmages of the season.

Dawson close his 'Varsity team after the drill, naming the men who lined up in the afternoon's workout. The team as Dawson selected it follows:

Forsythe, left end; Tomberg, left tackle; Mattiantello, left guard; Kinnenger, centre; Kraus, right guard; Robison, right tackle; Parks, right end; Shaw, quarterback; Daly, left halfback; Uris, right halfback; Zychlinski, fullback.

RUN OF 76 BY GREENLEAF.

Unusual Cue Skill Shown by Westerner in Defeating Concannon.

Ralph Greenleaf, the young billiardist of Monmouth, Ill., gave another remarkable display of pocket billiard skill last night in taking the fourth block of his match with Joseph Concannon, New York State champion, at Maurice Daly's Broadway Academy, by a score of 100 to 35. The Westerner gathered in a cluster of 76 points for the longest run at this style of game ever made at Daly's Academy. The accumulation of points surpasses the pocket billiard championship record of 63, made two years ago by Frank Taberski in a match at Youngstown, Ohio. As only performances made in championship matches are accepted as records, Greenleaf's run will have no official standing.

In the afternoon game Greenleaf's playing was far superior to Concannon's, and the Westerner took the block without extending himself by a score of 100 to 43 in eight innings. Greenleaf made a run of 21 and Concannon one of 28.

The total score of two days of play now favors Greenleaf by 400 to 225.

ENGINEERS FINISH SEASON.

F. W. Van Houten Wins Prize in Tournament at Englewood.

Golfers belonging to the Engineers' Club finished their competitive season with a tournament at Englewood yesterday. The field was grouped in foursomes in the morning, and the winning pair proved to be F. W. Van Houten and Paul McJunkin, with 195, 37—158.

Later the members took part in an eighteen-hole medal-play handicap in three classes. C. W. Baskerville won in the A division, returning 94, 14—80, and J. William Smith in Class B, with 106, 22—84.

C. F. Simmons, 119, 36—83 was the C winner. Van Houten also won the prize for the best thirty-six-hole net, his card reading 173, 24—151. The same player led in the Red Cross competition with 80, 12—77. N. M. Garland won the award for the best selected eighteen out of thirty-six holes. He had an 84. Frank Hoyt of Siwanoy was really the low man in this event with 71, but, as he was a member of the committee, he could not take a prize.

WOMEN PLAY FINAL TOURNEY

Mrs. Wetherill Has Low Score of 78 on Union County Links.

In the last one-day tournament of the season under the auspices of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association at the Union County Country Club yesterday, only two contestants finished with gross scores under 100.

They were Mrs. Samuel Wetherill of the home club and Miss Violet Miller of Baltusrol, both with cards of 99. As Mrs. Wetherill's handicap of 12 gave her a net total of 87, she took that prize, leaving Miss Miller the gross.

Other scores were as follows: Mrs. A. G. Keller, Westfield, 106, 7—99; Mrs. Kate Bowman, Plainfield, 107, 7—100; Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Plainfield, 105, 1—104; Mrs. M. J. Dumond, Plainfield, 114, 12—102, and Miss Julia Bredt, Essex County, 114, 9—105.

Trow Plays Good Billiards.

E. C. Trow, playing for Thum's Academy, defeated D. Waterman, representing Fuller's Academy, in the final round play of the A. A. B. A. Class D straight rail championship tournament at Cranfield's Academy last night by a score of 150 to 34. Trow showed surprising form for a player of this class by completing his string in thirty innings for an average of five. He had high runs of 35, 25, and 20. Waterman's highest run was 9, and he averaged 1 4-30.

WINS RACE AT LAST AFTER FOUR YEARS

Long Perseverance of Puts and Calls Is Rewarded at Empire City.

Good sport marked the second day of the race meet at Empire City track yesterday, and though only two favorites won every winner was well supported by the good crowd that enjoyed the sport from lawn and grand stand where the sun tempered the stiff breeze.

Cornelius Fellowes supplied the winner of the feature event, the Fordham Selling Stakes, at a mile, in Minto II., but there were other happenings of more general interest, perhaps the greatest being the victory of the Cleveland Stable's Puts and Calls in the fifth race, at a mile and a quarter.

Puts and Calls is a six-year-old gelding, and, though he has raced earnestly for four years, it has never been his luck to catch the judges' eye before. Old timers were unable to recall a case in which a horse had remained a maiden so long and then, after six years, came to the front to win with ease. Many times in maiden races Puts and Calls has been favorite, only to disappoint his admirers, but those who stuck faithfully to him were well rewarded yesterday, as he was the outsider in the field of four. The strangest part of the surprise was that Puts and Calls defeated horses which had won previously, going to the front early and galloping home in front of R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Woodthrush and the Parkvale Stable's Chester Two. A cheer greeted the veteran when he graduated after his many lean years of racing.

Another thrilling number was the third race for Liberty Bonds at a mile, which was practically a match between two well known handicap campaigners, A. K. Macomber's Hollister and H. P. Whitney's Borrow. There was a queer twist to the speculation as Hollister, which opened favorite at 1 to 2, receded until at the close 11 to 10 could be obtained against him, while Borrow was the odds-on choice. Though there were only two competitors a better race could not have resulted. Hollister went out to make the pace and led by two lengths all around the circuit and into the home stretch.

Robinson, who had the mount on Borrow, apparently desired to give Taplin, on Hollister, the idea that he was beaten, for he never made a move with the old gelding until straightened out for home. Then Borrow came on with a rush, and in a few strides he ranged alongside of Hollister. Taplin awoke to the danger in time, and both riders were working like demons for the last 100 yards. Borrow got up to within a nose of Hollister, but hung there, and the Macomber candidate snatched victory by the narrowest margin.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 2-year-olds, nonwinners of $550, other than selling or maiden, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:05 4-5.

Cirrus, H. P. Whitney's b. c., 110 pounds, by Tracery-Morningside, 1 to 2 and out, (F. Robinson) .....1[a]

War Spirit, A. K. Macomber's br. g., 109, by Vulcain-Thirty-third, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5. (E. Taplin) .....2[1]

Kiss Again, W. R. Coe's b. f., 107, by Tracery-Stolen Kiss, 3 to 5, third. (L. McAtee) .....3[1½]

Ballet Dancer II., Thunderstorm, and Bonstelle also ran. Purchase, Under Fire, Tapageur, and Delaware scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, selling, by subscription of $10 each, with $600 added; about six furlongs. Time—1:09.

Alvord, F. Burlew's b. g., 4 years, 109 pounds, by Solitaire II.-Lily Golding, 3 to 2, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4. (L. Ensor).....1[a]

Bathilde, A. Simons's b. f., 3, 102, by Astronomer-Helen O'C., 6 to 5 and 1 to 2. (R. Troise) .....2[a]

Josefina Zarate, C. E. V. Lane's ch. f., 6, 109, by Abe Frank-Minyon, 6 to 5, third. (F. Robinson) .....3[b]

Riverside, Peep Sight, Pasamena, W. H. Buckner, and Manjanese also ran. Everest scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Liberty Bond Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10 each, with $700 added; one mile. Time—1:40.

Hollister, A. K. Macomber's br. c., 110 pounds, by Sunstar-Our Lassie, 11 to 10 and out. (E. Taplin) .....1[no]

Borrow, H. P. Whitney's b. g., aged, 109, by Hamburg-Forget, out for place. (F. Robinson) 2

Only two starters. Regal Lodge scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Fordham Selling Stakes, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10, starters to pay $25 additional, with $1,000 added; one mile. Time—1:39 4-5.

Minto II., C. Fellowes's b. g., 4 years, 101 pounds, by Sundridge-Miss Ronald, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5. (R. McCrann) .....1[¾]

Koh-I-Noor, Edward Arlington's blk. f., 4, 103, by Dr. Leggo-Priceless Jew I., 7 to 10 and 1 to 3. (G. Walls) .....2[a]

Reveler, Sylvester Stable's b. g., 3, 104½, by Sweeper-La Ribande, 6 to 5, third. (L. McAtee) .....3[nk]

Daddy's Choice, Whimsy, and Runes also ran. St. Isidore and Torchbearer scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:08 4-5.

Puts and Calls, Cleveland Stable's b. g., 6 years, 102 pounds, by Locohatchee-Putgada, 18 to 5, 6 to 5, and out. (R. McCrann) .....1[a]

Woodthrush, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. c., 3, 104, by Olambala-L'Alonette, even and out. (H. Bullman) .....2[a]

Chester Two, Parkvale Stable's ch. c., 3, 104, by Chardonneret-Chester, out for third. (H. Myers) .....3[½]

Matin also ran. Fair Santa scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For 2-year-olds, claiming, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. *Thunderclap, 112 pounds; *Thistledown, 112; Marmite, 109; Peter, 109; Sailor, 108; Osgood, 107; Minuet, 104; *Under fire, 102.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Barry Shannon, 116 pounds; *Tom McTaggart, 112; Predra, 109; *Lively, 106; *Torchbearer, 105; Columbine, 104; *Highland Lassie, 99; *Nominee, 96.

THIRD RACE.—For maiden three year-olds and upward; conditions; about six furlongs. Duffield, 114 pounds; Peasant, 114; Past Master, 114; Liberty Star, 110; Impetus, 110; Bill McCloy, 110; Sunnyland, 110; Caddie, 110; Santiago, 110; Rolinsky, 107; Irish Lady II., 107; Bright Angel, 107; Fair Santa, 107.

FOURTH RACE.—Scarsdale Handicap; for all ages; one mile and seventy yards. Roamer, 128 pounds; War Cloud, 117; Motor Cop, 114; Corn Tassel, 109; Dorcas, 98.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Orderly, 113 pounds; Highland Lassie, 113; Kebo, 113; Blue Thistle, 113; Mr. Speca, 111; Intriguer, 111; Ninety *Simplex, 111; Wild Thyme, 110; Elderken, 110; *Ambrose, 108; Poor Butterfly, 104; *Rose Finn, 103; Pollyanna, 103.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-old fillies; conditions; five and a half furlongs. Petrol, 114 pounds; Maggie Maitland, 114; Lady Mary, 114; Yvette, 114; Tickletoe, 114; Forfar, 114; Alphee, 114; Chateau Briand, 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

MURPHY DRIVES CUP VICTOR

Pilots Auto Guy to Front in Atlanta Race.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 15.—The events in the second day's program of the Grand Circuit meeting here today were decided in straight heats. Baron Chan had an easy time winning the 2:09 pace. In the second heat the black horse was pushed down the stretch by Grace Direct, and only the decision of the judges could determine the winner. In the other heats Wellwood won as he pleased The Atlanta Cup, the 2:14 class trot, the feature event of the day, was easy for Auto Guy. Murphy drew the pole and held that position through two heats. In the third heat the black mare broke on the backstretch, but quickly caught her stride, caught Lotto Watts on the last turn, and passed her in front of the grand stand, the final heat being the best of the day. Lotto Watts took second money.

2:09 CLASS, PACING. (PURSE $1,000.

Baron Chan, blk. h., by Baron Galo, (Wellwood)	1	1	1
Grace Direct, b. m., by Walter Direct, (Tolley)	2	2	2
Windsor Todd, b. h., by Kentucky Todd, (Stout)	4	3	3
Hal Rhea, b. h., by Fred S. Hal, (Russell)	3	4	5
Billy Jackson, b. g., by Wayne Patchen, (Murphy)	5	5	4

Time—2:07¼; 2:06½; 2:08¼.

THE ATLANTA CUP, 2:14 CLASS, TROTTING, (PURSE $2,500.)

Auto Guy, b. m., by Guy, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Lotto Watts, b. m., by General Watts, (Stout)	2	2	2
J. W., b. g., by Duke Ideal, (Cox)	3	4	3
The Royal Knight, br. h., by Border Knight, (Lee)	4	3	4

Time—2:09¾; 2:09¼; 2:09½.

2:18 CLASS TROTTING.

Purse $1,000.

Easton, ro. g., by The Tramp, (Geers)	1	1	1
Dainty Green, b. m., by Ebony King, (L. 'Brussel)	3	3	4
Oakwood Dare Devil, br. b., by Dare Devil, Jr., (Miller)	4	4	3
Sammy, br. h., by Elastic King, (S. Russell)	2	2	2

Time—2:15; 2:10; 2:12¾.

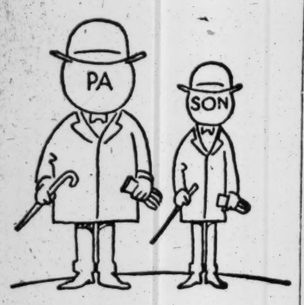
PIGEON RACE FOR WAR LOAN.

Interborough Flight of 8½ Miles to be Decided Friday.

The sporting event of the Fourth Liberty Loan is scheduled to take place at 11 A. M. on Friday. At that time the gun will sound on the start of the Interborough Pigeon Race over an eight-and-one-half-mile course. The contestants will be five Signal Corps-trained pigeons, one representing each of the five boroughs of New York, which will be released by the respective Borough Presidents at points equidistant from the Altar of Liberty, in Madison Square.

The borough whose pigeon first reaches the altar is due to raise $10,000 in bonds; the second, $25,000; the third, $50,000; the fourth, $75,000, and the trailing borough will have to contribute $100,000, making a total purse of $260,000 for the Fourth Liberty Loan. These contributions will be in addition to the regular quota of the borough.

All the fliers have been trained in the pigeon school of the United States Signal Corps for duty on the western front, and each will wear the official army capsule tied to its foot, containing the name of the borough it represents.



The senior member of the family frequently prefers the same smart model overcoat we cut for youths. Likes to look as young as he feels. Why not?

The overcoats of Connemara tweeds take off ten years!

The brighter mixtures in "Scotch Mists" take 'em off and put 'em on! Not only chillproof but rainproof. Protection in all weathers.

*Registered Trademark.

Sleep outdoors! Outdoor sleeping suits for the whole family. Sleeping bags, too.

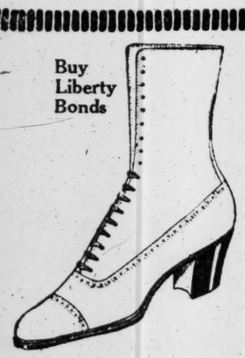
"Better a bondholder with Uncle Sam" than a bondsman of the Kaiser."

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Buy Liberty Bonds



Keep Her Smiling

She could not smile if her feet ached and burned.
She could not radiate that spirit of optimism which makes friends and expresses her true charm.
But she has learned by experience the prime importance of combining comfort with style and the search for those interwoven qualities led her straight to the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoe. Its yielding yet sturdy pad of felt and cork saves her all foot weariness.

Sold only at
1372 Broadway, at 37th St.,
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

Empire City RACES
(YONKERS & MT. VERNON)
TODAY
Scarsdale Handicap
The Liberty Bond
and 4 Other Thrilling Contests.
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.

Special race train leaves Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:20 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:30, 1:35, 2:35 P. M. Additional trains Sats. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway, thence by trolleys from Woodlawn Station.
Grand Stand, $3.30.
Ladies, $1.65. Including War Tax.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
Big Shirt Sale
Short Stiff Bosom Shirts, $1.50
Cuffs Attached
$1.50 Negligee Shirts, $1.05
Soft Cuffs
$2.50 Negligee Shirts with Stiff Cuffs, $1.75

HEAVY UNDERWEAR AT SPECIAL PRICES

It's the bond NOW that counts—they're on the run

Waste Not—Want Not
Wool Is Precious

DON'T waste wool.

But remember that the suit which does not permanently please you DOES WASTE WOOL.

It is one of the greatest wastrels of all.

To conserve wool does not mean that you must humiliate the flesh with a suit or a topcoat which will wear like iron but is devoid of style.

It is not necessary to so stint yourself with shabbiness that your morale will ooze out.

If the suit is extra serviceable AND PLEASES YOU EXTRA WELL, it furnishes its own economy.

These suits at $28, $30, $33 and $35 are the ultimate in value.

Weber and Heilbroner
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241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway 1185 Broadway
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MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Winter Overcoats
in models and qualities to meet the demands of men with the most exacting taste, form an interesting display on the Sixth Floor.

Excellent values may be obtained in

Men's Imported Overcoats
of soft, warm materials,
at $50.00 to $75.00

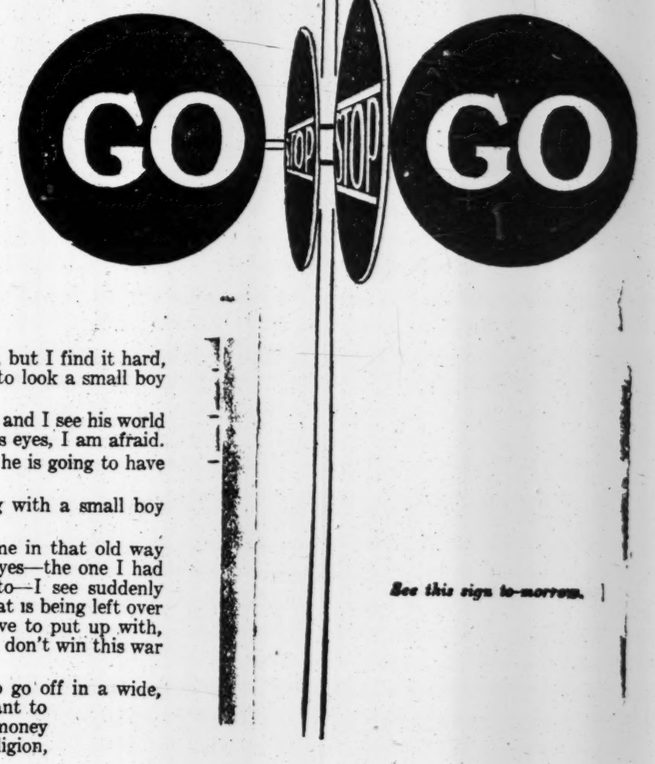
Men's American-made Overcoats
of fine imported materials,
at $50.00 to $75.00

Men's Dress Overcoats
in staple styles
at $35.00 to $85.00

VI.

I Want to Look a Boy in the Face

One Man To Another



See this sign to-morrow.

I do not know how other men feel about it, but I find it hard, with all that is happening to the world to-day, to look a small boy in the face.

When a small boy looks trustingly up to me and I see his world—the world he thinks he is going to have—in his eyes, I am afraid.

The look in his eyes of the world he thinks he is going to have cuts me to the quick.

I have always felt I had an understanding with a small boy before.

But the last four years when he looks at me in that old way and I think of his world—the one I see in his eyes—the one I had myself—the one every small boy has a right to—I see suddenly instead the one he will probably get—the one that is being left over for him by me, by all of us, the one he will have to put up with, have to live in, have to be a man in, if you and I don't win this war for him.

Then when I face the small boy I want to go off in a wide, high place alone and think and ask God. I want to go down into the city and fight—fight with my money and with my hope, go over the top with my religion, and then come back and face the small boy.

* * * * *

There are days during the struggle when my soul is spent. All the world seems made of iron and glass and all these crowds of people flocking through the streets who do not seem to care.

It seems as if I would not turn over my hand to save a world to live in myself. . . . It does not matter about me, and some days the people I see go by almost make me think it does not matter about them. . . .

Then suddenly I go by troops of school children at 4 o'clock pouring out into the streets—pouring like fire, pouring like sunshine out into the streets!

It is as the roll of drums for the Liberty Loan!

I want to ring great church bells to call people to the booths and the banks to sign for the Liberty Loan.

* * * * *

My rule for a man's finding out just how much he should subscribe is this:

Put down your name and address on the blank and leave the amount open to think. Then try going past a school house about 4 o'clock when the children are pouring out.

Or in the evening when the house is still, put down your name and address and the best figure you dare on the white paper.

Then go upstairs a minute and look in the crib!

Then look at your blank when you come down once more.

Go Go No Left Turning

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS

Our American Soldiers do not keep their life blood on deposit at the Bank.

They are Spending it on the Battle Field.

Money in the Bank changed into Liberty Bonds will help them.

Cross "Table-Tray"
Solid Mahogany or Ivory-White Enamel Finish
$18.75

Set and Carried as a Tray, with Legs Folded Under and Out-of-Sight.

Crystal cocktail shaker, as shown, engraved rooster, silver-plated top, extra $8.50
Stemless cocktail glasses, with "game" cock, each $1.50
Nest of ash trays, colored glass, silver-plated rims, and match box holder, complete $7.00
Striped silver-plated cigarette box, cedar wood lining $4.50

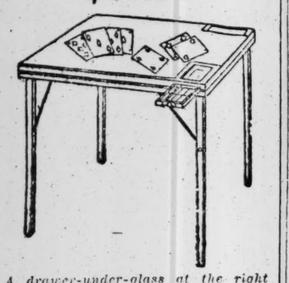
As a Table, with Legs Released by Spring and Firmly in Place.

Tea set: — Royal Worcesterware, flower decoration, comprising: tea pot, sugar bowl, cream pitcher, 4 cups, saucers and 4 plates, extra ... $25.00

Cross Cocktail Set

Solid mahogany tray, silver deposit on glass bottom, silver plated rack and handle, complete with four crystal glasses. Tray measures 14 x 10½ inches $11.00

Cross "See-Score" Mahogany Bridge Table
$17.50



A drawer-under-glass at the right hand of both score-keepers contains an Auction score-pad and pencil. The drawer is opened and the score recorded without removing the pad; the drawer is closed—the pad out of the way and the score always seen. Table of solid mahogany, green baize top, folding legs; 31 inches square, 27 inches high.

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Stores
New York
404 Fifth Ave. (At 37th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
Boston 145 Tremont St. — London 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

FRENCH ORCHESTRA WINS AN OVATION

Andre Messager and His 80 Musicians Charm with Serious Music at Metropolitan.

STIRS WITH NATIONAL AIRS

Otto H. Kahn Presents a Silver Wreath as a Symbol of Unity of America and France.

Brought oversea by an American warship from an American naval base in France, the Société des Concerts du Conservatoire de Paris, to give the French orchestra its official title under which two Governments sanctioned the tour, made its first appearance in this country at the Metropolitan Opera House last night, before an audience rarely assembled in mid-October, but accustomed of late to meet here in honor of great events of the war. The President of the United States had stood on that platform three days earlier. America's national air began last evening's music, on a stage built far out over the opera orchestra pit, and though theatres have rung to "The Star-Spangled Banner" for two years now, Andre Messager and his eighty men gave to it a quality of their own, playing it as a noble hymn, never so slowly before, yet with amazing dignity, and with beauty of tone, notably of the wind choirs.

The house that rose to greet the orchestra on first entrance was large for the start of a Metropolitan occasion, though it did not fill later to the usual Winter crush, perhaps owing to grip. There was renewed applause for the conductor, then cheers for "La Marseillaise," done at a quickstep, for the French admire energy, as a British King admired "American pep," and they put it into the playing of their own air. Midway in the more formal program, Otto H. Kahn, as Chairman both of the Opera House and of the French American Association for Musical Art, in charge of the tour, made a speech of welcome and presented to the visitors a wreath. The piece was silver, but solid, and not like a Kaiser's cup of plated gold, which was publicly smashed on this stage a few weeks ago.

Mr. Kahn said the simple wreath was a symbol of the new unity of America and France.

"France," he exclaimed, "has never tried to propagandize her national art, never used it for political or commercial campaign. If we ever failed to understand her, the great soul of France now stands revealed in splendor. Wherever you travel in this broad land, you will find response to the appeal of art and deep reverence for France. We come before her on bended knees, with our tribute of silence. She has become through sacrifice and heroism a 'holy land' of patriotism.

"When you and I last met, M. Messager," the speaker continued, "it was in a time of gloom and anxious fear. By the valor of your armies, of the British, of our armies, that has changed—those clouds are swept away, and the sun of victory shines in the world. The assassins of the old Germany of Beethoven, of Schumann, are groveling at our feet, whining for quarter.

"The sinister being who personified the vices of Prussianism has been revealed to the world and to his own people as the impudent poltroon and arrogant sham that he is. Thank God, we Americans can say we were with you in this fight. Our sons have shed their blood with yours.

"Let me grasp your hand, Sir, and repeat the words, 'What God has joined together, let not man put asunder,'" concluded Mr. Kahn. A slip of words, which reversed the "joined" and the "put asunder" was caught by an American house no more quickly than by the speaker himself, and applause was all the heartier for the momentary flash of humor in the big assembly.

Galleries of horizon blue and a diamond horseshoe for once outbiazed by its own flags gave an official stamp to the crowd. Pom pom-capped sailors, sturdy peasant soldiers of France, filled upper tiers with a picture after Detaille or Meissonier. Those clever Frenchmen of the orchestra below had shrewdly judged the acoustics of the house, and their unexpected some orchestral departments shone out in the tone of oboe and flute above all. The "first" instruments were all played by "first prize" men of the Conservatoire, from slim youths of recent years to graybeards from the band's golden years back in the 1880's.

Last night's music was all serious, the music that marks Europe's great divide from that beyond the battlelines, the music groping toward a new world, but how gloriously magnified in the light of events of the past "Magna Charta Week" of the whole war. Berlioz began the program—his "Benvenuto Cellini" overture, of varied orchestral tints, and Cesar Franck's was the symphony, his D-minor, that began where Wagner and Liszt left off, a work of one whose spirit conversed with old masters, but whose music was poignantly his own expression of the life of his own day.

The orchestra received an ovation for Saint-Saëns's "Omphale Spinning," and again for the "Sorcerer's Apprentice" of Dukas, while two familiar nocturnes of Debussy and Chabrier, "Norwegian" rhapsody of Lalo brought the evening to a close. France sent its best to New York, for the Conservatoire Orchestra a generation ago had been the most finished in Europe, which means also in the world, just as Americans like to believe the Bach in Symphony in more recent times—until the changes wrought by this war—transferred the primacy to America.

Some of those present last night were Edouard de Billy of the French High Commission at Washington; Gaston Liebert, French Consul General in New York; Edmond Guy, representing the French Mission in this city; M. Johannet, French financial representative; L. Jourand, President of the French Hospital, and Henri Golfan. Among New York's musicians in the audience were Walter Damrosch, Josef Stransky, Franz Kneisel, Georges Barrere, Captain Nahan Franko, Alexander Lambert, Artur Bodanzky, Kurt Schindler, Paul Kefer, Ernest Knoch, and also W. C. Carl, who had once brought here the first of the French musical artists, the late Alexandre Gilmant.

M. Messager and the orchestra will make an official visit to Washington before their second Metropolitan concert next Sunday night. Difficulties of travel and of public performance during a prevalent epidemic, which may modify plans already changed by a delayed arrival, are as yet no greater than those which confronted an American conductor last Summer in France. Over there Walter Damrosch was to have made a tour of our army camps with French musicians paid from a fund given by H. H. Flagler, but the great July drive and its demand on all transportation for troops going to the front led Mr. Damrosch to confine himself to Paris, where he was the first foreign leader. It was said, to conduct in the hall of the Conservatoire.

BUY BONDS, PERSHING URGES

General Cables to Americans to Make Victory Sure.

The following cable message was received at the Hippodrome yesterday:

To Americans, care the Hippodrome:

The men of the A. E. F. expect that the Fourth Liberty Loan will be subscribed.

We have toiled cheerfully against the day of battle, and the spirit that has urged us on has been the determination to be worthy of those whom we left behind when we crossed the seas. The news of America awake, of the national spirit more strong, more unified, more determined day by day thrills us all. It is the knowledge of that spirit which makes us certain that our people at home will stand behind us as they have from the beginning so that we may return soon to you, the victory won. Buy Liberty Bonds to your utmost and make victory sure.

GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING.

The message was read at the matinée performance by De Wolf Hopper, and was then posted in the lobby.

EXONERATES PACKERS IN MEAT INQUIRY

Federal Board Finds Charges Against Wilson & Co. of Chicago Not Proved.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The Federal Trade Commission has exonerated Wilson & Co., packers, of blame in the case in which it was alleged the company had sold bad meat to the army and navy. The commission today announced that it had dismissed the case.

In some instances it was not proved that Wilson & Co. "knowingly and willfully" supplied unfit material, and in other instances it was not conclusively shown that the material offered for sale was actually "unfit for human consumption."

The commission states its findings on the charges as follows:

"1. A lot of beef offered for sale to the steamship Irishman at New York City.—There is a mass of expert and practical testimony as to this beef, * * * as well as to the hams that were taken over by the Government, touching their unfitness for human consumption. * * * it leaves the question in doubt. Therefore, the commission finds * * * for the respondent.

"2. A lot of beef sold to the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, near New York City.—The evidence shows that the rejected meat (850 pounds rejected out of 6,311 pounds offered) * * * did not fulfill the navy specifications, but it is not conclusively shown that it was actually unfit for human consumption. The commission finds for the respondent.

"3. Three hundred thousand pounds of cured hams sold and offered for sale to the Navy Department through the provisioning depot at Brooklyn, N. Y.—* * * Of the rejected hams, (428,878 pounds out of 539,062 offered were rejected by Government inspectors,) a large part were merely mouldy and, while they did not fulfil the rigid tests of the navy, were not shown to be unfit for human consumption. * * * The commission * * * finds for the respondent.

"4. One lot of dressed chickens offered for sale to Camp Travis, near San Antonio, Texas— * * * Respondent's agent at San Antonio was asked to supply about 1,200 pounds of chickens; he had not that amount on hand, but offered to try to obtain enough to fill the order and did obtain and offer chickens which were rejected as not conforming to army specifications. A part of the chickens had been wet-picked, soaked in water. * * * There is danger of spreading infection by soaking, * * * but it is not known these chickens were, in fact, infected. Considering the circumstances * * * the element of willfulness is not so established that the commission is warranted in finding against the respondent.

"5. One lot of pork sausage offered for sale to Camp Travis. * * * Beef sausage had been ordered, * * * and respondent having none offered pork sausage instead. Rejected, but not because it was unfit for human consumption.

"6. One box of beef kidneys and one barrel of beef hearts found in the Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage Company's plant at San Antonio, Texas. Evidence shows this meat belonging to respondent was spoiled and unfit for human consumption, but it is not shown it was offered for sale to the armed forces of the United States, but, having been discovered in the cold storage house by army inspectors, it was destroyed.

"7. Certain veal sold to Camp Travis.—* * * veal containing 'wolf worms' was found in that division of the camp supplied by respondent, but it was not actually shown that respondent sold this veal * * * . In absence of conclusive proof, the commission finds for the respondent.

"The complaint in the case was lodged with the commission on March 1, 1918, was investigated and resulted in such a prima facie showing that, under the law, the commission was required to issue a formal complaint. Wilson & Co. and the Government produced witnesses and later the matter was argued before the commission.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—"The action by the Washington authorities, gratifying as it is, does not come as any surprise," declared President T. E. Wilson of Wilson & Co. today. "We were confident that when all the facts were known we would be exonerated. There has been no wavering on our part, for we knew we had not done what we were accused of doing."

SEES U-BOAT CLIMAX.

German Paper Sure It Will Cause Winter Crisis to Allies.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 14.—There is good reason to believe that the German submarine warfare will reach a climax during the Winter, according to the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette. That newspaper says that the new campaign will produce an economic crisis of unanticipated dimensions in Entente countries.

Neili Gardini Sings 19 Grieg Songs.

Neili Gardini, soprano, sang nineteen songs, all by the late Edvard Grieg, at her recital in Aeolian Hall last evening, an innovation, as a program note stated, in that perhaps never before had a like number been heard at one time here in the composer's native Norse tongue. There were encores in English, which, by the way, was the language of Grieg's sometimes forgotten Scotch grandfather. Miss Gardini, who has lived in Norway, showed the results of her study of these lyric pieces, ranging from the plaintive to the picturesque. In her own right, too, she displayed an agreeable voice and presence on the stage.

100 Die in Rumania Train Wreck.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—One hundred persons were killed and 200 injured in the derailing of the Bucharest express near Piatra, Rumania, according to a despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam, quoting advices from Vienna. Several coaches of te train fell into the Bistria River.

Son Born to Lieut. Morgan Belmont.

A son was born on Monday to Lieutenant and Mrs. Morgan Belmont in this city. Lieutenant Belmont is at present in France. Mrs. Belmont was formerly Miss Margaret Andrews of Newport, where they were married in the Summer of 1915. This is their second child, the first being a daughter.

'A STITCH IN TIME' COMES RATHER LATE

Old-Fashioned Comedy Drama Raises Its Head at the Fulton.

IRENE FENWICK AS SLAVEY

Desperate Deeds of Self-Sacrifice Make Her an Educated Lady.

A STITCH IN TIME, a comedy drama in four acts, by Oliver D. Bailey and Lottie M. Meaney. At the Fulton.

Gilbert Hill	Earle Mitchell
Lawrence Brockman	Charles Hampden
Worthington Bryce	Ralph Kellard
Jenkins	David Higgins
Richard Moreland	Robert Cain
Worthington Bryce, Sr.	J. H. Gilmour
Phoebe-Ann Hubbard	Irene Fenwick
Lela Trevor	Grace Carlyle
Mrs. Trevor	Evelyn Carter Carrington

Once more the theme of self-sacrifice does time as a dramatic motive. Desperate, perverse, and headlong are the deeds of old-fashioned heroism by which Irene Fenwick wins the love of Ralph Kellard. She is a little slavey, Phoebe-Ann—Merely Phoebe-Ann—and he a youth who has turned his back upon paternal millions to paint pictures in a duplex studio.

Nobody was ever quite as wise as this same daughter of the slums. She inspires her patron employer to hard, serious work. She divines, moreover, that he is really a writer, not an artist, and finds a publisher who pays fabulous prices for his stories, so that the rent of the duplex apartment is duly paid. And nobody was ever half as foolish. He is engaged to a fortune-hunting parlor snake who is carrying on an affair with Another. Once Merely Phoebe-Ann is witness of their embraces, and lets concealment, like a worm i' th' bud, jeopardize her young man's happiness.

Again, in the "dramatic" third act, she witnesses a compromising encounter, this time at the dead of night. And now she takes the scandal upon her own young shoulders, in effect forcing upon the man she loves a perfidious wife, while she herself walks heartbroken into the night. What the titular stitch in time has to do with the play is not clear; but a grain of common sense in the first act would have wrecked it altogether.

Miss Fenwick who, when blessed with a possible part, is capable of excellent work, struggled in vain with Merely Phoebe-Ann. She wielded dustpan and carpet-sweeper as if to the manner born, and seemed equally at home in dowdy skirt and resplendent evening gowns. She turned out her grammar and turned in her toes in the most conscientious endeavor at characterization. But no art histrionic, as it seemed, could galvanize Phoebe-Ann.

Ralph Kellard is a fine figure of a young aristocrat and may possibly be gifted as an actor; but he was equally handicapped by what he had to say and do. Grace Carlyle as the parlor snake was handsome and wore her splendid gowns splendidly. J. H. Gilmour appeared briefly but forcibly as the young hero's pragmatical father.

Some light may be thrown on the occasion by the fact that Oliver D. Bailey figures as lessee of the theatre, producer of the play, and author.

SUSPECTS PAN GERMANS AIM AT DICTATORSHIP

Demonstration at Hindenburg Statue Arouses the Wrath of Socialist Organ.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 13.—Are the Pan Germans planning a coup d'état? Vorwärts thinks that they have some such scheme in hand. It refers to a Pan German demonstration held the other evening at the foot of the "Iron Hindenburg" in the Tiergarten in Berlin, at which the speakers, among them one Reichstag Deputy, denounced the peace action of the Government and demanded a continuance of the war.

The Deutsche Zeitung, a prominent journal of the armor-plate patriots, waxes highly enthusiastic about the demonstration and is greatly pleased because the police did not intervene. It advocates that such meetings be held all over the country.

"There can be no doubt," declares Vorwärts, "that the Pan Germans are planning something, and what they plan is not a small thing. For a couple of days they were disconcerted over the loss of their power, but now they seek to regain what they have lost.

"The aim of the movement is quite clear. The people's Government is to be overthrown and a dictatorship set up for the purpose of continuing the war. The whole tone of the Pan German press points to such a plan being matured, and so does the Pan German agitation throughout the country. It is also noteworthy that the German press emphasizes the fact that among the demonstrators at the Hindenburg statue were numerous officers and soldiers.

"The Pan Germans clearly believe that the people's government is weak and that they can overthrow it by a revolution, which would put an end to the peace negotiations. Perhaps a certain signal is being awaited, for there are many circles in the empire which are not friendly toward the new course."

Vorwärts thinks it satisfactory that the police did not act, for popular government should not live under the protection of police sabres. It appeals to the watchfulness of the people themselves and warns the Pan Germans that though the German people have the trait of patience and do not feel inclined to go scapegoat hunting, the popular patience may possibly come to an end in the face of the Pan German provocation.

"Every effort of the deposed powers to raise themselves into the saddle again," concludes Vorwärts, "will meet with bitter resistance from the German masses."

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

New York, October 10, 1918.

The Chinese Chop Suey Restaurants Association will start a drive on Monday and Tuesday, October 14th and 15th, 1918, in New York and Brooklyn, to help push the sale of bonds and overthrow autocracy and establish democracy.

Mr. T. G. Hom, who is the proprietor of the Hankow Restaurant, 124 West 34th Street, City, has formed a committee to carry on this work.

"THE AWAKENING"
CRITERION THEATRE NOW
Continues, with Its Thrilling Dances, the Nightly Dramatic Sensation of New York.
Starring
WILTON LACKAYE, THEODORE KOSLOFF, HENRY B. WA[illegible]HALL, KHYVA ST. ALBANS

AMERICA'S FOREMO[illegible] THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. LIBERTY BONDS BUILD SHIPS.
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: STUDY CAREFULLY THE OPENING TIME OF THE THEATRES IN THIS GROUP. IT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ORDERS ISSUED BY HEALTH COMMISSIONER COPELAND IN ORDER TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION. Also: NO SMOKING ALLOWED IN "SMOKING" ROOMS OR LOBBIES.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:15. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK PASSING SHOW OF 1918. 150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES

CENTURY Opening Oct. 19 SAT. NIGHT. LEE SHUBERT & JULIE OPP FAVERSHAM Present the SPECTACULAR PLAY FREEDOM. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30. CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE. BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING. A BIG HIT—MOLLIE KING.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 9.00. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JOHN D. WILLIAMS offers THE "COMPLETE SUCCESS."—World. H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners with Irene Bordoni

JOHN BARRYMORE In TOLSTOI'S "REDEMPTION"

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Phone Bryant 40. Mats. Today & Sat.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings at 9. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. WILLIAM Collier in NOTHING BUT LIES. "Would make a sphynx smile."—Alan Dale.

SELWYN Thea., West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. America's Premier Playhouse. JANE COWL. In "INFORMATION PLEASE"

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. at 2:30. LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:00. Mats. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau in "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 9:00. Mats. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. UNDER ORDERS. With Shelley Hull & Effie Shannon.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 9. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Best Seats $2. Highest Price Orch. Seats, Evgs. $1. "OH, BOY"

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat. (Pop.). 2:30. A STITCH IN TIME | A New Comedy Drama —with— | IRENE FENWICK

CASINO BROADWAY & 39TH STREET. Evenings 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Today. 2:15. 28TH WEEK IN NEW YORK. AL JOLSON. And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2. NOTHING STOPS MAYTIME. IT RUNS ON FOREVER. A Play with Music. With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS. JOHN T. MURRAY—Dorothie Bigelow.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. JOHN D. WILLIAMS offers OSCAR WILDE'S MASTERPIECE. AN IDEAL HUSBAND. NORMAN TREVOR. CONSTANCE COLLIER. JULIAN L'ESTRANGE. CYRIL HARCOURT.

SHUBERT Thea., 44, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. SOMETIME with ED WYNN. MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE

ASTOR Theatre, 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY DREW. Personally in a Spoken Comedy. KEEP HER SMILING

CENTRAL Theatre, B'way and 47th Street. Phone Bryant 17. Evgs. 8:45. Matinees Today and Saturday, 2:30. ALICE BRADY. Returned to the Spoken Stage in FOREVER AFTER

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:30. POP. MAT. TODAY, 50c TO $1.50. The Novelty Hit of the Season, Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. The UNKNOWN PURPLE. With RICHARD BENNETT.

Maxine Elliott's 39, nr. B'way. Evs. 9:00. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY. TEA FOR 3

LOEW'S 7th AV. Closed until Thursday. Will open Thurs. Mat. "THE BLUE PEARL" —With— GEO. NASH

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT. "Societe des Concerts du Conservatoire de Paris." ALFRED CORTOT.....Soloist. Prices: Orch., $2.50; Dress Circle, $1.50; Balcony, $1; Family Circle, 75c. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

CARNEGIE HALL Next Sun. Aft. at 3. Oct. 20. VIOLIN RECITAL BY TOSCHA SEIDEL. Seats 75c to $2 at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL NEXT SAT. EVE. at 8:15. OCT. 19. SONG RECITAL BY Colin O'More. TENOR. Seats $1, $1.50, $2, at Box Office Now. Mgt. Metropolitan Musical Bureau. Weber Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sunday Aft., Oct. 27. ONLY N. Y. Recital This Season. MISCHA ELMAN. Tickets 75 cts. to $2.00. Now on Sale at Box Office & R. E. Johnson's Office, 1451 B'way. Steinway Piano.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th, W. of B'way. LAST 2 Evs. 8:45. Mts. Today & Sat. WEEKS. MATINEE TODAY. BEST SEATS $1.00. DAVID BELASCO Presents TIGER ROSE. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

Aeolian Hall, Friday Aft., Oct. 18, at 3. Song Recital. Sue HARVARD. —Soprano— Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Knabe Piano.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:00 | Popular Prices. HIP HIP HOORAY GIRLS.

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Subscription Tickets for the Carnegie Hall Thursday Afternoon or Saturday Evening Series, $2 to $8. For the Aeolian Hall Sunday Afternoon Series, $3 to $10. On sale at Room 1202, Aeolian Building.

Carnegie Hall, TONIGHT at 8 o'Clock. ORCHESTRAL CONCERT by KOSCAK. YAMADA. Japanese Composer and Conductor. Auspices of the Japan Society. Clarence Whitehill & 150 Voices of the New Choral Society. Orchestra of 90 Musicians. Tickets 50c to $2. Steinway Piano Used. Jules Daiber Mgt. Aeolian Hall.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE. YVETTE GUILBERT. New Program: CHANSONS ROUGES. THURSDAY AFT., OCT. 24th, at 3. SUNDAY EVE., OCT. 27th, at 8:30. Dir. DANIEL MAYER. KNABE PIANO.

French Theatre du Vieux Colombier 55 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. ALL THIS WEEK LE SECRET. All Next Week—MARRIAGE DE FIGARO.

CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT., OCT. 19, at 3. Tickets now on sale. SONG RECITAL —HAROLD— BAUER. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Evg., Oct. 21, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL Hartridge Whipp. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. (Mason & Hamlin.)

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81 at St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. GLORIA JOY in "The Midnight Burglar" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

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PRESIDENT WILSON witnessed "THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN" at THE NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE a few nights ago. He laughed, cheered and applauded. He realized in these trying times THE VALUE OF GOOD HEARTY LAUGHTER. FOLLOW PRESIDENT WILSON'S EXAMPLE —AND SEE— KLAW & ERLANGER'S GREATEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS. The Girl Behind the Gun. Mat. Today 2:15. Nights 8:15.

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LYCEUM 45th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20. LAST 4 NIGHTS. LAST 2 MATS. OTIS SKINNER In HUMPTY DUMPTY

HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, W. 43d St. East of B'way. TUESDAY, OCT. 22d, Seats Now. HENRY MILLER. RUTH CHATTERTON. In a comedy by "PERKINS"

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Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Oct. 20, at 3. REINALD WERRENRATH. Song Recital. Tickets 50c to $1.50 at Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Eve., Oct. 21, 8:15. DUET RECITAL. Gimbrère - Duberta. SOPRANO BARITONE. Tickets 75c., $1, $1.50, $2. Now at Hall.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Oct. 22d, at 8:15. LETZ QUARTET. Tickets 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2. Now at Hall, and Miss Helen Love, 1 West 34th St.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Oct. 17, at 3. Piano Recital By Aurore Lacroix. Mgt. Loudon Charlton, Steinway Piano.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16, 1918.

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SIR ERIC GEDDES'S WARNING.

About the time Sir ERIC GEDDES, First Lord of the British Admiralty, was telling the Pilgrim Society in New York that the submarine menace "is greater today than it ever was," in the sense that "the [German] effort is greater than it ever was," the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette intimated that German submarine warfare would reach a climax during the Winter and cause an economic crisis in Entente countries. And hardly had Sir ERIC GEDDES sounded his warning and the Rhenish journal made its boast when MATHIAS ERZBERGER, the German Secretary of State without portfolio, expressed in an interview at Berlin poignant regret that the Leinster atrocity had occurred when the prospects of peace were brightening. "Only with deep sympathy," says Herr ERZBERGER, "can I hear of the "fate which has befallen innocent "women and children." He adds that "the whole Government stands united with me in my point of view." And further: "It is unthinkable that "now, when the door of peace slowly "begins to open, unfortunate women "and children should suffer because "of the will for war, the cessation "of which should now be a question "only of days."

ERZBERGER has always been opposed to ruthless submarine warfare. The civilian element in the German Government, which is evidently growing in influence, looks with some alarm upon the sea policy of the military party, and, if ERZBERGER is not altogether hypocritical, it would, in the interests of peace, work to prevent that extension of submarine warfare which an inspired "organ" forecasts. Submarine warfare on a greater scale than ever would be the last desperate play of the military party if it could succeed in prolonging the war through the Winter, the season most favorable for U-boat raids. As that is manifestly its object, the warning of Sir ERIC GEDDES should not be disregarded or minimized.

Six months ago Sir ERIC GEDDES declared that the submarine peril was being held in check. Later Sir JOHN JELLICOE predicted that by August it would no longer give the Allies grave concern. It comes, therefore, as something of a shock when the First Lord of the Admiralty tells the American people on an official visit that their shipyards must turn out destroyers and patrol boats faster because "we are now approaching a point "where submarine warfare is again "the weakest front of the alliance." The natural question is, how can this happen when, to quote Sir ERIC, "the "destruction caused by the under-"water pest is today lower than it "has ever been since early in 1916." His answer is that there are more enemy submarines in existence than ever before and that the Germans are building them more rapidly.

It was not long ago that Mr. DAVID LLOYD GEORGE was informing the Allies that submarines were being sunk faster than they could be built. The German Admiralty denied this, and it seems to have told the truth.

Obviously, the allied protective patrol must be strengthened to cope with the danger looming up. It would be a counsel of weakness to depend at all upon the good intentions of the peace party in Germany. That is just what the war party wants us to do. Sir ERIC GEDDES, with the approval of Secretary DANIELS, has made an appeal to American shipbuilders "to expedite the output of destroyers and "anti-submarine craft and appliances "of every description." Yesterday Mr. DANIELS began a series of conferences with the builders, and measures are being taken to lay down additional destroyers. The British Admiralty Lord has never been an alarmist, but a long-headed, practical man and a sober adviser. He must be heeded. Evidently he is in possession of "inside" information which has impressed Secretary DANIELS.

The war may go on for another year or longer. In Germany the military party will neglect no chance to perpetuate itself in power, and, while holding, if it can, a short line of defense in the field, it will not fail to use to the utmost the increasing fleet of submarines for a last campaign to reduce to impotency the shipping resources of the Allies. To assume that the German Government and people must have peace in so many days because the presumption is that the Allies are now putting the finishing touches to their victory on the battlefield might prove to be fatal optimism. Never was there a time when we should be so vigilantly on our guard against enemy ruses and more strenuous in the prosecution of the war.

ANOTHER TALK FOR THE LOAN.

This Fourth Liberty Loan can't go over the top unless you help it over. The Government must have six billions; it is only one-half taken, and there are only four days left. Your hearts are enlisted in the work—it is your subscriptions we want. You have been stirred by the President's firm demands upon Germany, by the daily reports of our victories. Your emotions are at a high pitch, but emotions won't pay the soldiers' bills. That takes money, and money the Government must have.

You have been told that you must subscribe for all the bonds you can pay for and then borrow to pay for more. You know that by paying a 10 per cent. installment of your subscription the bank will loan you the other 9 per cent. at 4½ per cent. interest, taking your note for three months, with three renewals, a year in all. This enables you to use your next year's savings in paying off the loan; you don't have to pay the interest, the bond interest pays that.

"If the banks make these loans to "everybody, why can't they just as "well take the bonds themselves?" you may ask. That question ought to be answered. It is because the banks haven't money enough to take six billions of bonds. "But if they haven't money how can they loan it?" is your next question. The answer is that the loan they make to you creates money in the form of new Federal Reserve notes. The bank takes your note to the Federal Reserve bank for rediscount, and Federal Reserve notes are issued to it, which it may either turn over to the Government in payment for the bond you have subscribed for, or place to the credit of the Government in its deposit account, which is the same thing. Government bond sales in wartime necessarily lead to inflation; this is the form the inflation takes. But as you pay off your loan the bank reduces its rediscount at the Federal Reserve bank and the new notes are retired.

That is one of the great business functions of the Federal Reserve system. It enlarges or contracts the volume of currency in response to the increasing or lessening demands of business. Our old currency system, based on Government bonds held by the banks of issue, was not elastic. The Federal Reserve system remedies that defect. The new Federal Reserve notes have a triple security: First, your promise to pay; second, the indorsement of the bank that made the loan to you; third, the bond, which has behind it all the wealth of the United States.

You may not be much concerned about the safety of the new notes, but you are deeply concerned about the safety of your Government, about the comfort and welfare of your sons and brothers on the battleline, to pay for whose food and clothing the Government asks you to lend it your money, even if you have to borrow to buy a bond.

The time is very short, only four days, the sum yet to be raised is large, three billions. The country will be disappointed and shocked if that three billions is not subscribed by Saturday night. Don't take that risk. Subscribe now, pay now, borrow now without another day's delay.

REMAKING THE CITY.

The Health Commissioner orders that the subways shall forthwith reduce the obnoxious crowding on their trains, and the District Attorney threatens to send the rascals to jail as the only means of ending the nuisance. Without disparagement or disrespect, it may be said that there is more hope of this much-needed relief in the "holing through" of the tunnel which soon will be part of a route from Brooklyn through Manhattan into Queens. Tunnels and trains are a better remedy than "orders" for a deficiency of transit accommodations. It is no fault of those who are blamed that the dual subway is years behind its schedule and is working under disadvantages. It is full of dead ends now, and the discomfort needs no description to those who endure it daily. On the Broadway portion of the route above described the local trains stop at Forty-second Street and the express trains at Fourteenth.

Long before the Queens tunnels can be completed, very shortly in fact, the operation of those trains will be extended to Fifty-ninth Street, and the number of those seeking Brooklyn through the shuttle will be reduced by thousands, in addition to the many thousands who already have been attracted by a through ride to Brooklyn without a shuttle ride and a transfer. At the south end of Manhattan there are two dead ends in tunnels to Brooklyn near completion. Where the trains cannot run, the passengers must transfer, and they crowd into trains which are too few because more cannot be worked. At the Manhattan end of the Queens tunnel there is another dead end, which shortens passengers' rides to the Times Square region and compels a transfer. Neither genius nor force can much improve conditions until these facilities are available for those who now are blamed for the obstacles which have been put in their way.

It lessens impatience with present ills to consider how great and near are the changes in the city due to the remaking of it by the dual subway. Since 1900 the Bronx has tripled in population, from 200,507 to 622,555. In the same time its real property valuation has increased $100,000,000. That is the reason why the subways are crowded, and will remain so until the dual subway does its perfect work. There is no need that the Bronx should lose either population or values because other sections come into privileges which it has long enjoyed. The Bronx riders will be more comfortable when the subways carry riders southward and eastward. The gain to the city may be indicated by comparing the area of the Bronx with the areas of Queens and Brooklyn. There are 26,017 acres in the Bronx, 49,680 in Brooklyn, and 82,883 in Queens. There are twice as many vacant parcels of land in Queens (over 80,000 at a recent count) as in the Bronx. There are some 50,000 vacant parcels even in Brooklyn. The troubles of the city travelers will be as nearly ended as money and skill can manage it when these empty acres are made accessible, as the Bronx was made rich and populous.

THE FERMENT IN GERMANY.

While long experience has justly made the world incredulous of German sincerity, and while the sudden change of Germany from a military autocracy to a pretended "Government of the people" was dictated by the military autocracy; while as yet the democratic disguise which necessity has imposed on the same old false and cruel faces has duped nobody, there are some signs of a disturbed state of mind in Germany. The myth, so studiously created and long so favored by fortune, of German superiority, German invincibility, has been driven away in the Ewigkeit. In the first moments of recognized disaster it is natural that the Kaiser, who has played the part of a divinely anointed King and Emperor, should be attacked to some extent. The fact that the Government allows it, the Government master of the press and of public assemblies, may indicate either a desire to ascertain public opinion or simply a desire to pull wool over the eyes of the Allies.

When the Volkszeitung of Leipsic refers to the Kaiser's divine legend and calls him "the last German military monarch," it speaks a fact that ought to be penetrating the German consciousness. For a good many years there has been impatience among the business and working classes at this mediaeval theoretic nonsense. In a world so largely ruled by democratic institutions, in which democratic institutions are to become universal, as Germany confesses by its attempt to set up an effigy or ready made figure of free Government, an absolute monarch by divine right, the head of a great military State, is anomalous, hopelessly out of date. In Russia, the so long imposing fabric of Czarism expired in a moment. Through whatever throes of fanatic anarchy, separatism, treason, Russia has passed or is yet to pass, the tragedy of her last Czar was a portent to Hapsburg and Hohenzollern. They belong among the outgrown things of history.

The Leipsic paper ironically reminds the Kaiser that he has always asked great sacrifices of his people. Now let him make the great sacrifice to it, dethrone himself so that his people may get better terms. That this German journal is allowed to say this, that there has been a general rumor, which had to be officially denied, of the Kaiser's abdication, denotes either a sending up of trial balloons or an inspired propaganda for foreign benefit. Papers printing a Socialist proclamation calling for a republic have been seized. A Socialist meeting at Munich invited the Kaiser to abdicate. This intermittent indulgence and severity of the police is characteristic of the old German methods. One can make nothing sure out of it. It is impossible to forget, however, that the Majority Socialists are more to be distrusted than any other political party in Germany. The Pan Germans, the Conservatives, are sometimes honest. The Social Democrats never. Vorwärts, their organ, is the Government organ also. When it asserts that "the answer of the German "Government is the answer of the "German people" it merely admits the notorious German desire for peace, but throws no light on the actual political situation, dictated, as usual, by military events.

The Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, presumably still "official," is in a frame of unusual veracity. "No German," it says, "can read the answer to WIL-"SON without being shaken to the "depths of his soul." It is the admission of defeat, of Downfall instead of World Power, that shatters that so sensitive soul. GEORG BERNHARD, the political writer of the Vossische Zeitung, tells the Germans not to yield to their sorrow, upon whose depth he also dwells, but to brace themselves for the work before them. Their fate is in WILSON'S hands, and a number of problems, hitherto considered by Germans not as problems but impregnable German positions, will be "discussed" in the peace negotiations. He instances Alsace-Lorraine. He is mistaken in regarding that as something to be "discussed." That is settled irrevocably in the minds of the Allies. But one sees in BERNHARD'S comment, as in those of several newspapers, a widening of German intelligence, a sort of wiping-out of many factors in German calculation. The Germans have been hot to settle the affairs of other nations by blustering diplomacy or by the sword. Now, what they have regarded as their own domestic questions are become international. They will not be settled by Germany, but by her enemies.

At last, and at least, Germany is waking from monstrous, megalomaniacal dreams and getting into the region of recognized facts. She has to. Since disaster has so far opened her eyes, may they not be fully opened to the obscurantist forms of government, the impotence of German public opinion, if it exists, upon German public affairs? As that public opinion awakens in the stress of defeat, as the fraud which "the military masters of Germany" played upon their subjects in bringing on the war, becomes known throughout the nation, as the full size, moral and physical, of the great German breakup and of the bill to be paid for it gets clearer to the popular mind, to the mind of the army, it is natural to hope that the men, the class that led Germany, mighty eager so to be led, on the road of loot that turned out to be the road to ruin, will be really overthrown not for their crimes but for their blunders. Autocracy has not paid. Self-interest, rather than any generous instinct or visible gift for democracy, may start the Germans on the right path. Meanwhile, it must be kept in mind that the present "new democratic Government" owes its origin to the beaten militarists whom it pretends to supplant.

MAKE GERMAN GUILT PERSONAL.

The horrible barbarities with which the Germans prepare for defeat have raised in England and France a widespread demand that when peace comes the individuals responsible for these and similar crimes shall be tried and punished as common criminals. The British seamen have long held that opinion in relation to those who have murdered their fellow-sailors. In the Middle West and Far West of this country the demand has been generally expressed by most conservative people. Our Westerners do not like to go to war unless they are to fight to a finish, and this is their idea of a finish. It is becoming the idea of Englishmen and Frenchmen, too, according to the dispatches.

War does not excuse murder. Bushwhackers who commit crimes in wartime are punished just as if there were no war going on. They should not, and they do not, escape the penalty of their crimes when peace is made. Such crimes as the murder of the passengers and crew of the Leinster should not go unpunished. The way for the punishment is already open; it has been pointed out by the United States in the case of Captain HENRY WIRZ, who was tried for violation of the practices and usages of war long after the war had ended. Captain WIRZ'S trial took place before a Military Commission appointed for the purpose, and it convicted and hanged him. Let this precedent be followed in the case of men guilty of far worse crimes than Captain WIRZ'S, and let them be tried by a Military Commission after the war and, if convicted, punished accordingly.

Captain WIRZ was a German by birth, but was in the Confederate service. He was the commandant of the Andersonville prison camp in the War of Secession, and he was accused of brutality to his prisoners. The same charge was made against other prison commandants, but it fell to the ground in the case of all except this German-born Confederate. The war was virtually ended by LEE'S surrender in April, 1865, and officially ended by the surrender of the last Confederate army in the following May. Six months after the ending of the war, on Nov. 10, 1865, HENRY WIRZ was hanged in the Old Capitol Prison at Washington for "violation of the laws of war."

That was the wording of the findings of the Military Commission which tried him. It found him guilty of conspiring "maliciously, traitorously, "and in violation of the laws of war, "to impair and injure the health and "to destroy the lives of large numbers "of Federal prisoners, to wit, the "number of about 45,000 soldiers in "the military service of the United "States, held as prisoners of war at "Andersonville, in the State of Geor-"gia." The sentence of death bore this indorsement:

> The proceedings, findings, and sentence of the court in the within case are approved, and it is ordered that the sentence be carried into execution by the officer commanding the Department of Washington, on Friday the 10th day of November, 1865, between the hours of 6 o'clock A. M. and 12 o'clock noon. ANDREW JOHNSON, President.

This case clearly points the way—a Military Commission, which in this case would be a mixed one. Where WIRZ was convicted of the violation of only one of the laws of war, there are German officers guilty of many violations. In some cases, as the murder of Captain FRYATT, it will be easy to get at the perpetrators; in other cases, hard; and therefore the terms of peace should make provision for their detection and arraignment. Such crimes as those of the Lusitania, the Ancona, the Leinster, the Ticonderoga, the Hirana Maru, and the massacre of Aerschot must be punished like crimes committed in times of peace.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Nomination Made Not Too Seriously.

Something more than interest exists outside of Germany in the governmental changes which of necessity soon must take place in that most unfortunate, because most criminal, country. It is therefore not impertinent for people in other countries to be considering a question that would be wholly German if Germany had not brought herself to her present state—the question of what man would be tolerable to the world at large as the head of a German republic or the Premier under a German monarchy constituted in accordance with the inexorable demands of the age.

So considering, one goes over name after name of Germany's public men, and it is long indeed before there is reached a personality inspiring confidence. The party leaders, those among the Social Democrats hardly less than among the Pan Germans, have all been supporters of Kaiserism—have all defended the German war as "defensive," and have been content with its conduct along German lines as long as it seemed to be successful and to promise a large accession to German power and wealth. But at last there comes to memory a German who, from the very beginning of the war, has seemed to think much as do decent and intelligent people the world over—a German who protested, first to his superiors in the Government of which he was a diplomatic representative, and later in a widely published statement against the abhorrent conspiracy by which Germany set fire to Europe. At the risk of his liberty and even of his life he declared her military policy a fatal one, doomed to defeat.

The man who did this is Prince LICHNOWSKY, sometime German Ambassador in London. That he is a great man is doubtful, and doubtful even that he is great enough for the task that would confront him as the responsible representative of a German democracy of either republican or monarchical form; but he does meet, better, perhaps, than any other who comes presently to mind, the need of the impending hour. That he is a Prince, an aristocrat, is not necessarily against him in any way, and it is a qualification in some ways, for Germany is far from ready to be ruled by a Harden or a Liebknecht. He is at least a "gentleman" in the best sense of that much-abused word—a man who speaks the truth, realizes that there is another right than might, and believes that common honesty has its uses, even in the conduct and management of public affairs.

When Justice Can Be Merciful.

It was with direct reference, of course, to the "case" of Germany as a prisoner at the bar that Lord READING said, as quoted in yesterday's dispatches, "Justice is merciful when there are extenuating circumstances, but when there is none it behooves justice to be stern." That statement, as coming from an experienced Judge as well as an eminent jurist—the two characterizations are not quite synonymous—should receive the careful attention of the many German editors who have always added to the expressions of their desire for peace the qualification that it would have to be a "just peace" for Germany to accept it.

They will have much trouble in finding the extenuating circumstances that demand the admixture of mercy with the justice which Germany must accept whether she likes it or not. Her crimes have been deliberate and systematic, committed with full knowledge of the difference between right and wrong, and under no delusion as to the consequences that would follow a failure to carry out successfully the greatest raid by one nation on other nations that is recorded in history. Its motive was plunder, pure and simple—a desire to get the property of other people—and the pretense of self-defense was made with the same cynicism that was shown by the wolf in the fable.

Justice, naturally, and of necessity from the definition of justice, gives heed to extenuating circumstances when they exist. Not to do so would be as unjust as anything could be, and perhaps, had Lord READING been speaking from the bench, he would not have called the mitigation of punishment which such circumstances enforce on the righteous Judge an exhibition of "mercy." It hardly is that, in strictness of language, but the name is convenient as indicative of departure from the attitude of a Judge who viewed and penalized an act as if it stood alone and without relation to conditions and intentions.

Killing is not always murder, nor is the taking of another's property always theft. "That depends," as the saying is, and the dependence is always remembered by the just Judge, for it gives him, often, the opportunity, without violating his oath, to be what Lord READING meant by merciful while enforcing the law as he finds it in the statute book. Other opportunity for that he has none, or at least he should have none.

At Least He Spoke of Apologies.

Writing in the brief interval between President WILSON'S letter of inquiry to the German Chancellor and the announcement of his decision as to the terms on which negotiations for peace between Germany and the Allies could begin, the editor of the Rhenish Gazette made what was, for any member of his class, a truly remarkable statement. As translated in yesterday's dispatch from THE TIMES correspondent at The Hague, the statement ran: "Justified by the confidence which the German Government places in him, [Mr. WILSON,] we must at the same time apologize for the many insults directed at him in the past two years."

That sounds like confession of the sort held to be good for the soul. One cannot but suspect, however, that this gleam of repentance arose from the assumption that Germany's professions were going to be taken at face value rather than from any real conviction of sin forming in an awakened conscience. Apology for insult is something to which Germany has not accustomed the world, and it is more than possible, now that the German trap has been sprung and caught nothing, the Rhineland editor will disclose that his pretty sentence was not an act of contrition, but a veiled sarcasm, directed at Germans who, in his opinion, are too quick despairers, too prompt in admitting defeat, too ready to give up the hope of keeping booty acquired.

MUNITION WORKERS.

Whether Employed by the Government or Not, They Are Insured.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES editorial on the subject of "Insurance for Munition Workers," in the issue of Oct. 8 is evidently based upon a misunderstanding of the protection which the Federal Government assures munition workers, as all employes working for the Government are covered by the Federal Compensation act, which became a law September 7, 1916, and which is administered by the United States Employes' Compensation Commission.

The employes at Morgan Station recently killed or injured by the explosion were covered by this act, as the T. A. Gillespie Company is acting for the Government, and the Federal Compensation Commission has ruled that the employes are civil employes of the United States. Workmen injured before the explosion received benefits under the act and, of course, therefore, all those injured or killed by the explosion were likewise covered by the act. The medical officer of the Commission, Dr. John W. Trask, was early on the ground to see that all injured workers received prompt and proper medical and hospital attention, and also to assist beneficiaries to prepare claims for compensation.

Section 6 of the act provides "that the monthly compensation for total disability shall not be more than $66.67, nor less than $33.33, unless the employe's monthly pay is less than $33.33, in which case his monthly compensation shall be the full amount of his monthly pay. The monthly compensation for partial disability shall not be more than $66.67."

In addition to the monetary benefits, the Government must provide reasonable medical, surgical, and hospital services as long as they are needed. In other words any civil employe of the United States injured in service is entitled to two-thirds of his monthly wage, provided his monthly pay is not more than $100 nor less than $50 per month. Most employes in the hazardous plants of the Government are now making more than $100 per month, and therefore do not receive the equivalent of two-thirds of their wages during the period of disability, but they do receive at least $66.67 per month and medical attention. In case of the death of a workman on account of his employment, the Government provides $100 funeral expenses and that his widow shall receive 35 per cent. of his wage each month during widowhood, and his children 10 per cent. each until they are 18 years of age, but the total family payment cannot exceed $66.67 per month. A dependent widower receives the same compensation as a widow. Dependent parents, sisters, and brothers receive benefits under the law. The administration of the law indicates that a widow and three or more children of an employe of the Government, who loses his life in the service, may receive from $7,000 to $15,000 compensation insurance, paid to them in monthly installments until the children are 18 years of age and the widow dies or remarries.

If the point to the editorial was that Congress should provide some method of insurance in addition to the compensation insurance, a distinction should have been made. Employes in all the munition plants where a contractor is acting as an agent of the Government are covered by the Federal Compensation act, and nearly all the explosive manufacturing plants are Government plants. Whenever a firm, however, is acting as independent contractors and not as agents of the Government, the employes are covered for compensation purposes by State compensation laws. In case there are no compensation laws, as in ten Southern States, the contractor takes out casualty insurance, which is charged against the Government. There are no men and women making munitions for the Government who are not covered by some form of compensation insurance.

R. M. LITTLE,
Director the American Museum of Safety.
New York, Oct. 8, 1918.

BACK TO NORMAL TIME.

Winter Sunshine Can't Be Increased by Legislation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to protest against the enactment of the bill now before Congress prohibiting the restoration of normal time on the 27th of this month.

If there were any benefit to be gained by the nation, most of us would submit with various degrees of grace. But all the laws that could ever be passed could not legislate more than about ten hours of daylight into a Winter's day.

We will have to use artificial light for six hours a day anyhow, and the proposed law simply means an additional hour of such light in the morning instead of at night. The combined practice of Europe is against the proposed change. It will try our tempers and endanger our health.

F. F. DAVIS.
New York, Oct. 12, 1918.

THE LIBERTY BOND UNBOUND.

I am the Liberty Bond—but bound
Unless by the hand of a freeman freed;
I'm a giant in chains, but, my bands unwound,
I'll spring to the aid of a world in need.

I am the thrust of the transport's prow,
As it speeds to doom the Teuton's power;
I'm the grim resolve on the soldier's brow,
As he grips his gun at the zero hour.

I am the wings of the airman's soul,
As he hurls the boche from heaven to hell;
I'm powder and flash as the big guns roll;
And the eager whine of the flying shell.

I am the temper in Pershing's sword;
The diamond point of Wilson's pen;
The avenging edge of the wrath of the Lord;
The dawning hope of a world of men.

I'm a fear in the heart of the Hun—
If I fail his hope afresh will flame;
A hundred battles will be undone,
And the heart of the soldier sink with shame.

I am the Liberty Bond—but bound
Unless by the hand of a freeman freed;
Let me go! Let me go! Now! Now!
while the sound
Of a thousand bugles proclaims the need!

HENRY H. BARSTOW.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS FEW.

National Party, on Its Organ's Own Showing, Has 34,000 Members.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—By a happy accident, the exact numerical importance of the so-called great French National Socialist Party, which for many years past has posed as representing the French working classes, has now been revealed. Populaire, one of the minor organs of the former Minority Socialists, which by a very small majority succeeded last week at the National Socialist Congress in obtaining recognition as constituting the paper of the present majority of the entire party, states, in criticising a statement made by the Temps, that the active members of the party now number 34,000. According to Populaire, the total membership of the French Socialist Party before the war was 72,000. This was reduced by mobilization to 22,000. By the efforts of the Minoritaires, Populaire states, this number has now been increased by 50 per cent.

The Temps, in commenting on the admission made by Populaire, points out that "in this country of nearly 40,000,000 inhabitans it is these 34,000 'militants' which constitute the so-called 'organized proletariat,' which would deliver the nation and the whole world over to Internationalism as the conscious accomplice or pitiable dupe of Prussian-militarism. It is a point worth remembering."

The Temps further remarks that it would be interesting to know exactly from what elements have been drawn, as a result of the efforts referred to, the 12,000 new recruits "who have thought fit to support the policy of national dissolution at a time when all the children of France worthy of the name, whether middle-class or peasants, are fulfilling their patriotic duty and devoting their best efforts to the safety and greatness of their country."

ELECT AMERICAN DUCHESS.

London Voters Choose Duke of Marlborough's Wife for Council.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt of New York, was selected today a member of the London County Council to represent West Southwark, a working-class district of London.

Announcement was made in London on August 3 that the Duchess of Marlborough had been accepted as the Progressive candidate for the vacancy in West Southwark.

The Councilors are elected for three years, and there are 118 of them. They are elected by the taxpayers, and the Councilors in turn choose the Aldermen. The present Council has sat continuously since March, 1913, there having been no election except to fill vacancies.

The Duchess of Marlborough is the first American-born woman to be elected a member of the London County Council. The Council raises money, looks after improvements and education in the County of London, and also has authority over the street car lines. It has numerous other powers of a financial and local governmental nature.

WANTS WILSON EXPLAINED.

Leslie M. Shaw Offers $500 for Legal Meaning of 14 Conditions.

Leslie M. Shaw, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, in a statement issued yesterday, says he does not understand the fourteen conditions of peace laid down by President Wilson, and he offers $500 "to any reputable international lawyer who will give in terse and definite form the legal meaning of each of the fourteen conditions which Chancellor Maximilian expresses willingness to accept."

Mr. Shaw says he has no doubt that, by such expressions as "removal of all economic barriers and the establishment of neutrality of trade conditions," "freedom from economic serfdom," the prohibition of "any form of economic exclusion," and "the prevention of all economic rivalries in definite and binding terms," the President "intends to establish international free trade." If that is the President's meaning, Mr. Shaw says that "undoubtedly our Allies will welcome," the neutral world will rejoice, and the Central Powers will be willing to surrender practically everything for such a provision." And this will be the case, because there are two essentials to a market, ability to pay and needs. "After the war, all the world will be in need, but America only will possess the means with which to buy. International free trade, therefore, should be acceptable to every one, except experienced Americans."

Furthermore, Mr. Shaw wishes to know if such expressions of the President as "evenhanded and dispassionate justice," "impartial justice with no discrimination between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just," "no favoritism, and no standard but the equal rights of the several peoples concerned," mean, for instance, "that the people of Belgium, whose factories have been scrapped, natural resources plundered, cities burned, youth deported and children mutilated, and that the people of Germany, whose lands are as yet unscathed by the horrors of war, and whose barns and warehouses are bursting with loot are to face this new, unselfish world, from which 'all economic rivalry has been removed in binding form' on equal terms?"

SPEED DESTROYER OUTPUT.

Daniels Asks Builders to Help Meet New U-Boat Menace.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—American shipbuilders were called upon by Secretary Daniels today to speed up their output of destroyers to meet the menace of the new and greater submarine effort which Germany is known to be planning.

The Secretary began a series of conferences with representatives of the builders. Most of the plants are working now nearly to capacity on destroyers, but arrangements will be made to lay down as many additional vessels as possible.

Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, disclosed in a statement Saturday night that a renewed enemy submarine effort was imending and that the allied navies were prepared to deal with it. One of the important results of the conferences of the Admiralty mission with officials here has been to emphasize the need for more destroyers—the weapon the submarine most fears.

Secretary Daniels also let it be known today that successful trials of Eagle No. 1, the new submarine fighter and chaser, have been held, with results in every way better than had been anticipated. In speed the Eagle was said to be the equal in every respect of the destroyer of a few years ago, and to excel it in seagoing qualities. Production, which has been contingent upon trials, now will proceed, and Mr. Daniels indicated that the Ford plant building the Eagles would reach the peak of its schedule early next year.

LUXEMBURG BEGS AID.

Government Seeks Liberation from German Occupation.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 15.—According to the Bremen Weser-Zeitung, the Luxemburg Chamber of Deputies has unanimously adopted an order of the day begging President Wilson to protect Luxemburg's rights.

The order demanded that the Government should obtain the evacuation of the country and the liberation of all nationals of Luxemburg condemned by the German military courts.

The statement says that the Government associated itself with the order.

LIEDERKRANZ CALLS FOR VICTORY PEACE

Roosevelt's Denunciation of the Kaiser Stirs Club of Men Descended from Germans.

BUY MANY LIBERTY BONDS

Colonel Praises Work of Council of Jewish Women at Temple Emanu-El Liberty Loan Meeting.

Speaking before an audience of men and women that filled Liederkranz Hall, 111 East Fifty-eighth Street, last night, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt vigorously declared that America must accept no peace based upon anything but unconditional surrender. The Colonel was frequently interrupted by prolonged applause when he attacked "Prussianized Hohenzollernism," and declared there was room in this country for only one people, one flag and one language.

The meeting was under the auspices of the Liederkranz Associates' Committee of the Fourth Liberty Loan, and resulted in many thousands being subscribed.

Although all members of the club are of German descent, every reference made by Colonel Roosevelt and the other speakers, William Forster, President of the club, and Ludwig Nissen, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee, to the necessity for complete and overwhelming victory and denunciation of the Kaiser were cheered again and again.

"Our whole effort," declared the Colonel at one point, "must be to bring Germany to her knees and to put a stop once for all to her threat of world dominion, and to do this we must insist on a unified citizenship here at home. There is room in this country for loyalty for one flag—the American flag—and therefore no room for loyalty for any other flag, and still less for the black or the red flag."

The Colonel made no reference to President Wilson's reply to Germany, and kept close to his written speech.

The Colonel was wildly cheered at one point, when, referring to the American Revolution, he declared that King George III. was "a white-winged dove of peace compared to the Kaiser."

The Colonel was introduced by Ludwig Nissen and Mr. Forster presided. Others on the platform were Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Second District Federal Reserve Bank; Archie Roosevelt, the Colonel's son, recently invalided home, and a private, one of Pershing's veterans, who was wounded at Cambrai, as well as scores of soldiers and sailors of German origin, who were invited to the platform by the Colonel. The Liederkranz male chorus sang patriotic songs.

Mr. Forster said the Germany of former years was not the Germany of today as a military autocracy had developed a different thought, a "militaristic kultur" that taught that might was right and that the smaller, weaker nations were the rightful prey of stronger nations. "I think the Kaiser will go because his own people will ask him to go," he declared.

"It is a peculiar pleasure to come here this evening to speak for the Liberty Loan and for straight unadulterated Americanism, under the auspices of the Liederkranz Club," said Col. Roosevelt, in his address. "I am informed that you have on the Club Flag some 200 stars for the members and the sons and nephews of members who have gone into the Army and Navy. Thereby you have passed the supreme test.

"We must put this war through as speedily as possible, but we must be prepared to fight it through no matter, if necessary, how many years it takes, to our last dollar, and to our last man—until we win the peace of overwhelming victory, and we should accept no peace not based on the unconditional surrender of Germany and her vassal allies.

"We are at war with Germany, just as 140 years ago we were at war with England. This war is as just and as righteous and as essential to the interests and welfare of our people as the Revolutionary War. In the Revolutionary War and the lead was taken against England by men like Washington, who were themselves of English blood, and no man was excused from doing his patriotic duty on the ground that it was hard to fight against the land from which his forefathers came. We must inflexibly apply the same rule now, for Germany has wronged America more cruelly than she was ever wronged by England in 1776.

"There is room in this country for but one language, and that must be the language of the Declaration of Independence and Washington's Farewell Address and Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech—the English language. This must be the language taught in our schools, and it must ultimately be the language of all our newspapers.

"Nothing has been finer in this war than the way in which myriads of men of German blood have come forward to take the lead in the great fight for American ideals. This has been true among our civilians, and it has been true among our soldiers."

Colonel Roosevelt, addressing 1,500 women of the New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women at the Temple Emanu-El yesterday afternoon, after praising their work in providing comforts and enjoyments for soldiers and in caring for the families of soldiers, continued:

"It would be impossible to overstate the debt owed to you and to those like you who take care of the soldiers, and I don't mean their bodily comforts only, but their psychic needs as well, their need of companionship and enjoyment. Another thing that should always be before all of us is the duty of freeing the man at the front, who has a family depending upon him, from anxiety about the women and children behind. And while women can do a great deal, man can do most in this respect. I know that there is nothing that will prey so on the mind of the man worth anything—and most of our men are worth a great deal—as the sense that those dependent upon him are on the edge of disaster, and it is a shame for our whole people if, while the army is abroad, a single wife, child, or old mother of a soldier comes to want here.

MAY ABANDON CAMPAIGN.

Theatres Closed and Meetings Prohibited Because of Influenza.

Final plans for the proposed speaking campaigns, scheduled to begin on Monday, are being held in abeyance by both Democratic and Republican campaign managers, pending assurances from up-State localities included in the prospective itineraries, that the epidemic of Spanish influenza has been abated sufficiently to permit the ban against public meetings, now rigidly enforced, being lifted. Under itineraries already completed, both Governor Whitman and Alfred R. Smith, are to start from this city early Monday morning, the Governor for a tour be

CAPTAIN RAINSFORD WOUNDED IN ACTION

Son of Rector of St. George's Church Went Overseas with Camp Upton Division.

LIEUT.H.E.ROTHWELL KILLED

His Brother Who Was an Officer in the Navy Went Down with the Transport Tampa.

Captain W. Kerr Rainsford, a son of the Rev. Dr. William S. Rainsford, former rector of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, has been wounded in action. Captain Rainsford is a company commander of the 307th Infantry of the Upton Division, and is a graduate of the Plattsburg Training Camp of 1917. He was driving an ambulance in France when this country entered the war and returned to enter the American Army.

Lieutenant Tolman Douglas Wheeler, a son of Henry R. Wheeler, a contracting engineer of 17 Battery Place, died of wounds in a base hospital near Paris Sept. 5. He was trained at Plattsburg and went to France as a Second Lieutenant of engineers. On his promotion to a First Lieutenancy he was transferred to the line and assigned to the 327th Infantry, with which unit he was fighting when wounded. Memorial services for Lieutenant Wheeler will be held in Grance Episcopal Church next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Lieutenant Harold E. Bothwell, who was in Company K of the 306th Infantry, was killed on Aug. 14. He was a brother of Lieutenant Roy A. Bothwell, U. S. N., who was lost when the transport Tampa was torpedoed by the Germans a few weeks ago. Lieutenant Bothwell was a son of Thomas Bothwell of 107 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn, and was trained at Plattsburg. He went to France as an enlisted man and was promoted for gallantry in action. He was a graduate of the Manual Training High School and was 22 years of age.

Lieutenant Charles M. Tyson, reported missing, is a son of Brig. Gen. Lawrence D. Tyson, U. S. A., who commands a brigade in the Thirtieth Division of Carolina and Tennessee Guardsmen. Lieutenant Tyson, who was in the Naval Reserve, was lost as the result of a seaplane accident in British waters. He lived at 149 East Thirty-seventh Street.

Lieutenant Alton Alexander Brody of the Aviation Section, who is a son of Joseph M. Brody of 22 East Eighty-ninth Street, also is reported missing. Lieutenant Brody was a student at New York University when Congress declared war.

Lieutenant John W. McConnell, who was in Company G of the 307th Infantry of the 77th Division, has been killed in action, according to a telegram received from the War Department by his widow, who lives in Yonkers. Lieutenant McConnell was 29 years of age and a graduate of Middlebury College, Vt., and of the Albany Law School. He was trained at Plattsburg.

Lieutenant Alfred N. Joerg, a son of Mrs. Theda Joerg of 376 Lewis Avenue, Brooklyn, reported missing, was a lawyer with offices at 41 Wall Street, when he entered the army. He is a graduate of Fordham, and was trained at Plattsburg. He went to France as an aviator attached to the 12th Aero Squadron.

Lieutenant Stanley Phillips, severely wounded, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Phillips of Montclair. He was a cadet at St. John's Military Academy when Congress declared war and was trained at Plattsburg. He went to France with the 106th Infantry of the New York Division.

Sergeant Alexander Miller, Jr., of Company B of the 306th Infantry, was wounded on Sept. 6. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Miller of 533 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, and is a graduate of the Manual Training High School.

Sergeant John C. Joos also was wounded on Sept. 6. He lives at 1,721 Madison Street, Brooklyn. He is a cartoonist and went to France as a member of Company B of the 306th Infantry.

Corporal Gordon Bartlett, a son of the Rev. Dr. Samuel C. Bartlett of Peacedale, R. I., and a grandson of the late President Bartlett of Dartmouth College, died of wounds on Sept. 17. Before this country entered the war Sergeant Bartlett was with the American Ambulance Corps in France and won the Croix de Guerre before he attached to that unit. He was 19 years of age.

Sergeant John J. Curtin, a nephew of Mrs. Timothy Sheehan of 124 East Ninety-eighth Street, has been killed. He served with the 69th Regiment on the border and went to France with Company D of the 165th Infantry.

Richard C. Nicholas, dead of wounds, was in Company K of the 306th Infantry. He was a son of Conrad Nicholas of 1164 Ogden Avenue, the Bronx.

Sergeant James J. Maguire, missing, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Maguire of 115 West 121st Street. He went to France as a corporal of Company G of the 306th Infantry.

Dennis Collins, killed, was in Company B of the 306th Infantry. He lived at 502 East Seventy-second Street.

Corporal Philip Greller, a 71st Regiment veteran, was killed on Sept. 12. He went overseas with the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. He lived at 430 West 163d Street.

John P. Pfeiffer of the Headquarters Company of the 306th Infantry, died of wounds on Sept. 15. He was a son of Mrs. Catherine Pfeiffer of 505 Claremont Parkway, the Bronx.

Edgar Veury, Jr., killed, was previously reported missing. He was a son of Edgar Veury of 1,341 Taylor Avenue, the Bronx, and was a member of Company G of the 306th Infantry.

Clarence Kochler, killed, was in Company C of the 305th Infantry. He lived at 220 Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn.

John Flagg McMillen, killed, was one of the oldest veterans of the 69th Regiment to go overseas. He was 40 years of age and a member of the Machine Gun Company of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. He lived at 1 West 101st Street.

Peter F. McDonald, Jr., wounded, is in Company E of the 306th Infantry. His home is at 864 Seventy-second Street, Brooklyn.

Carmine Apicalla, killed, was one of three brothers who went to France as members of fighting units. His home was at 82 Bayard Street, and he was a member of Company F of the 309th Infantry.

Corporal Gunnar Nelson, wounded, is in Company L of the 307th Infantry. He lives at 241 Columbia Street, Brooklyn.

Louis Bashner, wounded, is in Company C of the 308th Infantry. His home is at 366 South Second Street, Brooklyn.

Sergeant Thomas E. Gallagher of Company G of the 307th Infantry, was wounded on Sept. 10. He was in the hardware business in Brooklyn when he was drafted. His parents live in Oshkosh, Wis.

Herman C. Stern, dead of wounds. Went overseas with Battery B of the 308th Field Artillery. He lived at 229 Starr Street, Brooklyn.

Frank Ortolana, who was a Pennsylvania Railroad engineer when he was drafted, is in Company E of the 307th Infantry. He was wounded on Sept. 5. He lives at 2,034 Gravesend Avenue, Brooklyn.

Thomas F. Fay, a 69th Regiment veteran, was wounded on Sept. 12. He is in Company B of the 165th Infantry. His home is at 147 Oakland Street, Brooklyn.

Nicholas Hall, wounded, is a son of Thomas Hall of 1,133 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. He went to France as a member of Company B of the 106th Infantry.

Sergeant Oliver R. Davis, Company D of the Ninth Infantry, was wounded on Sept. 15. He lives at 101 Oak Street, Yonkers.

David Fitzgerald, wounded, is in Company F of the 106th Infantry. He is a nephew of Mrs. Georgia Read of 811 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn.

Sergeant James H. Ames, killed, was a son of Mrs. Clark T. Ames of 607 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. He was a member of Company D of the 307th Infantry, and was recently cited by General Pershing for gallantry in action.

Ernest Plitt, dead of disease, was the former champion tennis player of the Queens-Nassau Lawn Tennis League. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Plitt of Elmhurst, L. I., and was, before entering the service, a banker in this city.

Corporal George Cronin, wounded, is in Company H of the 106th Infantry. He lives at 489 Wythe Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal Carl E. Bohlin, wounded, is a son of John A. Bohlin of 414 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn. He is in Company B of the 106th Infantry.

Lester D. Cavanagh, wounded, is a veteran of the Twenty-third, who went overseas with Company D of the 106th Infantry. He lives at 2,048-A Pacific Street, Brooklyn.

Harry Roessler, wounded, is in Company A of the 307th Infantry. He is a son of Mrs. Elizabeth Roessler of 409 Sixteenth Street, Brooklyn.

ROBERT RUDD WHITING DIES

Author and Former Editor of Ainslie's Magazine a Pneumonia Victim.

Robert Rudd Whiting, author and formerly editor of Ainslee's Magazine, but lately a dollar a year man at Washington, in the Bureau of Public Information, died yesterday morning of pneumonia at his home, Tokeneka, in Darien, Conn.

Mr. Whiting was born in New York City, Sept. 15, 1877, a son of Newton Francis and Katherine Rudd Whiting. He was graduated from Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., in 1896, and was a student at Harvard, 1896-97, and at Princeton, 1897-99. He joined the staff of The New York Sun as soon as he left Princeton, and continued with that newspaper until 1904. He joined the staff of Everybody's Magazine as department editor in 1906, and held this position for four years. After a year with The Designer, he went with Ainslee's Magazine as editor in 1911, holding this position until he went to Washington to join Creel's committee.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. FRANCIS JOSEPH O'NEILL of the staff of St. Francis Hospital, Jersey City, died Monday night of pneumonia. He was 35 years old.

First Lieutenant EDWARD H. ROBINSON of Headquarters Co. 159, Depot Brigade, Camp Taylor, Ky., died Saturday of pneumonia at the base hospital at Camp Taylor. He was a son of Major Edward W. Robinson, Engineers United States Army, a former New York engineer who is stationed at Camp Forrest, Ga., in command of the 124th Engineers.

Ensign Emile CRESSY BERARD, in command of the U. S. S. Spartan, died Saturday of pneumonia at the United States Naval Hospital in Portsmouth, Va. Ensign Berard came of a military family. He will be buried with military honors in Portsmouth.

JOSEPH N. BOGART, a veteran of the civil war, for many years ough baggage master at the Weehawken Station of the West Shore Railroad, died Monday at his home in North Plainfield, N. J.

Captain D. H. DAHLGREN, 30 years old, is dead at his home at Milton, N. Y., of Spanish influenza. He commanded the company of the 1st Infantry, stationed at Marlborough, and recently gave the village of Milton an armory.

BENJAMIN F. STAUFFER, 75 years old, a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, died suddenly Monday at Long Branch, N. J.

Miss LOUISE EVELYN BYRNE, Red Cross nurse, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Austin T. Byrne of Baldwin, N. Y., died Monday of pneumonia at Base Hospital No. 1, Bronx. She was 24 years old.

HERMAN KOPLIK, Vice President of the Liberty Cloth Sponging Works, 19½ Greene Street, died yesterday morning at his home, 1,013 Bryant Avenue, the Bronx.

GENIA DE ARIA GROFF, formerly a member of the Metropolitan Opera Company, died Monday at the Base Hospital at Camp Humphreys, Va., of pneumonia, following influenza.

JAMES P. GILL, who, with his twin brother, entered the Naval Reserve forces soon after this country entered the war, died Monday of pneumonia in Flushing, L. I. He was 21 years old.

Sergeant LESTER PARKS of the United States Machine Gun Corps, formerly a policeman of White Plains, N. Y., is dead of pneumonia, following influenza, at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga. He was 27 years old.

WILLIAM PITT EARLE, radio operator of White Plains, N. Y., is dead of pneumonia at Austin, Texas.

Mrs. EMELINE ALSTYNE BURR, widow of Joseph Arthur Burr, who was the father of the late Justice Joseph A. Burr, died on Monday at her home, 145 Rodney Street, Brooklyn, in her ninety-third year.

HUGH SEMPER RAWLINS, 25 years old, an aviator instructor at Parkfield, Tenn., died at Memphis on Saturday of pneumonia. He was a son of William E. and Maud Rawlins of 46 Irving Place, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM M. TITUS, a retired commercial traveler, died of apoplexy on Sunday at his home, 56 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn, aged 64 years.

Mrs. ANNA C. DESSER, wife of Louis L. Desser, assistant cashier of F. M. Lockwood & Co., died on Monday at her home, 235 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

Mrs. ISABEL GARCIA TYLER, wife of Professor Hazen G. Tyler of the University of New York, died of pneumonia on Monday at the home of her mother, 307 Macon Street, Brooklyn, aged 32 years.

JAMES E. GARNER, proprietor of the Manhattan House Cleaning Co., in Manhattan, for thirty-eight years, is dead at his home, 387 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SARAH ELIZABETH DU BOIS, widow of Henry Clay Du Bois and a daughter of the late Isaac Washburn, died from heart disease on Monday at her home, 1,793 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 73 years.

JOHN H. SINNOTT, a flour broker in Manhattan, died on Sunday at his home, 150 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

HENRY C. WENDELCKE, 64 years old, a gold pen maker, and a resident of Brooklyn for thirty-five years, died on Sunday at his home, 7,206 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, from heart disease.

Mrs. BRIDGET CLINE, proprietor of the Hudson House in Far Rockaway, died there on Sunday, aged 79 years.

Captain D. F. SHIELVLIE, chief of the explosive branch of the United States Ordnance Department at Philadelphia, died in that city Tuesday of pneumonia.

JOSEPH P. YORK, advertising manager of the Telephone Red Book Directory, is dead at his home, 61 West 106th Street. He was 34 years old.

Captain CHARLES W. HOFFMAN of the Porto Rican liner Garibaldi, and a Lieutenant Commander in the U. S. N. R., died Monday at his home, 159 Warren Street, Brooklyn.

JACOB ROSENBERGER, 54 years old, a broker of 555 West 151st Street, died suddenly last night of heart disease, in a cab, while on his way to a theatre with his daughter.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

RUPPRECHT.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter E., 58 Central Park West, announce the birth of a son Oct. 14, 1918.

SAMUELS.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Samuels, (nee Annette L. Roberts,) announce the birth of a son, Oct. 15, at Alston's Sanitarium.

SEBRING.—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Sebring of 64 East 86th St. announce the birth of a son.

Married.

TURNER—LESLIE.—A quiet wedding took place yesterday afternoon at the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, this city, when Helen Leslie, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Leslie of Paterson, N. J., was married to Mr. Avery C. Turner of Montreal, Canada, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Turner of Cowansville, Quebec.

Died.

ADAMS.—Oct. 14, Henry Adams, in his 73d year, at his residence, 251 West 109th St. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 17, 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, thence to the Church of the Ascension, 107th St., Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

ARCULARIUS.—Monday, Oct. 14, 1918, Marie Fermine du Buisson, wife of Philip E. Arcularius, M. D., and daughter of the late George H. du Buisson. Funeral service at her late residence, 52 Chestnut St., East Orange, N. J., Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

ARMBRUSTER.—Oct. 15, at her home, 263 Eldert St., Brooklyn, Julia J., (nee Neury,) wife of Eugene L. Armbruster. Services Friday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

ARNHEIM.—On Oct. 12, at Camp Green, Charlotte, N. C., in his 27th year, David, beloved son of Charles and Pannie, (nee Froehlich,) and devoted brother of Clara and Myra. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AVELLING.—Suddenly, Oct. 13, Edward Willett, of Avelling and Lloyd, great-grandson of the late ex-Mayor Marinus Willett of New York, also great-great-grandson of the first Mayor of New York, aged 30 years. Services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday, 12 noon.

BAKER.—On Sept. 12, at a base hospital in France, from wounds received in battle on July 29, Captain Charles Dabney Baker, 165th U. S. Infantry, son of Stephen and Mary Dabney Baker. A memorial service will be held in St. James' Church, Madison Av., and 71st St., on Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 4 P. M.

BIRNS.—Suddenly, Berthe L., (Sissy,) beloved daughter of Louis and Bella Birns and sister of Eugene, Jerome, Herbert, and Lloyd, in her 12th year. Funeral Wednesday, 10:30 A. M., from 545 West 111th St.

BOHN.—Augustine, beloved wife of Louis E. Bohn and mother of Paul and Ralph, suddenly from heart failure Tuesday morning. Funeral services Thursday, 8 P. M., at her late residence, 108 North High St., Mount Vernon. Funeral private.

BOWLBY.—On Oct. 15, at Hahnemann Hospital, of pneumonia, Lieutenant Robert Archer Bowlby, C. E. F., retired. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOWERS.—At Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland, of pneumonia, Corporal Guy L. Bowers, in his 26th year, beloved son of Annie and Henry N. Bowers. Funeral services at Dockrell's Chapel, 310 Willis Av., Bronx, Wednesday evening, Oct. 16, at 8:45.

BREEDE.—At White Plains, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1918, Helen M., beloved wife of Walter Breede, in her 38th year. Funeral services for relatives at 1 Chatterton Parkway, on Thursday, at 8 P. M.

BROWN.—Suddenly, at Bridgeport, in his 69th year, John Adams of Norwalk, Conn Burial in Forest Hills, Mass. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BROWN.—At Highland Mills, at the residence of her brother, William Yates, Marther H. Brown, widow of Colonel Richard A. Brown.

BURLING.—On Oct. 15, of pneumonia, at his residence, 603 Quincy St., Pay Clerk Joseph Edgar Burling, U. S. N. R. F., beloved husband of Elsie Meng Burling. Services at the home of his parents, Charles E. Burling, 768 Putman Av. Notice of funeral later.

BURR.—On Oct. 14, 1918, Emeline Alstyne, widow of Joseph Arthur Burr. Funeral from her late residence, 145 Rodney St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 17, 1918, at 2 P. M.

BURT.—Alfred S., at Otisville, N. Y. Funeral from his late residence, 226 Echo Place, Bronx. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BUSKIN.—Edward, 552 West 118th St., Saturday night, at Wilmington, Del.

BUXBAUM.—Alfred, of 145 Vermilyea Av., Oct. 14, of pneumonia, at Base Hospital, Camp Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla. Beloved son of Lena and Adolph Buxbaum, brother of Selma and Ruth. Notice of funeral later.

BYRNE.—Monday, Oct. 14, at the base hospital No. 1, Bronx, of pneumonia, Red Cross Nurse Louise Evelyn, beloved daughter of Austin T. and Regena J. Byrne, of Baldwin, N. Y., aged 24 years. Interment Thursday, 3 P. M., at Springfield, N. Y.

CALDER.—Annie B., on Oct. 15, 1918, at her residence, 2,653 Broadway. Services Wednesday evening, at 9:15.

CARMEN.—Rev. John H., C. M., prefect of studies of the high school department of St. John's College, Brooklyn, formerly Professor of Latin at Niagara University, at St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, Monday, Oct. 14, 1918. Funeral at the Church of St. John the Baptist, Lewis and Willoughby Avs., Brooklyn. Divine office 9:30, requiem mass 10 A. M., Wednesday, Oct. 16.

CARNEY.—Oct. 14, Anna V. Carney, beloved daughter of John and Mary Carney, (nee Halpin.) Funeral from her late residence, 104 West 86th St., Thursday, 9:30 A. M., thence to Holy Trinity Church, where a mass of requiem will be offered. Automobile cortege.

CHAPIN.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Monday morning, Oct. 14, Caroline, daughter of Martha E. and the late Henry Chapin, Jr. Services from her late home, 114 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 5 P. M. Interment private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CLARK.—At Montclair, N. J., Oct. 15, 1918, Georgia Edwina Sowdon, wife of Edgar Olcott Clark. Funeral at convenience of the family.

CLINCHY.—Suddenly, Oct. 13, Roberta Stover, beloved wife of Rev. Russell James Clinchy. Interment at her late residence in Fairmount, New Jersey, on Oct. 17. Philadelphia papers please copy.

COBB.—William H., at his residence, 203 West 108th St. Funeral notice later.

COHN.—On Monday, Oct. 14, Millie Cohn, (nee Diamant,) beloved wife of Meyer Cohn. Funeral services Wednesday, Oct. 16, 10 A. M., late residence, 1,052 Tiffany St., Bronx. Interment at Cedar Grove Cemetery, Flushing, L. I. Omit flowers.

COLLINS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1918, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Mrs. Aerieli L. (Gates) Collins, wife of Charles R. Collins. Funeral services at the home, 27 Locust Av., New Rochelle, Thursday, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M. Interment at Beechwoods Cemetery, Dubuque (Iowa) and Milwaukee (Wis.) papers please copy.

CONNOR.—On Oct. 14, Harry Connor, aged 14 years, beloved son of Thomas A. and Florence Hughes Connor. Funeral from his late residence, 551 West 141st St., on Thursday, thence to Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., where mass will be celebrated at 10 A. M.

CRAVEN.—At Pelham Bay Naval Hospital, of pneumonia, on Monday, Oct. 14, Henry S. Craven, son of Eugenie Klinkofstrom and the late Henry S. Craven, Commander U. S. N., and grandson of the late Rear Admiral Thomas T. Craven, U. S. N. Funeral services at St. Luke's Chapel, Forest Hills Garden, Long Island, on Thursday, Oct. 17, at 11 A. M.

CROOK.—Mortimer J., on Oct. 13, St. Louis, Mo., in his 27th year, survived by wife and daughter, mother, sisters and brother. Funeral Wednesday noon, from 421 South 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CROWLEY.—Suddenly, on Oct. 14, Mrs. Elizabeth Crowley, beloved wife of Michael Crowley, the most beloved mother of Richard, Isabelle, Henry, Robert, and George. Funeral Thursday, at 10 A. M., from residence, 1,391 Madison Av.; thence to the Church of St. Francis de Sales.

DANZIGER.—On Oct. 15, Bella, beloved wife of Samuel Danziger. Funeral from her late residence, 251 West 89th St., Thursday, 11 A. M.

DELAPORTE.—Suddenly, on Oct. 14, Emma, at her residence, 723 St. Nicholas Av., beloved daughter of Edward and Emma Delaporte, (nee Guerin,) and sister of Camille. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Wednesday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

DECKERT.—Thomas, remains lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Frank Campbell Bldg.)

DOUGHERTY.—Suddenly, at New Rochelle, N. Y., on Oct. 14, 1918, Mildred Smith Dougherty, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh T. Dougherty, at her home in Halcyon Park, aged 19 years. Funeral services Thursday, at 2:30. Interment private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

DU BOIS.—On Oct. 14, 1918, Sarah Elizabeth, beloved wife of the late Henry C. Du Bois. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,793 Brooklyn Av., Oct. 16, 8 P. M. Interment private at Catskill, N. Y.

Died.

EAMES.—New York Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America, Office of the Secretary, No. 44 Wall St., New York.—It is with sincere regret that announcement is made to the members of the society of the sudden death by automobile accident of their late associate, Henry Capen Eames.
HENRY SNYDER KISSAM, Governor.
BENNETT DE BEIXEDON, Sec'y.

EARLE.—In the service of his country, William Pitt Earle, in his twenty-second year, of pneumonia, at Austin, Texas, on Sunday, Oct. 13, son of Octavia Earle and the late William Pitt Earle, Jr., of White Plains.

EVANS.—On Oct. 15, 1918, Frances Louise, wife of William A. Evans, at her residence, 229 West 83d St. Funeral services Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Cypress Hills.

FOX.—On Monday, Oct. 14, 1918, Elizabeth C., wife of Samuel W. Fox. Funeral from her late residence, Seven Oaks, Palisades, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Sparkill depot to meet train leaving Jersey City, 1:29 P. M. via Erie R. R.

FRIEDBERG.—Age 28, (in plumbing business, 3,910 New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn,) beloved husband of Ida, son of Abraham and Rose Friedberg, of pneumonia, Monday, Oct. 14. Funeral took place at his late residence, 958 42d St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, Oct. 15.

GAHAN.—Charles L., private, U. S. A. Oct. 14, 1918, son of James and Mary Gahan. Funeral services Thursday, 10 A. M., St. Denis Church, Yonkers, N. Y.

GARFIELD.—Henry N., husband of Elsie Sophie and beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Z. Garfield, 28 years of age, residence 535 West 151st. Funeral services will be held at Winter & Reich, 127 West 116th St., at 2 o'clock.

GARNER.—Suddenly, Oct. 14, James E. Garner, beloved brother of Eustis and Arthur Garner. Funeral from his late residence, 387 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, 1 P. M.

GERSTNER.—On Oct. 13, John Francis, age 11 years 7 months and 1 day, beloved and only son of John E. Gerstner and Julia (nee Friedrichsen). Funeral services at his late residence, 640 Academy St., (Grand Av. "L" Station,) Astoria, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Wednesday, 3 P. M., at Lutheran Cemetery.

GINTZLER.—On Monday, Oct. 14, Lena M. Gintzler, beloved sister of Samuel, Morris, and Louis A. Gintzler and Belle Fox. Funeral services at her late residence, 521 West 150th St., Oct. 16, 9 o'clock. Interment Washington Cemetery.

GRIMES.—Suddenly, Oct. 13, Joseph A., beloved husband of Florence G. Morgan. Funeral private.

HAGIMORI.—On Oct. 15, Y. H. Hagimori. Services at the Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 3:30 P. M.

HANNA.—At Philadelphia, on Oct. 14, Hugh J., Jr., beloved husband Lenore Hanna, (nee Hutchinson.) Funeral from his parents' residence, 114 West 90th, New York City, Thursday, Oct. 17. Requiem mass at St. Gregory's Church, West 90th St., at 10 A. M.

HARBY.—On Tuesday, Oct. 15, Ada Jones Harby, beloved wife of Walter N. Harby. Interment Friday, Oct. 18, Central Laurel Hill, Philadelphia, Penn.

HARRIS.—To the brethren of Courland Lodge No. 885, F. and A. M.:—It is with deep regret that I announce the death of our late brother, Oscar Harris. You are requested to attend an emergent communication, which will take place today, Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 2 P. M. sharp, from his late residence, Luna Villa Hotel, Mermaid Av., corner West 17th St., Coney Island. (Take West End Subway.)
(Signed) CHAS. DORIS, Master.
M. H. LOWENBERG, Secretary.

HAYWARD.—Sunday, Oct. 13, 1918, Jane, beloved wife of Frederick Hayward. Funeral services at Charles M. Jeroloman's Parlors, 2,157 7th Av., on Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 2 o'clock.

HELMKEN.—On Sunday, Oct. 13, Henry L. Helmken, Jr., beloved son of Mary and Henry L. Helmken, in his 23d year. Services this evening at his late residence, 1,461 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock. Funeral services, Oct. 17, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Lutheran Cemetery.

HERTZ.—Oct. 15, 1918, Margaret Bellew, beloved wife of Lieutenant Carl Hertz, aged 30 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday afternoon, 1:30.

HETTLING.—At Naval Hospital, Pelham Bay Park, of pneumonia, on Sunday, Oct. 13, in his twenty-second year, Frederick C., beloved son of Frederick H. and Marie Anna Hettling, (nee Bremfoerder.) Funeral services at St. Peter's Lutheran Church, 54th St.-Lexington Av., Thursday evening, Oct. 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

HORTON.—At Johnstown, N. Y., Oct. 13, Mildred, daughter of Marie Leonard and Vosburg Horton, age 18 years. Orange (N. J.) papers please copy.

HOWLAND.—Suddenly, at Spring Lake, N. J., Oct. 14, 1918, Sarah C. Howland, daughter of the late William Hazard and Annie M. West Howland. Funeral from her late residence, Morristown, N. J., Friday, Oct. 18, on arrival of the 9 o'clock train from New York.

HURDMAN.—At Jamaica, N. Y., on Oct. 15, 1918, Alice Ethel, wife of H. Orr Hurdman and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Wiltse. Funeral services will be held at Grace Episcopal Church, Jamaica, on Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

JOFFE.—Annie Raivid, beloved wife of Isaac Joffe and sister of Regina and Mixiam Joffe and Mrs. I. L. Brill. on Monday, Oct. 14, after a brief illness, in her 35th year. Funeral Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock from her late residence, 922 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

KLEIN.—Oct. 14, George J. Klein of Woodridge, Sullivan County, N. Y. Burial at Mount Zion Cemetery, New York. Member of Port Jervis, N. Y., B. P. O. E. and F. and A. M., New York City.

KLINGER.—At Ridgewood, N. J., Oct. 14, 1918, Lillian Anna Klinger, age 12 years, 4 months, 16 days. Funeral private, Wednesday, Oct. 16, from her late residence, 166 Hillcrest Road. Interment St. Luke's Cemetery.

KOPLIK.—Herman C., Vice President of the Liberty Cloth Sponging Works, passed away Tuesday morning at 5:30 o'clock, at his residence, 1,013 Bryant Av., Bronx. Funeral will be held at the above address Thursday, Oct. 17, at 9 A. M. sharp. Please omit flowers. All friends are respectfully invited.

LAWFORD.—Harrison Baring, on Oct. 15, 1918, in the twenty-eighth year of his age, only son of Hugh Reid and Georgina F. Lawford. Funeral at convenience of family.

LENNOX.—At Pelham Bay Naval Station, on Monday, Oct. 14, 1918, Chester Smithwick Lennox, beloved husband of Elizabeth Hetherington, and son of Robert W. and Emily A. Lennox, in his 25d year. Funeral services at 547 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 17, at 8 P. M.

LESLIE.—Of pneumonia, Oct. 14, William H., beloved son of Mary A. and the late Robert L. Leslie, and brother of Robert and Jesse. Funeral from Incarnation Church, West 175th St., 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

LONDON.—Etty, the widow of the late Myer London, the Matza baker, of 404 Grand St., at her residence, 780 Noastrand Av., Brooklyn. The funeral will take place at 1 P. M., from the Blaystoker Synagogue, 8 Willett St. She is survived by four children, three sons and one daughter.

LYNCH.—Eliza A. Lynch, beloved wife of James D. Lynch, at her residence, 35 Jefferson St., Nyack, N. Y., Monday, Oct. 14, 1918. Funeral services at St. Ann's Church, Nyack, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 17, at 10 A. M.

LUTHER.—At his residence, 465 Western Av., Albany, N. Y., early Tuesday morning, Oct. 15, John A., son of the late George W. and Phebe Andrews Luther, and brother of the late George Martin Luther. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 17, at 3 o'clock.

McGUIRE.—In this city, Oct. 14, 1918, Julia Cook, wife of Francis Allen McGuire and mother of Julia McGuire Child and Daniel Middleton McGuire. Funeral from the home of her daughter, 1,270 Madison Av., Wednesday, at 1 o'clock.

McKENZIE.—At Rutherford, N. J., Monday, Oct. 14, 1918, Carrie L., beloved daughter of James J. and Elizabeth E. McKenzie. Funeral private at the residence, 13 Raymond Av., Thursday, Oct. 17, at 2:30 P. M.

McNAIR.—Suddenly, on Oct. 13, Elizabeth Adelle, in the 33d year of her age. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Wednesday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment private.

MAHON.—Suddenly, on Oct. 15, 1918, by auto accident, Hester A. Mahon, beloved sister of William Mahon and Mrs. Charles H. Bowen. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Bowen, 504 West 158th St., on Friday afternoon, Oct. 18, at 2:30 o'clock.

MATZ.—Naphtali Lodge, Free Sons of Israel. Brethren: You are requested to attend funeral of our late brother, Jonas Matz, Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, 1,108 Clay Av., Bronx. EDWARD STRAUSS, President.

MICHAEL.—On Oct. 15, 1918, Marc Murray Michael, Jr., beloved son of Marc Murray Michael and Cornelia Lefferts Whitlock, in his 21st year.

MILLER.—On Saturday, Oct. 12, 1918, John Miller, Jr., beloved son of John and Marie Miller, in his 30th year. Funeral from his late residence, 734 East 166th St., on Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 12:15 P. M., thence to St. Paulus Evangelical Lutheran Church, 706 East 156th St., at 1 P. M.

MEYERS.—On Oct. 8, 1918, Private Leon S. Meyers, Jr., at Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla., aged 22 years, son of Leon S. and Nettie Morse Meyers. Funeral services at Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., on Wednesday, 10 A. M.

Died.

MESEROLE.—Abram H., suddenly. Services, 2 P. M., Wednesday, 302 E. 158th St.

MINOR.—At Buffalo, Tuesday, Oct. 15, William T. Minor, Jr., son of Charles W. Minor. Funeral notice later.

MINOR.—Tuesday, Oct. 15, Lottie Sprague Minor, beloved wife of Charles W. Minor and daughter of the late C. J. Sprague of Brooklyn. Funeral notice later. Stamford (Conn.) papers please copy.

MOSKIN.—Mabel, (nee Strauss,) on Monday, Oct. 14, beloved wife of Julius and devoted mother of Richard, Arthur, and Lewis. Funeral from her late residence, 600 West 161st, on Wednesday, Oct. 16, 2 o'clock. Lima (Ohio) papers please copy.

NEMSER.—On Oct. 14, First Sergeant Joseph William Nemser, S. A. T. C., beloved son of Waldemar and Fannie Nemser, and brother of Lieutenant Maximilian M. and Rudolph W., died of pneumonia at Ithaca, N. Y., in his 21st year. Funeral notice later.

NEWMAN.—Beatrice, beloved wife of Martin and mother of Daniel, Selma, and Pearl. Funeral from late residence, 1,017 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Oct. 16th, at 1 P. M.

NOMO.—Toshitusgu. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Frank Campbell Building,) Thursday, 11 o'clock.

NUGENT.—Suddenly, Oct. 15, Mae M. Nugent, beloved daughter of John and Maria Nugent (nee Farrelly) and sister of the Hon. James J., Margaret, and Thomas J. Nugent. Funeral Thursday, 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 416 East 58th St. Solemn requiem mass 10 A. M. at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St and 1st Av Interment Calvary.

O'CONNELLE.—On Oct. 14, John J., beloved husband of Sophia Weis, father of Margaret, member of Corrigan Council, K. of C.; formerly of Vera Cruz, and delegate to N. Y. Chapter. Owing to serious illness of Mrs. O'Connelle, he will be buried from the home of his sister, Mrs. S. J. Tittenton, 503 West 170th St., thence to the Church of the Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., where requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's.

OUTWATER.—At Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 14, 1918, Edmund J., beloved husband of Alice Scott Outwater. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PARKER.—Wadsworth Asher Parker, Jr., dearly beloved son of Wadsworth A. Parker and Carolyn Frances Anderson Parker, on Oct. 15, at his parents' residence, 965 West 7th St., Plainfield, N. J. Funeral private on Thursday, Oct. 17.

PETERS.—Suddenly, on Oct. 12, Madison Clinton, beloved husband of Sara Hart Peters. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Members of Euclid Council, F. and A. M.; also members of the Scottish Rite and Shrine are invited to attend. Interment private.

PIATT.—On

What is the Yield?

By CHARLES H. SABIN,
President,
Guaranty Trust Company
of New York.

It is customary, in urging the investor to buy Liberty Bonds, to emphasize the safety of the principal and the attractiveness of the yield.

It is needless to explain or to emphasize the safety of U. S. Government Bonds. But there are points in connection with the yield, which appeal to me as paramount, and on which I am glad to offer some suggestions.

The financial yield from an investment in Liberty Bonds is attractive, but there is another return which transcends any monetary consideration.

If the purchase of the Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds will bring us a step nearer the peace which will be worthy and lasting; if buying the bonds will help to rid the earth of that evil influence which has converted it from a place of beauty and peace to one of ruin and misery; if buying the bonds will provide our boys the means of carrying the message of civilization home to its despoilers; if it will help to put justice and fair-dealing at a premium among men; then I say that the return on Liberty Bonds is so high as to be impossible of expression in figures. And investing in Liberty Bonds is the only way for most of us to help bring these things to pass.

Let our subscriptions be in full proportion to the strength of our desire and our hope for a free, livable, decent world.

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

THIS SPACE CONTRIBUTED BY

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Securities Move Irregularly as Note to Germany Is Considered.

President Wilson's quick reply to the German note was received with general satisfaction in the financial district yesterday and the trend of security prices indicated a disposition in the market following to prepare for an outcome which could not be foreseen. The President's emphasis on vital points which Germany must accept persuaded traders that the German Government and people would either submit to the allied demands at an early date or elect to continue a hopeless struggle longer, trusting that something would develop to ameliorate their situation. This survey of the near future appeared to be a factor of importance in coloring the day's dealings in stocks, which were marked by considerable irregularity and changes of front among both the peace and war issues. As an illustration of what went on in the market, U. S. Steel common receded while some of the other steel shares moved forward. The railroad stocks were inclined to react after the preceding session's demonstration of strength, reflecting, apparently, a fair amount of profit taking and also a cautious disposition on the part of buyers who desired to see what the next move in the war situation would be. The financial community again found cause to be gratified with military developments, and the gains of the allied armies presented a subject for steady confidence in the result of the fighting.

With the end of the Liberty Loan campaign only four days off, it was natural that bankers had time for little beside work and preparations for a tremendous finish of the task of raising $6,000,000,000 for war purposes. The tenor of comment indicated that the unbending content of the President's reply was a stimulating influence in the loan campaign, and the feeling was evident among workers for the loan that the public would line up their resources behind the Government at an increasing rate as the remaining days passed by. This sentiment was based in part on the belief that the people would see to it that the allied demands were backed up by dollars, and also on the determination on the part of these in charge of the gathering of subscriptions that the loan must go through with a far broader participation among the public than the third loan. Leaving out of consideration the item of "invisible" subscriptions, those which have not been reported and are expected to be held back for the last day or two, the fact stands that many millions of dollars have yet to be pledged and the task needs the support of thousands of subscribers who may have thought they had done enough but whose duty it is to buy more bonds.

The banks are looking ahead to calls which will be made upon them and, through them, upon the public when the loan is completed. There are a number of important pieces of financing by railroad and industrial corporations to come up for early consideration, whose success depends to a not unimportant degree upon a rousing success of the loan. These items are being kept in the minds of bankers as they strive for an oversubscription of Liberty bonds which will relieve them of a burden when the new financial undertakings are begun.

Yesterday's bond market was again unusually broad and prices displayed firmness. Foreign exchange rates moved favorably for the dollar, Swiss rates coming within a fraction of 5 francs to the dollar for check remittances.

LONDON TRADERS CONFIDENT.

President's Reply to Germany Has Little Effect on the Market.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—President Wilson's reply to Germany's peace note had little effect on the markets, and the Stock Exchange today, which continued quiet but confident. There was profit taking on consols, but steady support was given other gilt-edged securities. There was increased business in shipping shares, Marconis and Industrials. Munition shares were easy as a result of fears of decreased profits. Money was in good demand and discounts were steady.

The sales in war bonds last week amounted to £32,000,000.

Prices Unchanged on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Prices on the Bourse were unchanged today.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6½
Low 6	Low 6½
Renewals 6	Renewals 6½
Last 6	Last 6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days 6	Sixty days 6
Ninety days 6	Ninety days 6
Four months 6	Four months 6
Five months 6	Five months 6
Six months 6	Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4⅜
Non member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5¼@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	6
4 to 6 months	6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rate of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	4.75⅞	4.75¼	4.75⅛	—.00014
Cables	4.7633	4.7655	4.7655	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.43	5.43	5.43	..
Cables	5.47	5.47	5.47	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75⅛	$4.75⅜
5.1826	Paris	5.43	5.41
	China—		
	Hongkong	81.50	81.75
	Peking	134.50	134.75
	Shanghai	127.00	127.25
19.50	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20	Holland	43.00	43.375
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.48	*35.78
	Calcutta	35.48	*35.73
5.1826	Italy	6.36	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	54.50	54.75
	Yokohama	54.50	54.75
19.30	Spain	20.50	20.625
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	29.20	29.50
	Copenhagen	27.25	27.50
	Christiania	27.50	27.80
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.85	45.00
34.42	Rio	24.35	24.50
5.1826	Switzerland	4.99	4.97
51.46	Russia—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	17.30	17.60
	900 rubles	17.20	17.50

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.72½	$4.71¼	$4.72¼	$4.70⅝

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $685,373,821; balances, $63,366,749; United States Treasury credit balance, $3,421,956; Federal Reserve credit balance, $54,152,371.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London 49½d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$3,511,025	$46,244,242
Internal Revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	6,828,871	571,429,080
Miscellaneous	31,272,783	309,962,910
Miscel. revenue	3,364,845	61,741,790
Total receipts	$44,978,025	$989,378,024
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	369,008,746	3,483,798,970
Exc. of total receipts over total disb.	387,641,749	247,007,228
Expenditures	413,986,772	4,473,176,994

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, OCT. 15, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	$726,809	$953,901	$1,353,212
Year to date	103,958,068	148,443,396	153,160,300

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
47⅛	48¼	400	Advance Rumely pf	48¼	48¼	47⅞	47⅞	—1¼
3⅜	3⅝	1,300	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	3½	...
1⅞	2	100	Alaska Juneau	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	...
27½	27⅝	700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	28	28	27½	27½	— ⅜
99⅜	100½	500	Am. Agricul. Chem	100½	100½	99¾	99¾	— ⅝
92½	94	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	93	93	93	93	...
68	68¼	200	Am. Beet Sugar	68¼	68¼	68¾	68¾	— ⅝
44	44½	2,400	Am. Can	45⅝	45¾	44¾	44¾	—1
85⅜	86	7,000	Am. Car & Fdry	85	86⅜	85	86½	+1¼
41½	42½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	42¼	42¼	42¼	42½	+1½
79	84	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	82	82	82	82	+3
17⅛	17⅝	1,700	Am. H. & Leather	17⅝	18⅜	17⅜	17⅞	— ⅝
83½	84	2,100	Am. H. & L. pf	84½	86	83¾	84	—1
30½	30¾	9,500	Am. Ice	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¾	—3½
51⅜	52¼	600	Am. Ice pf. x d	52	52½	51¼	51⅝	+ ⅞
58⅝	59	4,500	Am. International	59½	60	58¾	58⅝	—1
41	41¼	4,200	Am. Linseed	40½	41⅞	40½	41¼	—1⅝
77⅜	78½	800	Am. Linseed pf	77½	78¾	77½	78¾	—1½
65⅜	66¼	1,700	Am. Locomotive	66	66¼	65¾	65¾	— ¼
100	102	100	Am. Locomotive pf	100	100	100	100	+ ½
3½	4½	200	Am. Malting	3¾	4	3¾	4	+ ½
82½	82¾	31,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	80	82¼	79⅝	82¼	+2½
90	100	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	95	95	95	95	—10
85	85¾	2,200	Am. Steel F'dries	84⅞	85⅝	84¾	85	+1
110¼	110½	600	Am. Sugar Ref	111	111	110	110	— ⅞
109	112	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	+ ⅜
113⅜	114¼	5,300	Am. Sumatra Tob	114⅞	115¼	113½	113½	—1½
107	107½	600	Am. Tel. & Tel	107	107⅛	107	107⅛	— ⅛
182	185	200	Am. Tobacco	185	185	185	185	...
94	96	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	95	95	95	95	...
51	51⅝	300	Am. Woolen	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	...
31½	34	100	Am. Writing P. pf	33	33	33	33	+2
14	14⅝	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ¼
71	71¼	21,700	Anaconda Copper	70½	71⅛	70¼	71⅛	+ ⅛
60	63	300	Associated Oil	62½	63	62½	62½	+2⅜
89⅜	90	3,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	90½	90½	89¾	89⅞	— ⅛
83	84½	600	Atch., T. & S. F.pf	85	85	84¾	84½	— ½
99	100	200	Atlantic Coast Line	98⅝	99	98⅝	99	...
106	107	600	At., Gulf & West I	107	107	106⅜	107	— ¼
77¼	77¾	18,400	Baldwin Loco.	79¼	79⅝	76¼	77¼	—1½
55½	55⅝	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	56	56¼	55⅜	55⅜	— ⅝
98½	100	400	Barrett Co.	100	100	99½	99½	+ ½
98½	100	69	Do. odd lot	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
100¾	...	52	Barrett Co. pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	...
71⅝	72¾	300	Bethlehem Steel	73¼	73½	73⅛	73½	+2½
72½	72¾	12,200	Beth. Steel, class B	73½	73⅝	72¼	72⅝	— ⅛
102½	103½	100	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ½
24⅝	25	100	Booth Fisheries	...	25	25	25	— ⅛
43	43¼	600	Bklyn Rapid Tran	43	43¼	42⅞	43¼	+ ⅛
156½	158¾	900	Burns Brothers	159½	159½	159	159	— ½
9½	10	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
24	25	900	Butte & Superior	24¼	24½	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
20⅞	21	600	California Petrol	21¼	21¼	20⅝	20⅝	— ½
62¾	63	500	California Pet. pf	63⅜	63¼	63	63	—1
171½	172	3,400	Canadian Pacific	173½	173½	170⅝	171⅝	—1½
67	67½	1,900	Central Leather Co	68⅝	68⅝	67	67	—1½
103	106	100	Central Leather pf	105	105	105	105	...
35	35⅝	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	35⅝	35⅝	35½	35½	— ⅛
93½	94	700	Chandler Motor	94¼	94¾	94	94	— ⅝
58¼	59	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	59¼	59¼	58½	58½	— ¾
24⅝	25	100	Chi. Great West. pf	25	25	25	25	...
48½	49¾	600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	49¼	49½	48¾	48¾	—1½
78¼	79½	1,200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	80	80	79	79	—1¾
97	98	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	97	97¼	97	97¼	+ ¼
26¼	26¾	1,200	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
79	80	500	C., R. I.& P.7 p.c.pf	80	80	80	79½	— ½
67½	68¼	600	C., R. I. & P.6 p.c.pf	68¾	68¾	68	68	— ⅜
21	21½	10,400	Chile Copper	21½	21⅝	20⅝	21	— ⅜
39½	39⅞	1,600	Chino Copper	39½	40	39½	39⅝	+ ¼
35	38	400	Clev., C., C. & St.L	37	38¼	37	37	+1
42	42⅜	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	43	43	42¼	42¼	— ¼
38¼	38⅝	1,400	Columbia Gas & El	39	39	38⅝	38⅝	— ½
101½	102½	1,000	Consolidated Gas	102⅝	102⅝	102	102	— ¼
71¾	73	400	Continental Can	73⅜	73½	72½	72½	— ¼
100	102¼	100	Continental Can pf	102	102	102	102	— ¼
43½	44	900	Corn Products Ref	43⅝	44	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
101	101½	600	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101	101	— ⅛
55½	55⅞	3,300	Crucible Steel	56⅛	57¼	56	56	...
29	29¼	2,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	29	29¾	28⅝	29	— ¼
78¾	79	300	Cuba Cane S. pf	79	79	79	79	— ¼
112	114	200	Delaware & Hud	113½	113½	112¼	112¾	—1½
9	9½	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	9½	9½	9½	9½	...
107	109	24	Detroit Edison Co	107	107	107	107	...
...	89	200	Detroit United Ry	87	88	87	88	...
48½	48⅝	2,300	Distillers' Secur	49	49¼	48½	48½	— ⅛
10⅝	10½	500	Dome Mines	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
15¾	16	3,900	Erie	16¼	16¼	15⅞	15⅞	— ¼
32½	33	1,000	Erie 1st pf	32¾	32¾	32½	32¾	— ¼
38	39	100	Federal M. & S. pf	38½	38½	38¼	38¼	...
27⅛	27¼	1,300	Gaston, W. & W	27¼	27¼	27	27¼	— ⅝
170	180	100	General Chemical	178	178	178	178	—2
170	180	60	Do. odd lot	175	175	175	175	...
100	103	134	Gen. Chemical pf	100	100	100	100	...
46	47	100	General Cigar	46¾	46¾	46¾	46⅞	+ ⅛
155½	156	700	General Electric	157⅛	157⅛	155¾	155¾	—1½
121½	122¼	4,600	General Motors	119	122⅝	119	121⅝	+2⅝
76	77	900	General Motors pf	76½	76⅝	75⅞	76	+ ⅛
101	102	700	Goodrich pf	100⅝	101½	100⅜	101½	+ ½
81	81½	100	Granby Consol	81	81	81	81	+ ⅛
92	92⅝	2,300	Great Northern pf	93	93¼	92	92¼	— ⅛
31½	31⅝	800	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	32⅝	32⅝	31½	31½	— ½
51	51½	500	Greene-Can. Copper	51	52	51	51½	— ½
70	71	400	Gulf States Steel	71	71¼	71	71¼	+1
98	98⅝	200	Illinois Central	98	98½	98	98½	...
54	54⅝	7,800	Inspiration Copper	54¼	55	54¼	54⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	8⅝	5,500	Interboro Consol	8	8⅝	8	8⅝	+ ⅛
36¼	38½	100	Interboro Con. pf	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ⅝
104½	107⅝	1,000	Int. Harvester new	108⅛	108¼	108	107	—1¼
30¼	30⅝	28,800	Int. Mer. Marine	30¼	31½	30¼	30¼	+ ¼
117⅜	117¾	53,300	Int. Mer. Marine pf	119⅞	120⅜	116¾	117⅜	—2⅛
30¼	30½	1,100	Int. Nickel	30½	30½	30½	30½	...
34¼	34½	2,100	Int. Paper pf	33	34	33	34	+1⅝
62	64	400	Int. Paper pf. stmp	62½	63	62	62	—2
19¼	19½	200	Kansas City South	19½	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
49½	50	200	Kelly Spring. T.x d	50¼	50¼	49¾	49¾	— ¾
35⅞	35¼	9,900	Kennecott Copper	35⅞	35⅞	34⅞	35¼	+ ¼
100	101	10	Kings Co. E.L. & P	100	100	100	100	...
73⅞	74½	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	74¼	74¾	74½	74¾	+ ¼
86	88	200	Laclede Gas	88	88	87½	87½	—1½
19	20	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	19	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
60½	60⅝	300	Lehigh Valley	61½	61⅜	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅛
29½	30	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	30	30	29	29	—1½
90¼	...	200	Loose-W. Bis.1st pf	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ½
155½	160	300	Lorillard P. Co	155	156	156	156	+1
116	117½	300	Louis. & Nash	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	+1
98	110	100	Manhattan Elev	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	+2½
...	...	100	Manhattan Shirt	76	76	76	76	+1
31⅜	32	2,000	Maxwell Motors	30½	32	30½	31⅞	+ ⅝
61½	62½	500	Max. Motors 1st pf	61⅝	61⅝	61⅜	61⅜	— ½
24	24½	2,300	Max. Motors 2d pf	23¾	24⅞	23	24¼	+1¼
56	56	100	May Dept. Stores	56	56	56	56	+1
98	100	100	May Dept. St. pf	99	99	99	99	+1
144	144½	77,400	Mexican Petroleum	138⅝	144⅞	134	144½	+5¼
25	27⅜	600	Miami Copper	25	27⅝	25	27⅜	+ ⅞
48	48⅝	3,300	Midvale Steel & d	48½	48⅞	47½	48	+ ⅛
9½	10¾	1,100	Minn. & St. L. new	10½	10½	10	10	—1
90	92	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M	91	91½	91	91½	+2
5⅝	5½	500	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅜
10	10¾	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
24⅞	25¼	2,100	Missouri Pacific	25½	25½	24⅞	24⅞	— ½
73	75	200	Montana Power	74⅜	74⅜	74	74	— ¼
108	108	300	Nat. Biscuit	109	109	108¾	108¾	— ¼
107	112	100	Nat. Biscuit pf	110	110	110	110	+3¾
16⅞	17	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	17	17	17	17	...
45	45⅝	200	Nat. Enam. & St	45	45¼	45	45¼	+1
92	94	5	Nat. En. & St. pf	94	94	94	94	...
20	20¼	1,000	Nevada Con. Cop	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	...
115	118	300	N. Y. Air Brake	115	115	113	115	...
75½	75½	2,800	N. Y. Central	75½	75⅝	75	75⅛	— ⅝
19⅝	21	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	19⅝	20	19⅝	20	+1
39¾	40½	3,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	41	41	39¾	40	—1½
21¼	22	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	22	22	22	22	...
107	107¾	600	Norfolk & Western	108⅝	108⅝	107¼	107¼	—1½
49	55	100	North American	46½	46½	46½	46½	— ½
91	91⅜	1,400	Northern Pacific	91½	91⅝	90⅝	91½	— ½
41	41	7,300	Ohio Cities Gas	41	41	40⅝	40⅝	— ¾
7¼	7¼	200	Ontario Mining	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ¼
60¼	61	800	Owens Bottle Mach	61⅜	61⅜	60¼	60¼	—1¼
32	32⅛	300	Pacific Mail	31½	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
107⅞	109	3,800	Penn.-Pa. R. R. pf	102½	108⅝	102½	108⅝	+6¼
44¼	44¾	5,200	Penn. R. R.	44¼	44¾	44	44¼	— ⅛
54	54¼	500	Peoples Gas, Chi	55	55	54	54¼	—1
14⅝	15	100	Pere Marquette	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅝
31½	32	500	Philadelphia Co	32	32	31⅜	32	...
40½	40⅞	4,000	Pierce-Arrow x d	40¼	40⅞	40	40½	+ ⅜
99¼	99¾	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ ¼
18⅜	18¾	8,400	Pierce Oil	18⅜	18⅜	17⅞	18¼	— ⅛
43½	44	100	Pittsburgh Coal	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	— ¼
97¼	98	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	98	98	98	98	...
36¼	36½	5,300	Pitts. & West Va	36½	37⅝	36	36¾	...
67⅞	68	900	Pressed Steel Car	67⅞	68⅝	67¾	68¾	+1
120	122	600	Pullman Co	120	120	120	122	+3
68½	69	2,700	Railway Steel Sp	68½	68⅝	67¼	67½	+ ¼
24	24½	1,200	Ray Con. Copper	24	24½	24	24	— ⅛
91¼	91¾	14,100	Reading	91¼	91¾	89⅝	90	— ⅞
114	114	25	Rensselaer & Sara	114	114	114	114	...
88⅜	88½	5,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	88⅜	88⅝	87½	88¼	— ⅝
108½	109½	500	Royal Dutch t r	108½	109½	108½	109½	—1½
12	12	600	St. Louis-San Fran	12	12	11½	11½	— ½
7	7	100	Saxon Motor	7	7	7	7	...
8⅞	8¾	300	Seaboard Air Line	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
21⅜	21⅝	140	Seab. Air Line pf	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21⅜	— ½
93	93¼	1,100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	168¼	168¼	163	163	—5¾
15	15⅛	800	Shattuck-Arizona	15	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
35⅜	35⅞	12,500	Sinclair Oil Refin	35⅜	35⅞	34½	35⅛	...
55	55	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	55	55	55	55	—1
91¼	91½	5,300	Southern Pacific	91¼	91½	90	90¼	— ¼
30⅜	30⅝	15,400	Southern Railway	30⅜	30⅝	29⅞	30	— ½
69¼	69¾	500	Southern Ry. pf	69¼	70	69¼	70	+ ¼
118	118½	300	Standard Milling	118	118½	118	118½	—1½
65	65⅞	47,900	Studebaker Co	65⅞	65	63⅝	63⅝	—1⅝
93	95	100	Studebaker Co. pf	93	95	95	95	—3
41⅜	41⅝	200	Stutz Motor	41⅜	41⅝	41⅜	41⅝	+ ¼
38	38	100	Superior Steel x d	38	38	38	38	+ ½
17	17	400	Tenn. C. & C	17	17	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
191⅜	193⅜	7,600	Texas Co	191⅜	193⅜	190	192	—1½
16	17	100	Texas & Pacific	16	17	16	16¼	+ ¼
108	110	1,000	Third Avenue	108	110	108	108	+ ⅛
73⅜	74¼	5,700	Tobacco Products	73⅜	74¼	72½	72⅝	—1⅝
95	95	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	95	95	95	95	...
132	132¼	10,400	Union Pacific	132	132¼	131¼	132	—1
70½	70¾	200	Union Pacific pf	70½	70¾	70¼	70½	+ ⅜
37	37⅜	100	United Alloy Steel	37	37	37	37	+ ⅛
102⅜	103¼	1,300	United Cigar Stores	102⅜	103¾	102⅜	103	+ ⅝
142	145	100	United Fruit	144¼	144¼	144¼	144½	—1½
16¼	17	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	...
14⅜	15½	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	15	15	15	15	...
44	45	100	U.S.C.I.P. & F. pf	44½	44½	44½	44½	...
19	22	100	U. S. Realty	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅜
103½	104	5,500	U. S. Indus. Alco	103	105¼	103	103¾	+ ⅝
95	100	100	Utah Securities	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	+ ¼
63¼	64½	600	U. S. Rubber	64¼	64¾	63⅜	63⅝	— ⅛
101⅞	103	100	U. S. Rub.1st pf.x d	102½	102½	102½	102⅝	+ ⅜
43⅞	44	1,900	U. S. Sm., R. & M	43⅝	44¼	43¼	43⅞	+ ⅜
108⅜	108½	107,500	U. S. Steel	110⅞	110⅞	108¼	108⅝	—1¼
110⅜	110½	200	U. S. Steel pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	— ¼
83¼	84½	2,700	Utah Copper	84	85⅜	83½	83½	— ⅝
12	13	100	Utah Securities	12¼	12½	12¼	12½	...
53⅝	54	800	Va.-Car. Chem. x d	53⅝	54	53⅜	54	+ ⅛
9	9¼	200	Wabash	9½	9¼	9	9	— ⅛
38½	39	1

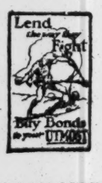
Liberty Bonds as Business Insurance

By
JAMES S. ALEXANDER
President
National Bank of Commerce in New York

When a business man buys Liberty Bonds he is providing himself with insurance against the overthrow of his country, his freedom, his business, and every institution he reveres. The success of his commercial enterprises is dependent upon the future of America. The purchaser of Liberty Bonds is assured to the extent of his purchase that that future will be one of prosperity and peace.

Insurance is a constructive force in business. Liberty Bonds are the highest form of insurance protection now available to business men. This form of insurance is as essential to business today as ordinary credit-indemnity insurance or policies covering losses by fire or burglary.

Patriotism should alone be sufficient at this time to induce every business man to buy to his utmost, yet if there were not a single patriotic reason, I would recommend the purchase of Liberty Bonds solely on the ground of business insurance.



LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE
Second Federal Reserve District
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

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TRACE GERMAN CASH GIVEN NEWSPAPERS

Senators Get Data and Decide to Sift All Offers Made by Propagandists.

KONTA TOO ILL TO APPEAR

Offers Affidavit Denying He Had Anything to Do with Sale Made to Brisbane.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Data touching on the use of large sums of money in an effort to influence newspapers in printing German propaganda were offered to the Senate Judiciary Committee today by an official of the Military Intelligence Bureau. While admitting that the information was startling, Senator Overman, Chairman of the subcommitte to which it went, said that nothing regarding it would be divulged until witnesses had been called before the committee.

The information shows that as much as $300,000 was paid to influence one group of newspapers. Other sums ranged, it is disclosed, from $25,000 to $100,000. Some of the money used by the German agents was handled through pro-German organizations. The Austro-Hungarian League is mentioned as having been one of the mediums through which German propaganda was exploited.

The Senate Committee, it was decided today, will thoroughly investigate the use of German money. A number of witnesses will be called.

Alexander Konta of New York, mentioned by A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Enemy Property Custodian, as having written a letter to Dr. Dernburg, the German agent, touching upon American newspapers that might be bought for German propaganda, was too ill to appear before the Senate Sub-Committee, in its investigation of the purchase of The Washington Times by Arthur Brisbane with the aid of money advanced by brewers. Instead, Mr. Konta's attorney, John Godfrey Saxe, appeared and laid before the committee an affidavit in which Mr. Konta denied that he was in any way connected with the purchase of The Washington Times by brewers' money, and declared that he merely undertook to ascertain for Dr. Dernberg the financial standing of certain newspapers.

Mr. Konta expressed his eagerness to appear before the committee when his health permitted. His affidavit was as follows:

"State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

"Alexander Konta, being fully sworn, says:

"1. I am informed by my physicians that I cannot attend before the Senate Judiciary Committee at Washington on Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1918. I am most desirous of attending at an adjourned date, and I file this affidavit solely that the committee may have before it at once my positive denial of any connection whatsoever with the purchase of The Washington Times.

"2. Mr. Palmer has given out a letter which I wrote to Dr. Dernburg in March, 1915. In the latter part of March, 1915, I attended, by invitation, a dinner at the German Club in New York City. I was not a member of that club and have never been a member. I was seated next to Dr. Dernburg. During the dinner he complained bitterly about his inability to place before the American public the German side of matters connected with the war. He stated that he thought a newspaper ought to be purchased for such purpose, and he said that unfortunately there were no funds at the disposal of the German officials for that purpose. He asked me whether, if the funds could be obtained, I would act as broker in the matter, and with the end in view whether I would procure for him some data as to the financial standing of the various New York papers.

"A day or two later I wrote him the report or letter which Mr. Palmer has made public. Dr. Dernburg did not acknowledge this letter, and I have never heard from him since. I have never discussed the proposition with any one, and I have never had any conversation about the proposition with any brewers in America.

"I have never been a member of the German Alliance. I have not seen, spoken to, or communicated with Arthur Brisbane for over eight years. I have never met William Randolph Hearst in my life. At the time of the purchase of The Washington Times I knew nothing whatsoever about the fact. There was absolutely no connection between my letter to Dernburg in March, 1915, two years before the United States entered the war, and the purchase of The Washington Times, in June, 1917, several months after the United States entered the war. ALEXANDER KONTA.

"Sworn by me on this 14th day of October, 1918.

"MABLE GOUDCHAUX,
"Notary public, New York County, 236, New York reg. No. 10007."

The Senate committee will hear Mr. Konta, if he is able to appear, next Tuesday, when the inquiry will be resumed. Captain G. B. Lester of the Army Intelligence Service, has been summoned to appear on that day.

FOOD PLEDGE TO ALLIES.

Hoover Tells Packers of Huge Shipments That Must Be Made.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—In a statement to the American Meat Packers' Association, now holding its thirteenth annual convention here, Herbert C. Hoover, Federal Food Administrator, said that during the year ending July 1 next America must ship 2,600,000 tons of meats and fats for consumption by our own soldiers, the Allies, Belgium and neutrals. Other figures presented showed it will be necessary to increase breadstuff shipments 3,600,000 tons over last year, sugar 330,000 tons, and feed grains 750,000 tons during the same period.

"At the President's direction, I assured our Allies that whatever their war food program called for from us we would fulfill," Mr. Hoover added. We find we can give the increase of food supplies over last year and still have a margin over the amount necessary to maintain our own health and strength."

Boneless beef, it was announced by the packers, is to be a big item hereafter in shipments to Europe. A method proposed by the Government for removing bones from dressed beef has been adopted by the packers, and it was said this would bring about a saving of nearly one-half in cargo space.

HAS ADVANCED $43,202,592.

Finance Corporation Liberally Interprets Legality of Its Functions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The War Finance Corporation up to Oct. 1 had authorized $43,202,592 in loans, of which $40,540,500 went to war businesses, without the medium of banks, although the act under which the corporation operates specifies that this method shall be applied only "in exceptional cases." This situation, disclosed today in a report of the corporation to Congress, explains why Secretary McAdoo and Directors of the corporation have been considering asking amendment of the act so as to provide that the usual method of making advances shall be direct to industries and the exceptional method through banks.

The corporation has declined to make public the names of interests to which advances were made, acting on the assumption that its relations with borrowers were confidential. Interest rates charged were not disclosed, although it is known a number of loans were made at 7 per cent.

BUDGET HEARINGS BEGIN.

Protests Made Against Eliminating School Dental Clinics.

A public hearing on the tentative budget for 1919 was held at the City Hall yesterday and protests were heard against eliminating dental clinics in the public schools as well as against the proposed plan of the Health Department to train the medical examiners to examine the teeth of children. Labor representatives asked for equalization of wages in all the boroughs as well as an increase of laborers' wages from $3.25 to $3.50 a day, with an increase to $4 a day for men who work in sewers.

Borough President Dowling of Manhattan called attention to the fact that when the board receives full data as to prevailing rate paid to any class of labor the board at once adopts the rate. Bricklayers, he said, get $7 a day, but had agreed to go on an annual basis. Under this agreement, he said, they get paid for sick time and holidays.

Representatives of the public libraries protested against the figures in the tentative budget as inadequate. Controller Craig said if the library trustees had made an effort to adjust affairs to war conditions an effort would have been made to find a way to make the increase asked.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Commissioner of Health, defended his request for an increase in the wages of nurses from $60 to $1,200, and assistants from $560 to $750, and expressed gratitude for support in the influenza epidemic. The Board of Education allowances will be taken up today.

British Imports Rise, Exports Drop.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—September imports show an increase of £11,703,000, mainly foodstuffs except grain, according to the Board of Trade returns. Cotton showed a decrease of £4,406,000. Exports decreased £3,902,000 on miscellaneous articles.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 15.—Seventeen new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $449,200, were chartered today. They include:

Metal and Wire Products Corp., Keeseville, Clinton County, $50,000; A. Ellison, H. Prevost, H. W. Thomas, Keeseville.

Aetna Yarn Co., Manhattan, yarns and cotton thread, $50,000; S. and P. Epstein, A. Gerlach, 974 St. Nicholas Av.

H. P. North Co., Manhattan, hardware, woodenware, and metal ware, $50,000; H. P. North, H. Irvin, F. Doblin, Brooklyn Manor.

Gigler & Mabie, Inc., Manhattan, men's clothing, dressmakers, millinery, $6,000; J. E. Gigler, E. G. Mabie, C. C. Simons, 43 Exchange Place.

Midland Mills, Inc., Manhattan, gloves, hosiery, and underwear, $52,200; S. E. Mittinky, J. Harris, H. B. Loewenstein, 44 East 23d St.

Pen-Post Hotel, Manhattan, $10,000; P. and M. L. Donahue, H. Maloney, 484 8th Av.

Hotel De France Co., Manhattan, $100,000; F. Delsenz, F. J. Driscoll, J. A. Hayden, 305 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Clyde Towing Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; D. W. Tyson, G. M. and W. J. Clyde, 229 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

Hirgol Mfg. Co., Manhattan, hirgol for colorizing metal, $100,000; T. F. Curran, B. J. Glasser, M. Hayman, 380 West 95th St.

Willson & Don, Inc., Brooklyn, warehousing and forwarding, $10,000; D. Don, A. Wilson, R. S. Dubois, 154 Nassau St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Wise & Whitlock, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

National Chain Co., Manhattan, $80,000 to $150,000.

Three Rivers Machine, Tool and Die Co., Phoenix, $30,000 to $130,000.

Gerofsky Bros., Inc., Manhattan, $15,000 to $75,000.

J. Bulova Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

Starkweather & Shelley, $25,000 to $500,000.

REORGANIZATION.

The Gordon Engineering Corp., Manhattan, 840 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $16,800.

DISSOLUTIONS.

R. M. Swinburne & Co., Rochester.
Arthur Leslie Sauce Co., Manhattan.
Reliance Textile Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Oct. 15.—Charters filed:

The Boom Investment Co., 1,000,000; Frederick G. Bonfils, Helen G. Bonfils, May Bonfils Berryman, Thomas L. Bonfils, all of Denver, Col.

Stanford Spaulding Hotels Co., $200,000; W. I. N. Tofland, Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones of Dover.

Universal Machine and Tool Corp., $100,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.

Standard Washing Machine Co., $50,000; W. V. Rifle, A. R. Goddard, W. E. Fowles, F. T. Muncie, all of Chicago.

The Press-to-Pord Starter Co., $15,000; Robert E. Dogas, Lillian A. Warren, Gustaph A. Hurst, Jr., all of Buffalo.

Consolidation of the One Ninety Oil and Gas Co., One Sixty Oil and Gas Co., and One Ten Oil and Gas Co. under the name of One Ninety Oil and Gas Co. of St. Louis, Mo. Capitalization $600,000.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

United American Trading Corp., New York, from $300,000 to $1,000,000.

American Refrigeration Co., Chicago, from $250,000 to $315,000.

Serv-Us Grocery Products Corp., New York, from $50,000 to $500,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Oct. 15.—Charters filed:

Atlas Trading Co., Newark, $15,000; Albert Cohen, Marcus Cohen, and Samuel Unger, all of Newark.

Diamant Tool and Mfg. Co., Newark, $60,000; Sidney and Rose Diamant and Jacob Wehrlust, all of New York.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	$1.30	$1.25½	$1.28¾	$1.23¾	..
Nov.	1.26¾	1.22	1.24¾	1.21½	..
Dec.	1.23½	1.20	1.21⅞	1.18⅝	$1.12⅜

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 79c; No. 2 white, 79½c; No. 3 white, 79c; No. 4 white, 78½c; ordinary clipped, 80c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
October	70⅜	69	69¼	68⅝	..
November	69⅝	67¾	68¼	67⅛	..
December	69	67¾	67⅞	67⅛	58¼

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
October	26.75	26.60	26.65	26.80	23.35
November	25.62	25.32	25.62	25.25	..
Ribs—					
October	22.27	22.20	22.27	21.95	27.12
November	22.45	22.20	24.42	21.95	..
Pork—					
October	..	..	35.07	34.07	42.00
November	35.27	35.25	35.27	34.27	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	8.65	8.65
December	8.80	8.80
January	8.95	8.95
May	9.55	9.55
July	9.85	9.85
September	10.00	10.15

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
November	1.65	1.65	1.65
December	1.67	1.65¾	1.66

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 15,188 pkgs. Larger offerings, quiet trading, and an easier and somewhat unsettled market for most grades of creamery. Renovated firm. Ladles and packing stock doing a little better. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 60½@61c; extras, 92 score, 60c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 57½@59½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 54½@57c; thirds, 50@54c; unsalted, higher than extras, 62@62½c; extras, 61@61½c; firsts, 58½@60½c; seconds, 56@58c; State dairy tubs, finest, 59@59½c; good to prime, 55@58c; common to fair, 47@54c; renovated, extras, 51½@52c; firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 43@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 45@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 41½@42c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40@40½c; No. 2, 39½c; lower grades, 36@39c.

EGGS.—18,546 packages. Trading is quiet and offering of fresh eggs here are not reducing, but there is a firm holding of all desirable qualities, and Western advices continue very firm. Refrigerators moving well. Fancy nearby whites extremely scarce. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 57@58c; extras, firsts, 54@56c; firsts, 52@53c; seconds, 49@51c; poor to fair, 42@48c; dirties, No. 1, 45@48c; No. 2 and poorer, 40@44c; checks, good to choice, dry, 40@42c; under grades, 35@39c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 45½@46½c; firsts, charges paid, 44@45c; seconds, charges paid, 42½@44c; undergrades, 39@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 82@85c; ordinary to prime, 65@80c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 62@82c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 77c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 62@77c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 60@65c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 56@58c.

TWO-CENT CHECK TAX VOTED BY COMMITTEE

Doubted, However, If Senate Will Approve Proposed Stamp —Other Amendments.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—By a vote of 8 to 6, a stamp tax of 2 cents on all bank checks is provided for in an amendment to the War Revenue bill adopted today by the Senate Finance Committee, which is revising the House draft. Many members, however, express doubt as to its acceptance by the Senate. Such a tax is opposed by Treasury Department officials and many Senators, because it would be a serious inconvenience, while producing small revenue.

Aside from the bank check amendment, the only change made in the House tax section was to exempt fidelity and surety bonds from such taxes. An amendment placing these under a monthly tax was substituted.

The committee eliminated the House provision creating an advisory tax board composed of five members to be appointed by the President with the consent of the Senate, at a salary of $9,000 annually. As a substitute, it adopted an amendment, in effect, giving the present advisory board legal status and providing an appropriation to cover salaries and expenses.

The committee endorsed House sections increasing the salary of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to $10,000 and providing for the appointment of five Deputy Commissioners and an Assistant to the Commissioner at annual salaries of $5,000 each.

To aid in maintaining coal production at a maximum during the war, liberal allowances to coal operators for depletions and amortizations were urged by Fuel Administrator Garfield. This leniency, Mr. Garfield told the committee, also should be allowed because of the unusual hazards of the occupation.

DISCUSS NEW TRAFFIC RULES

Inspector O'Brien Intimates That They Will Be Modified.

As the result of many criticisms made by large commercial interests of the city against the new traffic regulations which went into effect by order of Police Commissioner Enright on Sept. 16, Police Inspector O'Brien, in charge of the Traffic Squad, intimated yesterday that some radical modifications would doubtless be made. The Inspector was the guest of the Merchants' Association at a hearing to discuss the new rules. The chief criticism was directed against the restriction of Lafayette Street and Fourth Avenue to passenger vehicles, although considerable opposition was voiced against the elimination of commercial vehicles from parts of Broadway and Lexington Avenue.

Inspector O'Brien said that the new rules which segregated certain north and south thoroughfareh into passenger and commercial traffic were authorized as an experiment for the purpose of working out a practical plan for curtailing the excessive congestion on some of the more important thoroughfares.

"The Police Department does not wish to injure business in any way," he said, "and if the rules are harmful the Commissioner wants to know it, so as to make proper changes."

There was a unanimity of opinion that Fifth Avenue should be reserved for passenger traffic. Under the new rules the greater part of commercial traffic is obliged to use Third or Sixth Avenues, where the car tracks and elevated road pillars cause considerable delay. In many cases it was shown that policemen have compelled truck drivers to turn off to one of these avenues in order to make a delivery two blocks beyond the point of a former delivery on one of the restricted passenger thoroughfares, such as Fourth Avenue. Inspector O'Brien said that the officers on duty should show common sense in interpreting the rules, but the speakers said that some policemen were lenient and others were not.

CEDES SHIPS TO SPAIN.

Germany Gives Interned Vessels to Replace Those Sunk by U-Boats.

MADRID, Oct. 14.—The Government, after a long meeting of the Cabinet Council today, gave out a note stating that, after prolonged and friendly negotiations between Berlin and Madrid, Germany had accorded Spain the cession of several of the German ships interned in Spanish ports. The vessels named are the Eriplua, Euthenia, Oldenburg, Klio, Matilde, Trinfield and Rudolph, with a total tonnage of 21,600.

Spain, it was added, could also claim at a later date tonnage to make good "previous losses on other torpedoings."

There have been somewhat conflicting advices from Madrid regarding the status of the Spanish claim against Germany for tonnage to replace Spanish ships destroye by German submarines. The most specific statement of recent date came to hand on Oct. 13 in dispatches through Paris declaring that Spain had decided to seize German ships in her ports to the extent of 15,500 tons, the Spanish Government to select the ships to seized if the German Embassy did not indicate its choice of the vessels by Oct. 15.

NEWSPAPERS HIT BY WAR.

850 Have Suspended and 250 Dailies Have Had to Consolidate.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—The war's effect upon newspapers was told today at a meeting of the Inland Daily Press Association.

H. N. Kellogg, Chairman of the Special Standing Committee of the association, asserted that labor conditions had forced the consolidation of 250 daily papers in the United States and the suspension of 850 papers since the war began. Prediction was made that the cost of paper would reach $80 a ton soon, an increase of $10 over the present price.

Delegates were present at the meeting from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, and Missouri.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

At the annual meeting of Group 8 of the New York State Bankers' Association at the New York Clearing House yesterday, these officers were elected: Gates W. McGarrah, Chairman; Herbert J. Howell, Secretary and Treasurer, and these men, together with Willard V. King, James N. Wallace, Henry J. Cochran, Samuel H. Miller, Herbert K. Twitchell, and William A. Simonson were selected as the Executive Committee.

Joseph Walker, Jr., was elected Vice President of the Empire City Savings Bank yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. Perry Watson.

The Texas & Pacific Coal and Oil Company has filed with the Secretary of State of Texas an amendment to its charter, providing for the increase in its capital stock from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Hale & Norcross	.01
Alta	.03	Jacket	.05
Andes	.02	Justice	.01
Best & Belcher	.01	Mexican	.60
Bullion	.01	Occidental	.40
Caledonia	.01	Ophir	.09
Challenge Con	.03	Overman	.01
Confidence	.08	Potosi	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Virginia	.08	Union Con	.14
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.78½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.30	Atlanta	.02
Cash Boy	.03	Booth	.03
Halifax	.04	Florence	.09
Jim Butler	.48	Goldfield Cons	.19
McNamara	.19	Goldfield Merger	.01
Midway	.07	Great Bend	.02
Mizpah	.03	Jumbo Extension	.00
Monarch Pitts	.03	Kewanaa	.02
Montana	.09	Lone Star	.02
North Star	.03	Silver Pick	.02
Rescue	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Divide	1.27½	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Extension	1.27½	Packard	.13
West End	.06	Rochester	.33
West Tonopah	.08	Round Mountain	.16
GOLDFIELD.		United Eastern	3.25
		White Caps	.09

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	4¾	Isabella	4½	6
Dr. J'pot	3½	4	McKinney	7½	10
Elkton	5	6	Portland	85	100
El Paso	10	25	U. Gold M.	10	14
Golden C.	167	168	Vindicator	87	90
Granite	18	50	Rose Nicol.	9	10

COTTON RECEDES IN QUIET MARKET

Prices Close 15 to 35 Points Lower—Census Bureau Report Causes Depression.

Selling by Liverpool, presumably for the purpose of undoing hedge purchases here on Monday, and some selling by ring traders on the rather unfavorable Census Bureau report, sent prices in yesterday's cotton market down 33 to 55 points during the forenoon. Then, after this selling had about run its course, scattered buying for trade account caused a rally which lifted the market back about half way. It was not an active market, nor an especially interesting one, and the movements, while ranging fairly well, were more or less perfunctory.

Liverpool selling, and that which originated here among the traders, was largely inspired by the President's reply to Germany, which made it appear less likely that peace restoration is only a matter of days. On Monday the ring was very optimistic, and at Liverpool there seemed to be an idea that the war was as good as ended and that supplies would be moved freely and in rapidly increasing volume. Yesterday there was considerably less of this sentiment.

The Census Bureau report, which showed consumption of 490,779 running bales, exclusive of linters, for September, compared with consumption of 534,000 bales in August, caused some depression. On the two elapsed months of the season consumption this year is some 70,000 bales below that of a year ago, while exports for the two months amount to only 653,825 bales this year, against 913,814 bales in the same period of 1917. Obviously the crop is piling up, and unless shipping conditions improve in the very near future it is logical to look for more selling against spots.

A report from the South said the plants have recovered very well from the recent rains and that many new blooms and bolls have appeared. If this is true on a large scale and there is no killing frost for a week or so, the gross size of the final yield may easily be raised to the 12,000,000-bale mark talked of in some quarters.

Notwithstanding a good rally in the afternoon, the market closed at losses all along the line, with the far months showing the greatest declines. May was down about 85 points, March 30, while October finished down only 15 and December about 22.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	31.40	31.50	31.12	31.30@31.35	31.45
Nov.	31.20	31.20	31.20	30.64	30.88
Dec.	30.80	31.00	30.30	30.50@30.58	30.78
Jan.	30.43	30.45	29.85	30.14@30.15	30.35
Feb.	....	..	..	29.85	30.22
March	30.11	30.17	29.70	29.80@29.87	30.17
April	....	..	..	29.73	30.09
May	29.92	30.00	29.61	29.68@29.75	30.04
July	29.88	29.90	29.50	29.58@29.62	29.82
Aug.	....	29.00	29.00	28.80	29.06

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, at 30 points decline to 32.30c middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32.50c; New Orleans, 30.75c; Savannah, 30.25c; Augusta, 30.62c; Memphis, 31.50c; Houston, 32c; Little Rock, 31.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	32,102	38,973	59,235
Exports	13,848	34,090	34,218
Exports, season	740,642	653,776	1,158,063
N. Y. stocks	83,159	77,291	79,256
Port stocks	1,076,029	1,033,928	701,159
N. Y. arrivals	2,072	3,264	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 22.35d for middling and 21.80d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, 1,000 American. Imports nil. Futures opened steady, 30 to 43 points up, and closed steady, 37 to 48 points gain on the day. Prices: October, 22.26d; November, 21.52d; December, 20.85d; January, 20.45d; February, 20.01d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were quiet and firm.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Forecast:

S. C. and Ga.—Rain Wed. and Thurs.
N. C.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Fla.—Rain Wed. and Thurs.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Wed., cloudy Thurs.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and warmer Wed.; fair Thurs.
Ohio—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ind.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Mich.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Build Locomotives for Italy.

Stockholders of the American Locomotive Company learned at the annual meeting yesterday that a contract for 150 locomotives for the Italian Government had just been closed. It was estimated that the order amounted to $5,000,000. "Business is good," said W. A. Fletcher, President, "and we are optimistic over the outlook. At present we have orders sufficient to carry the plants well into 1919." The retiring Directors were re-elected.

DIVIDENDS.

Continental Guaranty Corporation,
248 Madison Avenue, New York,
October 14, 1918.

The Board of Directors of Continental Guaranty Corporation has this day declared a dividend for the quarter ended September 30 of Two Per Cent. (2%) on the capital stock of the Corporation, payable October 18, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on October 16, 1918. The transfer books will not be closed.

H. M. BENSON, Secretary.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A special dividend of six dollars ($6.00) per share has been declared payable November 1st, 1918, at The New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire St., Boston, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.
Boston, Mass., Sept. 23, 1918.

Fort Worth Power & Light Company.
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 29.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of Fort Worth Power & Light Company has been declared, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 20, 1918.

T. B. YARBROUGH, Treasurer.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO CO.
New York, October 14, 1918.

A quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable on November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on October 25th, 1918.

The transfer books do not close.

FRANK M. ARGUIMBAU, Secretary.

COSDEN AND CO.,
New York, October 14, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Cosden and Co. held this day, a dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) in cash was declared, payable November 1, 1918, to stockholders of record October 19, 1918.

JAS. E. WHITNEY,
Assistant Secretary.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.
October 15, 1918.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Shares of this Company will be paid November 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 19th, 1918. Transfer books will not close.

PIERRE J. SMITH, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY CO.
Cincinnati, O., October 10, 1918.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 30th day of October, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. The poll will continue open until 11 o'clock A. M.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

To the Members of the West Side German Dispensary:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the members of the WEST SIDE GERMAN DISPENSARY will be held at the Dispensary, 328 West 42d St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of October, 1918, at 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of changing the name of the corporation from its present name to the WEST SIDE DISPENSARY AND HOSPITAL.

Dated, New York, Oct. 8, 1918.

JAMES P. CAHEN, President.
RICHARD J. WADE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.
Dated Aug. 31, 1918.

Franklin Trust Company

Will Help You Buy

LIBERTY BONDS

To Your Utmost

1 YEAR TO PAY

We Will Lend You Money

On Your Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds Subscribed Through Us Before Oct. 19.

ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

At 4¼% for 90 days and three renewals for 90 days each at 4¼ per cent.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888
40 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
166 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN.
569 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
1001 WALL & BOUT MARKET, BROOKLYN.

Their Task Over There Points to Our Duty Here

The Brooklyn Trust Company will make loans secured by Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds subscribed for through it, at 4¼% for 90 days, with renewals at the same rate covering the entire period of one year.

Buy Liberty Bonds To Your Utmost

Brooklyn Trust Company

Member of the Federal Reserve System and the New York Clearing House Association
177 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN

Bedford Branch, Fulton St. and Bedford Ave. — Manhattan Office, Wall St. and Broadway
Chartered April 14, 1866

WE urge the purchase of LIBERTY BONDS to the utmost limit as the imperative duty of the hour.

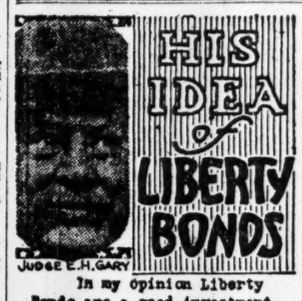
TO HOLDERS OF CORN PRODUCTS REFINING COMPANY
25-YEAR 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS
DATED NOVEMBER 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to provisions of Article 11, of the agreement made October 1st, 1906, between Corn Products Refining Company and Title Guarantee and Trust Company, Trustee, the following Bonds have been drawn for redemption at par and interest, viz.:

5	14	49	53	73	79	83	92	123	180	181	195	227	244	297	302
384	421	473	476	482	484	496	502	507	511	535	537	565	587	682	683
685	702	726	727	728	729	760	762	771	773	782	793	797	799	812	824
886	890	911	957	963	973	1003	1015	1019	1040	1049	1063	1074	1100	1117	1123
1141	1147	1252	1257	1259	1263	1274	1282	1831	1351	1367	1372	1373	1407	1418	1442
1465	1475	1502	1508	1530	1534	1541	1576	1616	1626	1705	1721	1728	1734	1739	1742
1770	1772	1776	1793	1805	1884	1902	1877	1895	1973	1975	1996	2045	2074	2124	2190
2192	2208														

The above bonds will be paid on presentation at the office of the undersigned, 176 Broadway, New York, on or after November 1st, 1918, from which date interest ceases thereon.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO., TRUSTEE.
New York, September 30, 1918.



JUDGE E. H. GARY

In my opinion Liberty Bonds are a good investment. Besides, their purchase is a patriotic duty which everyone must assume. To the extent that the Government fails to secure the funds necessary for military purposes, everyone interested in the preservation of the Government, its citizens, and their property, will correspondingly suffer. The purchase of bonds is equally imperative with the firing of guns.

E. H. Gary

This space contributed by Didrichsen & Co., Gwynne Bros., C. W. Pape & Co., Salisbury, Leslie & Co.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

Columbia Graphophone

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

SAVINGS BANKS.

Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York

Third Avenue & 147th Street

Notice of Change of Hours

beginning November 1, 1918
DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
SATURDAYS from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
MONDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8.
BRIAN G. HUGHES, Pres.
WILLIAM M. KERN, Treas.
HARRY F. REGAL, Sec'y.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

NOT ADJOURNED—Savings in the Franklin Society

Established 1877
Member N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange
20 Broad St., New York City
Burrill Ruskay—Tel. 2471-2-3-4 Rector

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On the easiest plan yet invented. We safe-keep bonds for savings members without expense.

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UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	99½	99¾
2s, coupons, 1930	99½	99¾
2s, Panama, '38, reg	99	99½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	99	99½
4s, registered, 1946	80	..
4s coupon, 1946	80	..
3s, conversion, 1947	80	..
4s, registered, 1925	106	106½
4s, coupon, 1925	106	106½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	85	85
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	85	85
4½s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104	104½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98½	99¼	99
4½s June, 1965	98½	99¼	99
4½s Mar., 1963	98½	99¼	99
4½s Nov., 1957	98½	99¼	99
4½s May, 1957	98½	99¼	99
4½s Mar., 1960-30	92¼	93¼	92¾
4½s Mar., 1964	92¼	93¼	93
4½s Apr., 1966	92½	93¼	93
4½s Mar., 1962	92¼	93¼	93
4½s Sep., 1960	92¼	93	93
4s May, 1955	88	89¼	89
4s Nov., 1958	89	89½	89
4s May, 1957	89	89½	89
4s Nov., 1956	88	89½	88
4s Nov., 1955	88	89½	88
4s Nov., 1936	92	93	92
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1931	4.70	4.45 4.70
4½s	1921-1924	4.70	4.45 4.70
4½s	1919-1920	4.70	4.45 4.70
4½s	1919-1928	4.70	4.45 4.70
4½s	1924-1933	4.70	4.45 4.70
3½s	1940-1963	4.70	4.55 4.70
3½s	1930-1938	4.70	4.55 4.70
3½s	1922-1929	4.70	4.50 4.70
3½s	1919-1921	4.70	4.50 4.70
3½s	1918	4.50	4.00 4.50
3s	1940-1958	4.70	4.65 4.70
3s	1926-1930	4.70	4.55 4.70
3s	1918-1925	4.70	4.55 4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
985 Cities Service	256	251	255	257
2,200 Cities Service pf	75¼	74½	74¾	75¾

	Bid.	Asked
Adiron Elec Power	10	12
Adiron Elec Pow pf	60	65
Am Gas & Electric	81	84
Am Gas & Electric pf	39	41
Am Light & Traction	202	206
Am Light & Trac pf	92	95
Am Power & Light	40	44
Am Power & Light pf	70	73
Am Public Utilities	..	25
Am Public Utilities pf	..	45
Am W W & Electric	5	8
Am W W & E 1st pf	60	63
Am W W & E p. ric.	12	14
Carolina Pow & Light	25	28
Carolina Pow & Lt pf	86	88
Colorado Power	22	24
Colorado Power pf	80	84
Columbus Electric pf	70	77
Com Pow Ry & Light	22	24
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	43	45
Conn Power pf	75	80
Consumers Powe, pf	80	85
Eastern Texas Electric	56	58
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76
El Paso Electric	75	80
Electric B & S pf	90	95
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	7	10
Federal L & Trac pf	36	40
Galveston-Hous Elec	21	25
Galveston Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities	200	250
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Miss River Power	10	12½
Miss River Power pf	42	46
Northern Ohio Electric	15	18
Northern Ohio Elec pf	50	55
North Ont L & Pow	11	15
North Ont L & P pf	51	53
Northern States Power	47	52
Northern States P pf	82	85
Northern Texas Elec	61½	65
Northern Tex Elec pf	75	76
Pacific Gas & Electric	36	38
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	81	83
Puget S T, L & P	10	15
Puget S T, L & P pf	45½	..
Republic Ry & Light	16½	18
Republic Ry & Lt pf	55	58
Southern Cal Edison	73	76
South Cal Edison pf	92	95
Stand Gas & Electric	6	8
Stand Gas & Elec pf	26	28
Tampa Electric	100	..
Tenn Ry, L & Power	2¾	3
Tenn Ry, L & P pf	12	14
United Light & Rys	30	32
United L & Rys pf	60	62
Wash I W L & P	82	84
Wash I W L & P pf	13	15
Western Power	50	52
Western Power pf	50	52
West, Church & Kerr	..	65
West, Church & K pf	74	79
Yadkin Riv Pow pf	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96	98	Miss V J & E 5s, '22	78	80
Appalach Power 5s, '23	65	68	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	91
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56	87	90	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	82	85
Cities Service deb 7s	102	105	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	75	83½
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	70	76	Omaha & C B 5s, 1928	75	85
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Pug S T, L & P 7s	96	98
Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96¾	96¾
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922	84	88	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	90
East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88	Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953	77	82½
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	79	82
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	72	74	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	83	87
Gt West Pow 6s, '23	87	90	Un Util ev 6s, 1945	90	95
Int-M Ry, L & P 6s	98	99	Utah Securities 6s	82	84
Middle W U 8s, 1925	85	90	Wash I W L & P 6s	94½	98
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	72	75			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
70 Con Coal	87	87	87
25 Con Power	103	101¾	101¾
121 Canadian	6¾	6¾	6¾
100 Davison	35⅝	35	35
25 Elkhorn	28⅜	28¾	28¾

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
160 Hous Oil pf	74½	74½	74½
10 Penn Water	75	75	75
160 Penn Ry	20¼	20¼	20¼
89 W. B. A	27½	27	27

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Ahmeek	78½	78	78
227 Anaconda	71¾	70	71
465 Ariz Com'l	15⅝	15½	13¾
2 Cal & Hecla	456	456	456
70 Cop Range	48	47½	47½
50 Davis-Daly	5½	5¼	5½
145 East Butte	10¾	10¾	10¾
25 Hancock	6	6	6
25 isl'd Ck pf	80	80	80
10 Isle Royale	26	26	26
5 Kerr Lake	5¾	5¾	4¾
15 Lake	5¼	5¼	5¼
35 Mohawk	54	54	54
60 New Arcad'n	1¼	1¼	1¼
25 Old Domin	41½	41¼	41½

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Pond Creek	70½	69½	69½
45 Quincy	69	69	69
160 Seneca	15½	13¾	13¾
130 Shannon	4	3¾	4
35 St Mary's Ld	48	48	48
50 Sup & Bost	3⅞	3¾	3¾
100 Trinity	3	3	3
400 Tuolumne	95c.	95c.	95c
35 U S Smelter	44¼	43¾	43¾
15 Do pf	44	43¾	43¾
40 Utah Con	6½	6½	6½
500 Utah Metal	2	2	2
200 Victoria	2¼	2¼	2¼
225 Wolverine	22½	22	22½

Railroads.

45 Bost & Alb	132	131	132
570 Boston Elev	74¾	74	74
10 Do pf	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
25 Bost & Me	34½	34	34

Miscellaneous.

70 Am Ag Ch	101	100½	100½
15 Do pf	93	92¾	92¾
1 Amosk'g pf	80	80	80
21 Am Sugar	111	111	111
34 Do pf	110¾	110	110¾
464 Am T & T	108	107½	107½
105 Am Wool pf	95	94½	94½
50 Booth Fish	25¾	25¾	25¾
150 Cen. Steel	13¾	13¾	13¾
90 Cu Tor Cem	14¾	14¾	14¾
10 Cudahy	122	122	122
50 E Bost Ld	4¾	4¾	4¾
36 *Edison	165	165	163
100 Fairbanks	55½	55½	55½
2,000 Mc Elec	156¾	156¾	156¾
300 Gorton P	31½	31¼	31½
35 Int Cement	64	63¾	63¾
10 Do pf	93	93	93
775 Island Oil	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
735 United Shoe	41½	40⅞	41
251 Do pf	26	25½	26
500 Ventura	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
300 Walworth	18¾	18½	18¾

Bonds.

$6,000 Swift 5s	91	91	91

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
107 Armour pf	99⅞	99⅞	
25 Am Shipb'g	123½	122	122
25 Booth Fish	25¾	25¾	25¾
10 pf	80¾	80¾	80¾
10 City & Con pf	14¾	14¾	14¾
480 Cudahy	125	124	125
50 Com Edison	108	108	108
50 Dis Match	10	10	10
25 Hart, S & M	60	60	60

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
129 Ill Brick	53	51	53
13 M Ward pf	105	105	105
75 Pub Service	81	81	81
360 Sears-Roe	167½	165	166
831 Stewart-W	68¾	67¼	68¾
5,679 Swift	117	116	117
680 Union Carb	56¾	56	56¾
25 Wilson	66	64	66
145 Do pf	94	93½	94

Bonds.

$2,000 City & Con 5s	55½	55½	55½
1,000 City Rylst5s	86¾	86¾	86¾
1,000 Com Edist5s	80¾	80¾	80¾
2,000 Met Elev Ry 1st 4s	57½	57½	57½

$2,000 Pub Serv of North Ill 5s	77¾	77¾	77¾
1,000 Wilson 1st 6s	93	93	93

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
22 Am Rys pf	58	58	58
50 Cramp	78	77½	78
100 Gen Asph pf	71	71	71
40 Lake Sup	17	17	17
170 Lehigh Nav	68¾	68¼	68¼
12 Lehigh Val	61¾	61¾	61¾
25 Pa Bk war	68	65	68

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
310 Phila Elec	24¾	24¾	24¾
215 P R T t c	26¾	26¾	26¾
20 Pan Am P pf	62	58	61
600 Seq O & R	1½	1½	1½
100 Spicl Gulf	20	20	20
100 W Oil	33	33	33
1,000 Stanton Oil	1½	1½	1½
2,000 L x O & R	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,500 U W O, new	97	96	97
780 Victoria Oil, new stock	3	2¾	3

Bond.

$2,000 A T & T cv 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000 Drexel c'fs	100	100	100
1,000 Eq Gas 5s	102	102	102

$600 L V Coal 6s	101½	101½	101½
6,000 Ph El 1st 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾
10,000 Reading 4s	83	82¾	83

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange closed active and irregular. Final prices in a majority of the issues showed net losses from a fraction to a point, but these were more than offset by the strong tone in the copper, oil, motor stocks and some of the specialties. The market moved irregularly throughout the session. Rally and reaction alternated and price fluctuations were wide and rapid.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
105 Am Can	45¾	44⅝	44¾
100 Am C & F	86¼	85	86¼
40 Am H & L	18	18	18
30 Am Ice	38½	38⅜	38⅝
160 Am Int	60¼	58⅝	58⅝
50 Am Linseed	78½	78½	78½
40 Am Loco	66¼	66⅝	66¾
2,980 Am Sm & R	82¾	79⅝	82¾
20 Am S Fdys	85½	85½	85½
460 Am Sum Tob	115¾	114¾	114¾
50 Am T & T	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
1,900 Anacon Cop	71⅝	70⅝	71⅛
60 A, G & W I	107¾	106¾	106¾
1,870 Bald Loco	79½	78½	77
50 Balt & Ohio	56½	55⅞	55⅞
440 Beth Steel B	73	72⅝	72½
50 Bklyn R T	43	42¾	42¾
40 Butte & Sup	35	35	35
50 Cal Pet	21½	20¾	20¾
240 Can Pac	172¾	170⅝	171
250 Cent Leath	68¾	67¾	67⅝
150 C, M & St. P	49¾	49	49
70 Chile Cop	21¾	21	21
30 Columbia G	30½	30½	30½
10 Col Fuel	42½	42½	42½
50 Corn Prod	44	43¾	44
566 Cruc Steel	56¾	55¾	56¼
140 Cuba C Sug	29⅝	29	29⅝
80 Distill Sec	49	48¾	49¼
290 Erie	18⅜	15⅞	15⅞
10 Erie 1st pf	32¾	32⅝	32⅝
20 Gen Motors	121½	121¼	121¾
10 Gt Nor pf	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜
100 Gt Nor Ore	32¼	31⅞	31⅝
450 Insp Copper	55	54⅜	54⅜
1,510 Int Mer Mar	31½	30¼	30⅜
4,880 Int M M pf	120⅝	116¾	117⅛
50 Int Nickel	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜
60 Int Paper	34	33⅜	33⅝
60 Interb Con	8⅝	8¼	8⅜
180 Kenn Cop	35¾	34¾	34¾
50 Lehigh Val	61¼	61¼	61¼
30 Maxwell M	32½	32	32½
100 N Am P & P	3	3	3
500 Pa C & C	27½	27	27½
50 PaSeabSyte	49	49	49
200 Rele Equip	13¾	13½	13½
600 †Smith M	21	21	21
500Sub B v t c	13¾	13¾	13½
5,000 †Un Motors	32⅝	31⅞	32⅛
2,200 U S S Co	6	5¾	6
1,200 U S Ind Al	34¾	34	34¼
5,000 ‡W-Mar Air	6	5¾	5¾

Bonds.

$1,000 ‡Ar&Co.6s'21	99	99	99
2,000 ‡ Do, 1923	99	99	99
5,000 ‡ Do, 1924	99½	99¼	99½
5,000 ‡Bethl'm 5s	93100	100	100
10,000 ‡Can Fac 6s	97½	97½	97½
15,000 ‡Cities Sd7wl.104½		103¼	104
$17000 ‡Cud7s, '23w.1100½		96¾	100¼
75,000 ‡Fed F L 5s.101¾		104¾	104¾
10,000 ‡G 1256s'19	107½	99¾	99¾
1,000 ‡3'2'16s'20	100½	100½	100½
75,000 ‡RusGov5½s	66	65	65
80,000 ‡RusGov6½s	76	74	74

Bonds.

*Old lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Monday:

INDUSTRIALS.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
F Blumenthal	95	95	95	96
Carbon Steel	95	105	95	110
Car Lt & P	1¾	2	1¾	2
Curtiss Aero	30½	32	30½	31½
Gill tic S	100	102	99	102
Lake Tor Bt	2⅝	3⅜	2¼	3½
L Val Coal S	85	90	85	90
Lima Loco	35	40	39	42
N Am P & P	2¾	3¼	2¾	3
N Y Shipbdg	41	43	42	43
Penn C & C	27	29	27	30
St L Jt M&P	35	44	38	44
St Joe L	14	15	14	15
Steel Alloys	4	5	4½	5
Phlogen	3½	5	3¾	4¾

OIL STOCKS.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
Cos & Co pf	3¾	4	3½	3¾
Int Petrol	13½	17	13¾	13¾
Savoy Oil	6¾	7½	6½	7½
Tex Pac	2¾	3	2¾	3

MINING STOCKS.				
Kerr La e	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
Marsh Min	3	4	3	5
San Toy	7	9	7	8
Rex Con	6	8	5	7

BONDS.				
‡Ar&Co6s,'19	99¾	100¾	99¾	100¼
‡Ar&Co6s,'22	99	99¾	98½	98½
‡Can Govt 5s	97½	97¾	97½	97¾

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
6,000 ‡Aetna Expl	8⅝	7⅞	8¼
500 B-A Tob cp	19	18¾	18¾
2,500 ‡Burns B lce	46	43⅝	45½
2,500 Chev Motor	138	135	138
500 ‡Gen Asph	34¾	34¼	34¼
160 ‡Gil S Razor	100½	100	100
700 Hupp M Car	3½	3¼	3⅛
500 Intercon Rub	10¼	10	10½
110 ‡Lima Loco	35	35	35
5,000 Marc of Am	4⅝	4¼	4¼
1,400 ‡Anglo-Am O	15⅞	15½	15⅞
25 ‡Buck P L	91	90	91
100 ‡S Penn O & G	27⅜	26⅞	27⅛
57 ‡S O, N J	535	532	534

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

1,000 ‡Am Ven O	7	6	7
2,000 ‡Bos-Wyo O	20⅛	20	20⅛
2,000 ‡Cos & Co	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
500 ‡Elk B Pet	6	5⅞	6
1,800 ‡Ebmer Oil	4	4	4
3,500 ‡Federal Oil	2⅜	2¼	2⅛
1,500 ‡Glenrock Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3½
1,500 ‡Houston Oil	81	78½	80½
750 ‡Imp Con O	½	⅜	½
4,000 ‡Int'd O & T	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
1,000 ‡Island O & T	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
1,000 ‡Merritt Oil	2¾	2½	2⅝
500 M C Petrol	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
8,000 ‡Midw Oil	106	102	104
1,000 ‡ Do pf	1¼	1⅛	1⅛

MINING STOCKS.

7,400 †Alas'a-Brit Col Metals	50	44	48
2,000 ‡‡America	86	85	86
1,000 ‡‡Atlanta	3½	3⅛	3⅛
4,200 Big Leage	¾	⅝	¾
6,000 ‡Box & Min	45	44	44
21,000 ‡Butte Det	7	5	6
2,300 ‡‡Caledonia	50	48	49
7,000 ‡Calu & Jer	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,500 Canada	11¾	11¾	11¾
2,300 ‡‡Candelaria	45	43	44
1,400 ‡Corbat Sil	1¼	1	1¼
1,100 Con Ariz Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,700 Con Copper	6	5	5½
800 ‡Denbigh	½	½	½
100 Dundee-Ariz Cop,(pros)	18	18	18
900 ‡Eureka Croe	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
300 FirstNatCop	1¾	1¾	1¾
500 ‡Gold'd Con	22	20	21
430 Hecla Mining	5½	5¼	5⅜
200 Mason Val	3⅝	3⅜	3½

1,000 ‡‡Meth Lode	34	34	34
1,000 ‡‡Nat Z & L	9	9	9
500 ‡Nixon Nev	33	33	33
2,000 ‡Ohio Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛
900 ‡Onondaga	¾	¾	¾
800 ‡Ray Hercu	4½	4	4
1,000 ‡Roch Comb	36	36	36
500 ‡Roch Mines	35	35	35
4,500 ‡Silver Canon	74	71	72
500 ‡Sil Fla Sil	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000 S K of Ariz	1¾	1¾	1¾
200 Stand Sil-L	¼	¼	¼
2,500 ‡Stewart	14	14	14
300 Tono Ext	1¼	1¼	1¼
15 Un Eastern	4	3¾	3¾
1,000 ‡U S L & Z	11	11	11
11,000 ‡‡WardM&M	26	26	26
1,000 ‡Wash G Q	75	74	75
200 ‡W E Com	97	96	97
8,000 ‡‡WU Ext(p)	16	14	16
3,000 ‡W Caps M	9½	9½	9½

Bonds.

$17000 ‡Cud7s, '23w	1100½	96¾	100¼
75,000 ‡Fed F L 5s	101¾	104¾	104¾
10,000 ‡G 1256s'19	107½	99¾	99¾
1,000 ‡3'2'16s'20	100½	100½	100½
75,000 ‡RusGov5½s	66	65	65
80,000 ‡RusGov6½s	76	74	74

*Old lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	15⅞	16¼	15½
Atlantic Refining	953	975	950
Borne-Scrymser	420	440	420
Buckeye Pipe Line	90	92	89
Chesebrough Mfg	325	350	315
Colonial Oil	10	40	10
Continental Oil	425	450	415
Crescent Pipe Line	38	38	34
Cumberland P. L.	1.0	140	130
Eureka Pipe Line	195	195	180
Galena Signal Oil	92	95	90
Do pf, new	106	105	100
Do pf, o.d	115	125	106
Illinois Pine Line	163	168	155
Indiana Pipe Line	90	92	88
Int Pet Co, Ltd	13¾	14	12¾
National Transit	13⅞	14	13
N Y Transit	190	195	190
Northern Pipe Line	107	114	107
Ohio Oil	323	327	317

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Penn-Mex Fuel	40	50	40
Prairie Oil & Gas	539	540	530
Prairie Pipe Line	272	277	268
Solar Refining	310	325	310
Southern Pipe Line	170	175	170
South Penn Oil	265	272	267
S W Penn	95	99	95
Stand Oil of Cal	220	224	216
Stand Oil of Ind	613	630	590
Stand Oil of Kan	460	480	455
Stand Oil of Ky	310	320	310
Stand Oil of Neb	410	425	410
Stand Oil of N J	533	538	533
Stand Oil of N Y	268	273	270
Stand Oil of Ohio	400	410	400
Swan & Finch	90	95	90
Union Tank	100	102	100
Vacuum Oil	318	323	320
Washington Oil	33	38	32
*Ex dividend.			

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Am. Brass	212	216	213
Atlas Powder	162	169	163
Du Pont deb	87	89	87¾
Du Pont pf	103	104	102
Hercules	225	230	225
Do pf	105	110	105
Niles-Bem't-Pond	118	122	118
Do pf	93	100	95
Scovill Mfg	400	410	400
Standard Screw	275	280	275

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	99	102	98
Do pf	80	90	80
Conley Foil	190	205	190
J S Young	120	150	120
Do pf	97	102	97
MacA & Forbes	150	160	150
Do pf	80	90	80

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
P R-Am Tobacco	122	130	122
P J Reynolds, A	89½	89¾	89½
Do B com	245	255	235
Do pf	102	104	102
Weyman-Bruton	150	165	150
Do pf	86	90	90

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, Circuit Judges—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Daly<N Y Dock Co.
Safety Co<Gould Co.
Insurance Press<Ford.
Intern'l Ry<Crawford
Chapman<Hunt.
Re Dalley.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Shure<Lake Champlain Transp Co.
Internat Nickel Co<
DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Sloane<Whitcomb M B Co.
Moulton<Gaston, Williams & Wigmore.
Manning<D, L & W RR.
Simon<Babcock & Wilcox Co.
Ernst<Cobb.
Cornell Co<Musco Cong.
D, L & W<Hercules.
Re US Chrysntl. Co.
Gold<Newson.
Re Spuiter.
Ferryboat Oregon.
Hartman, B & Co<Lake Champ Tr Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Schmitt<Int R T.
Klotz<Belt Line Ry.
Hoff<NY Rys.
Bojko<Whittridge.
Bruen<Int R T.
Berge<Buchbaum.
Gellella<Owens & Co.
H Poncher<N Y Rys.
M Poncher<same.
Wetsen<NY Rys.
Lehman<Wachtel.
Laulichtz<Pechter.
Fuchs<Hinigin, Jr.
Napen<same.
Burns<Cartuse.
Quillinan<NY Rys.
Benson<L I RR.
Taylor<Block.
Wadsworth<3d Av Ry.
Kaplan<Brown.
Crausman<Hewoy.
Newfield<Schleisser, (2.)
Pauker<Graff.
Fring<Blauvelt.
Curtin<NY Rys.
Stevens<Vanderwater
Byrd<Anderson.
Castellino<Rod.
Senner<Ozdoba.
Possuccio<Leiser.
Engelberg<Linnenauer
Colligan<Eichler.
F Krauss<I R T.
S Krauss<same.
Destel<Strauss.
Clyne<Cumb Taxi Co.
Brandstein<Land Estates, Inc.
Alpert<Notter.
Manjon<NY Rys.
Julfs<same.
Pearson<Borden.
Donner<Rush, (2.)
Miller<Harrisetta Holding Co.
Spring<Simmons.
Levitt<Chaltovitz.
Wolf<3d Av RR.
Anderson<Schilo.
Horskovits<Moysses.
Friedlander<Davidor.
Feinstein<Blumenthal Co.
Cohen<King Motors.
Mortensen N W Co<Raabe.
Holtzer<Shaff.
Newman<Baldwin.
Thompson Bros<M Baird Con Co.
Rubin<Robinstein.
Hexter<Ginsburg.
Rifkind<Oriental Dye Works.
Burke-Hancver F L.

Murphy<Strauss.
Farber<NY Rys.
Fribourg<Rosenfeld.
Falta<Storm.
Drinans<NY R

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted.—Salts $160 or basin quality for cash. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Will exchange Botany 315, Cranberry 777, Green 881, for blac.. Madison Square 2080.

BROCADED SATINS Wanted.—Cotton back, various designs and patterns. Madison Square 1303.

COATS Wanted.—Will buy 1,000 old style or ladies' damaged coats. Andre, Mad. Sq. 3069.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High-grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4138.

CORDUROY REMNANTS Wanted. — Copenhagen, any width; spot cash. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St.

COTTON GABARDINE wanted, or other materials suitable for shirts; large quantities only; first-quality goods. Metropolis Dress Co., 151 West 30th St., New York. Phone Farragut 4812.

COTTON Wanted.—Open for a quantity of White cotton Gabardine at a price for cash; quantities no object. Merchants Fabric Exchange. Stuyvesant 3411.

CRYSTAL CLOTH Wanted.—Any shade, any quantity, for cash. Greeley 4321.

GLOVES Wanted.—Ladies' fleshcr in black and gray, one and two clasp, large sizes; will pay cash. Chelsea 3003.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring line of taffeta and satin dresses; call with samples. M. Weisman & Son, 118 W. 22d St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, Franklin 4348.

DUOTON Wanted.—Holden Leonard 702, brown 3553, olive 3553. Farragut 2616.

DUVET DE LAINE AND VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., navy and black, in exchange for 853—662—712. Murray Hill 8371.

FELT Wanted.—All shades, wanted any quantity; cash. Stern Co., 149 West 36th St. Greeley 2906.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of scarlet colored flannel. Mad. Sq. 1380.

FUR Wanted.—Jobber will look at scarfs, muffs, and coats. Knickerbocker 2481.

KHAKI FLANNEL SHIRTING Wanted.—Fifty-four-inch; cloth; price, 75c. to $1.25 per yard. Willerton Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway.

KHAKI CLOTH Wanted.—From 14 to 24 ounces. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st St.

LINENE Wanted.—Colored, for manufacture of middies and smocks; bring sample. Abe Millman, successor to Bloom & Millman, 50 West 17th St.

PLUSH Wanted.—Cotton plush, H. & H. or similar, navy, for cash. Chelsea 1858.

POM-POM Wanted.—All shades 0616, also Buc lor & Cohen 438, all shades. Madison Square 8777.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for a quantity of S. B. G. L. cotton-warp serge in all shades at a price. Jos. F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 2410.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash Wi.liman's 39 and 40610. A. Zimmerman, 35 East 11th St. Stuyvesant 2217.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 6.

TAFFETAS, Crepe, Meteors, Georgettes Wanted.—Good quality, for cash. J. Leibner 12 East 3d St.

TAFFETA AND GEORGETTES Wanted.—In all shades. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

TRICOTINE WANTED.—Open for Tricotine and Gabardine, black and navy. Greenwald, Friedman Co., 6 East 32d St. Phone Madison Square 8350.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, 5933, 5984, 5889, or similar styles. A. H. Morgan & Co., 22 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Lorraine 3683, Garfields 4718, navy only. Pasternack, 319 4th Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Farragut 5759.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity of colors of 11050, K544, 13046, 13009; will pay cash; state amount of pieces of each color. A 340 Times.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 0360, in reindeer, also Arthur Joel's silvertone, in all colors, for cash. Safran & Krieger, 19 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—032 brown, navy, and black; also 12075 pom pom brown. Farragut 8885.

WAISTS AND PETTICOATS Wanted.—Attention! Will buy any quantity seconds, factory rejects or damaged silk waists and silk pet icoats. Andre, Mad. Sq. 3069.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR on infants', children's coats wants work; cut or uncut; other work considered. S. W. 188 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATISTES.—White, to close. Madison Square 8103.

BEAVER TRIMMINGS, Salts, morair, B750, Blumenthals, furist XW, Hudson Bay, Timme's 27-inch; cheap. Greeley 4376.

BEAVER TRIMMING for sale cheap, M. Feldman, 153 West 23d St. Farr. 715.

BEAVER.—Tingue, 27-inch, $3. Farr. 0297. Strauss-Derem, 127 West 29th.

BOLIVIAS.—P. & H. Shaw bolivias, all colors. Phone 4860 Vanderbilt.

BROADCLOTH. — Julliards 110, in black, navy, taupe, and burgundy, Stevens 7022 reindeer, Stevens 6097 taupe and plum, Thomas F. Shaw 4900 navy, Oxford, reindeer, Sternburg Schell 3199 black, green, navy, 1192 navy, 4323 navy, light weight velours in spring shades, also silvertones and serges. Phone Farragut 4213.

BROADCLOTH.—Julliards 110, in taupe, black, burgundy; velours 032, 0860, 544, 11052; serges 87, 54289, 104, 7120, 87, 41-103, 11488, 1210, and others; also plushes; prices inducing. Phone Hydol, 5264-5 Madison Square.

BROADCLOTHS. — 5 pieces taupe 0360, 2 pieces navy, 22 pieces Julliards 110, all shades 10020, 4 pieces brown, 1 black 10360, 1 piece navy; at the right price. Chelsea 2906

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315; reindeer, burgundy, plum, and black, $3.15; Talbot H-90 taupe, $3.10; Julliards 110 black and taupe, $3.25 net cash. Madison Square 7543.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, green, at a price, quantity of Julliards 110, 2002 Metcalf, 9190 kersey, American 11052. Gramercy 5037.

BROADCLOTH, all shades; Baruch Wolf velours at a reasonable price for cash. D. Berenzweig, 1,121 Broadway. Farragut 8048.

BROADCLOTH.—Black cotton warp broadcloth casket cloth for sale below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

BROADCLOTH.—Crystal cord broadcloth, 315; serge, 519; Garfield gabardine, 4666. Madison Sq. 6375.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., botany, taupe, burgundy, brown, navy, black, $3.22½ cash. Farragut 2205.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 and Columbia, also F. & H., Duvet de Laine. Madison Square 914.

BROADCLOTH.—All makes, Thibets, black, prices reasonable; terms. Farragut 3378.

BROADCLOTH.—Gera's navy, 5 black, 2 green, 3 brown, $3. Madison Square 8178.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS.—0 360, K 544, all colors, at a price. Mad. Sq. 2491.

BROADCLOTHS.—We have for sale F. & H. broadcloth, all colors. Chelsea 9356.

BROADCLOTH.—Stevens 7422, black, Slater 2192X black. Madison Square 8121.

BROADCLOTH.—315, 355, and radium; all colors. Orchard 5433.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, green; will sell at a price. Finkelstein, Greeley 5213.

BROADCLOTH.—Black, navy, brown, and tan. Farragut 5759.

BURELLA.—American 09067; have 15 pieces taupe, 25 pieces green, 20 pieces navy; sell below price. Stuyvesant 3204.

BUTTONS.—Large quantities of pearl buttons in bulk; 12 to 40 ligne at a sacrifice. Gramercy 6.507.

CHARMEUSE.—Fried Mendelsohns A. 93 dark navy; will sell 6 pieces, $1.75 net; also one piece each navy, white, gray, georgette; reasonable. Greeley 1748.

CHASE DORSET COATING for sale below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

CLOAKINGS.—Three-quarter Meltons, Thibets, new plaids. Kaplan, 20 West 22d St. Gramercy 1515.

CLOTH.—Chases Delhia, in 54-inch, in brown. If interested Phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, kerami, Behring seal, and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 W. 29th.

COATEES.—Of pile fabrics, close out. Farr. 9237. Strauss-Derem, 127 West 28th.

COATING.—Have big stock 6-4 and ¾ coating suitable for cloak and clothing trade for sale cheap. Stuyvesant 3204.

COATINGS.—kha 1 coatings, 300 yards, 22-ounce; cheap. Mad. Sq. 2094.

COATS.—500 Peerless plush, trimmed with goatskin, 10-inch border, 6-inch collar and cuff, satin lining, $20; other plush coats, $14 up; immediate delivery. Ulln Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—Intermediate children's and juniors' from $5.75 to $12.50, all desirable materials, immediate delivery. American Maid Coat Co., 37 West 20th St.

COATS.—High grade models, silvertones, pom poms, broadcloths, and velours, nutria, and sealed trimmed, to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

COATS.—Special offering of large quantity children's and juniors' coats from $6.75 to $10.50; immediate delivery. D. Pankin & Son, 37 West 20th St.

COATS.—Odd and stylish stouts on rack; immediate delivery. Dunn, 127 West 26th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed pom poms, broadcloths, silvertones, Bolivias, and plushes; immediate delivery. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Exceptional values, three leading styles, velour, half-lined, fur and plush trimmed; $13.50. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

COATS.—200 wool velour, all colors, all lined, plush collar and cuffs, to close out cheap. A. Rassakow, 104 5th Av.

COATS.—Big reduction, trimmed, $8.75, all lined, plush collar, $10.75; special, $12.75 and $14.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', ladies', to close out; reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS.—Velour, broadcloth, and burella cloth to close out. Samuel Ullman, 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plushes, velours, silvertones, mixtures, infants', children's jobs. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Special velour coats, $10.75; F. & H. broadcloth coats, $16. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Big job of coats to close out at very low price. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 W. 19th St.

COATS.—Smart styles in junior and ladies' coats on the rack. I. Novick & Co., 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Job of cloth pile fabric coats; about 300 to close out; cheap. Freed Rapkin, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Exceptional good styles and values for immediate delivery. Glantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, desirable materials, cloth and plush; well made. Blumenson & Co., Manufacturers, 56 West 22d St.

COATS.—Stouts, broadcloth, $14; also jobs in plushes. Schoen & Weissman, 43 West 27th St.

COATS & SUITS, 700 new fall to close out at sacrifice. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values, $10.75 to $24.50, immediate delivery. Crockett, 28 West 22d.

COATS.—Job, 600 ladies' coats to close out. Zimmerman & Varner, 48 West 22d St.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Close out great sacrifice. Greenberg, 146 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS.—Large quantities, Laurence crepes, all cotton serges, ginghams, chambrays, flannels. Mrs. Ginsberg, 475 Broadway. Canal 9490.

COTTON PLUSHES.—50 and 54 inches, all shades and qualities, for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

CRYSTAL CLOTH.—Frans Merz 6627, several pieces. Farragut 602.

DRESSES.—Very newest velveteens, serges, immediate delivery, jobs to close jersey, serge, satin, weekly special French serges embroidered dresses, $6.50. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES, 1,000 serges and satins, mostly large sizes, to close out; especially good assortment of afternoon dresses on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—The very latest models in serges and satins at unusually low prices; immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge, and velveteen dresses to close out at a price. Pan-American Waist and Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, satins, and velvets on racks for immediate delivery at unusual prices. Tip Top, 134 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 175 dresses, serge, velvet, velour, and satin; will sell very reasonable. L. & K., 12 West 32d, 8th floor.

DRESSES.—Latest models in serge, velvet, and satin for immediate delivery at reduced prices. Casino Dress Co., 368 6th Av., city.

DRESSES.—Big values; satins, serges, jerseys, $6.50-$10.75; immediate delivery; jobs to close out. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES. — Jerseys, tricolettes, velvets, silks and serges, better kind; immediate delivery. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Silvertone jersey and plain jersey dresses for immediate delivery; big value. Wm. Stechel, 34 East 29th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, tricolettes, satins, and velvets, better kind, at reduced prices. Rosenberg Bros. & Brown, 15 West 26th.

DRESSES.—1,000 to close out; velvets, serge, Georgettes, satin, tricolettes, wool jerseys. 116 West 29th St., ninth floor.

DRESSES.—Special offering in many styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Boaniak, 26 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—To close out, contractor has an assort ment of jerseys, serges, Georgettes, satin. 41 West 25th, 5th floor.

DRESSES.—Tricolette jersey, serge, satin, and velour dresses to close out. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Twill back, Worrall dye, velveteen dresses, $11; 75 net immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge and satins, latest models; close out at a price. Ideal Garment Co., 18 W. 33d.

DRESSES.—Contractor selling out stock of serges, velveteens, and satins; good merchandise; low prices. 9 W. 28th, 5th floor.

DRESSES.—500 all-wool serge dresses to close out, at $6.75 up. 12 West 17th St., 10th floor. Chelsea 8604.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, beautiful styles, excellent workmanship; closing out. Sabes, 16 West 45th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 serges, silks, jerseys; close out cheap. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—About 100 to close out; exceptional value. Lentz Bros. & Co., 136 W. 21st.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge satin velvet jersey to close out at sacrifice. H. Wohl, 12 W. 17th.

DRESSES.—Big assortment, all wool French serge, $6.75. Pauline, 36 W. 33d.

DRESSES.—Chiffon velvet dresses, $19.75 net. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—200 satins, all sizes and colors; close out $5.50. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Serge of the better grade; will sell at sacrifice. Excello, 142 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Beautiful satin, values to $15, choice $7.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DUVET DE LAINES.—F. and H. and botany, all colors. Mad. Sq. 8825.

DUVET DE LAINE.—Black, navy, taupe, reindeer, maroon, plum. Farr. 5759.

DUVET DE LAINE.—F. & H., burgandy, $3.25. Madison Square 1520.

FLANNELS.—Clarence Whitman's robecloth, 72 inches, in blue and pink, at $1.15 per yard. Elite Silk and Velvet Co., 18 West 27th St.

FLANNELS. — Bleached and unbleached; suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FLANNELS.—Bleached and unbleached; suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FURS.—Will sell kit coney collars, borders, below market. Merit Co., 1,333 B'way.

FURS.—Opossum, scaling, immediate delivery. Kaplan, 40 West 34th St.

FURS.—Kit Coney collars for sale. Call after 10. Farragut 2578.

GEORGENES.—We are open to accept orders for present and future deliveries. E. E. Elwood, 17 Madison Av., New York City. Phone Madison Square 5945.

GEORGETTE, all silk, pure dye, manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribcon Co., 45 4th Av., 31st St. Phone Mad. Sq. 1034.

GEORGETTE.—Raw, 10,000 yards, 90x36 weekly delivery, $1.02½ net; 10 days. Madison Square 4620. Ext. 24.

GINGHAMS.—25,000 yards Waverly, 36 inch, plain blue, 22½c; 5%, 10 days. K 563 Times Downtown.

HOSIERY—Ladies' cotton hose, black and white. Leben, Room 709, 309 Broadway.

HOSIERY.—6,000 dozen infants' cotton, plain colors and tops, to close. 6534 Rector.

JERSEY CLOTH, worsted, medium weight, for immediate and Spring delivery. R 163 Times.

KERSEY.—XXXX black, price $1.75; 61 blue black River, $4.60. Stagg 4108.

KHAKI DRILLS.—K357, Franklin Mfg. Co. khakis, 25,000 yards, spot delivery, 32½c. Franklin 733.

PANAMA, 54-inch cotton warp, all colors, reasonable. Mad. Sq. 8600.

PLUSH.—Fred Pearson's Egyptian plush, black, 24 frames; will sell reasonable; also Salt's beavers and Chase's mole strips. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th. Farr. 6264.

PLUSHES AND ¾ GOODS.—Pearsons mercerized, plush, Libby 282; Meinhard, E. Schwartz 400, Baruch Wolff, Newhouse; below market. Greeley 1121.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's high pile, called Frybloff; cheaper than in the mill. Phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

PLUSHES.—Pom Pom, velour, serge; a few pieces of each to close out below market price. Bushwick 5813.

PLUSHES.—Reasonable prices. New England Woolen Co., 215 4th Av. Stuyvesant 4042.

PLUSH.—Have 100 pieces T-10 to sell below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

POM POM.—Reindeer, taupe; also other pom pom for sale. Far. 9535.

POPLIN AND SERGES.—American 06077, 90610, 09070, 0609; Selden 1057, 1095; Jolesch 777, 1100, 6614, 7301; Parker Wilder 4084; below market prices. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS.—767-774 Whitmans, navy only; $2.15 net cash; 06077-9061, all shades, $2.75 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311-6312.

POPLINS AND DELHI.—American 06077 navy, black, taupe, 067 Delhi in Fall shades, 13075; Rivera cloth, all shades. Farragut 4539.

RUFFLERS.—Sell at sacrifice 9400 Union special rufflers; also 2 needle rufflers, 27W20. S. B., 229 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

RAINCOATS.—Boys' and girls'; to close out jobs. Schwartz Bros., 31 West 15th.

SATEENS.—Black, K85, and flannel interlining; to close. Madison Square 8103.

SATEEN.—Mercerized, 5,000 yards, all colors; below market price. Call Chelsea 7836.

SERGES, Poplins, and Wool Jerseys.—All shades, 09070, 1464, 7120, 54289, 528, 7008, 9056, 10453, 10707, Lorraine 3865, Broadhead 300, 8000, 7800, American 90610, 09077, P. P. L., B. P. N. L.; M. F. L.; Amoscaeg 8158, C. F. S. 9204, Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

SERGES.—Juilliards 54289, navy and black, $2.25; Juilliards 4061 navy, $1.42½; Juilliards 2086 Oxford, $1.47½; Whitman 774 poplin navy, $2.20 net cash. Mad. Sq. 7543.

SERGES.—Amoskeags, Pacific, Garfields, botany, Whitmans; all wool and cotton warp, 36 to 54 inch; low prices; terms. Barnett. Farragut 3148.

SERGES.—3678, 519, 528, 2288, 7120, 6120, 7512, 120A, reasonable. Call for Mr. Boroffsky, Crescent Cloth Sponging Co., 27 West 24th St.

SERGES.—W. F., W. S. X., C. F. S., 800 pieces, for immediate delivery, in a large range of colors. Box D 185 Times Annex.

SERGES.—Mostly navy, 100 each, 11433, 6120, 7120, 3865, W. F. X. Poiret twill; terms or cash. Serges, 120 Times.

SERGES.—W. F. X. 54289, 7120, M. F. L., S. P. A., S. B. G. L., V. S. L. Call Mad. Square 7080. Mr. Shreiro.

SERGES.—47116, 54274 Julliard; 7008 Gera; 528 Garfield; 78, 4308 Cleveland. Telephone Stuyvesant 5380.

SERGES.—All colors, 11433, 54289, 54249, 7120, 6120, 6122, 6301. Superior Waist Co., 114 West 26th St., city.

SERGE.—25 pieces navy, botany 764 S.; 10 pieces navy brightwood poplin. 4768 F. Madison Square 2657.

SERGES.—Cleveland style 9,204, Panama, P. N. A., black and navy; reasonable. Stuyvesant 1,567.

SERGES.—Will sell cheap for cash four pieces 54292; 1 piece 7120; navy; cheap. Orch. 7826, Mr. Kessler.

SERGES.—Garfield 528, 285, 127, 451; Navy $2.30 Sheriit, 8th floor. Madison Square 4878.

SERGES.—W F K, $2; 519, $2.50; 528, $2.45; 7120, $2.25. U. S. Textile, Gramercy 4356.

SERGES.—U. S. 638, Whitman's 9, navy broadcloths, botanys. Madison Square 3850.

SERGE.—54289 Julliard s, 4 navy, 2 Burgundy, $2.20. Phone Farragut 2923.

SERGES.—7120, 1464, 90610. Call Madison Square 8169. F. Sobel, 230 5th Av.

SERGES.—11433, 9056, 54289, 09070, 0609; 0360 velour, cheap. Madison Square 6517.

SERGE, 54289, 7120, 99, 1464, 519, 528 at the price. Gramercy 512.

SERGE.—54289, ten pieces at a reasonable price. 55 West 16th St., 5th floor.

SERGES.—Will sell on terms navy 11433, 528, 104. Madison Square 1520.

SERGES.—7120, 1464, 90610. Call Madison Square 8169.

SERGES.—Am. 0609, $2.25 net. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—Juilliards 54289, U. S. 638. Madison Square 3121.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our show rooms; prices always right. M. Mar n Co., 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9356.

SILKS.—To close, Cairo, 212 5th Av.

SILVERTONES and Velours.—All colors; all wool; also serges and stroocks; Lynx plush. Mad. Sq. 8600.

SILVERTONES.—All colors and makes. Madison Square 1520, 1170 Broadway, room 501.

SILVERTONES.—Brown, burgundy, taupe, reindeer, plum and delphine. Mad. Sq. 5826.

SKIRTINGS.—Fancy plaids, stripes, checks, and mixtures in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

SNAP FASTENERS.—1-0 2-0, white and black. Far. 2921.

SUITS.—High-grade suits, made of silvertone, duvet de laine, velours, velveteens, broadcloths, tricotine, serges. B. Hirschhorn Company, 39 West 29th St.

SUITS AND COATS.—Of the better grade, for immediate delivery, exceptional values. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS.—High-grade suits, duvet de laine, velours and velveteens. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d.

SUITS.—Our suit stock is worth while seeing; fur trimmed suits, $9.90 up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS, COATS.—Best sellers; immediate delivery; special. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

SUITS.—Closing out 200 nifty suits. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

THIBET.—Stoney & Starkey 815 below market price. Stuyvesant 3204.

TRICOTINE and Poiret twills—Seldens, $3.10, dating. Gramercy 4095.

VELOURS.—American, heavyweights, K544, 13009, 13046, 13045, 11052, 15020, quantities of all colors, immediate delivery and right price. Phone Mad. Sq. 2404.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS. — American, Holmes, Laussers, Kelleys, Stoney Starkey, Holz, Parker Wilder, Brightwoods; below market prices. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co. 0360, 032; J. P. Stevens, 4281; Buckley-Cohens, 715; colors; taupe, burgundy, plum; 60 days; very reasonable. Gramercy 1,660.

VELOURS.—American 0360, taupe; Stevens 4281, taupe, plumb, burgundy, $3, net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tele. Spring 6.311, 6.312.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

VELOURS.—American he vy weight; price reasonable. Call in person, Leibman & Hurwitz, 153 West 21st.

VELOURS.—0360, 032, 544, 11050 taupe, Burgundy, Pekin, navy, green and brown; also serges and poplins. Orchard 5433

VELOUR.—American 0360 and 4281, Stevens, burgundy, taupe, and reindeer; $3; also 114 Newhouse, $1.20. Farragut 3377.

VELOURS.—544, 13046, 11050, Wyandotte, in all shades, for immediate delivery. Milford Woolen Mills, 251 4th Av.

VELOURS.— F. & H., 6 pieces 662 plum, 2 pieces 652 burgundy, 4 pieces 858 taupe, $3.20 net. Mad. Sq. 7425.

VELOURS.—Broadcloth, Kerseys, Botany, American Wyandotte, Stoney, Ottaquechee, below cost. Farr. 2357.

VELOURS. 0360, $2.95; K 544, $3.25; Clark and Danz, 6290, $3.25. U. S. Textile. Gramercy 4356.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 954, American 13009, 544, botany 5816 and F. & H.'s. Madison Square 914.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Dobson's 52-inch, $3.75. Farr. 9297. Strauss & Derem, 127 West 26th.

VELOURS.—11050, 544, 0360, Saxonia 954, kerseys 15020 and 181. 6 West 18th, 10th floor.

VELOUR.—American 0359; reasonable price. Chelsea 3843.

VELOURS.—Navy, brown, green; reasonable prices. New England Woolen, 215 4th Av.

VELOURS.—0360, 082, Stevens 4281, taupe, under market price; terms. Farragut 3616.

VELOURS.—13046, 032 F. & H. and Brightwood. Madison Square 3121.

VELVETEENS.—Julliards style 665; 44 inches wide, all colors, $2.65 per yard net. Madison Square 4944.

VELVETEEN.—24-inch twill back, 12 pieces taupe, 10 green, 8 plum, 2 wine. Madison Square 1748.

VELVETEENS, 44 inch, twill back, navy and black, $2.35 net. 6205 Mad. Square.

VENETIANS.—Brocaded, 25 inches wide, 1,700 yards, black, 30c. net. Irving Bloom Co., 7 West 27th. Madison Square 98.

VENETIANS.—32 and 36 blacks, high lustre; exceptional value. Gramercy 3004.

VENETIONS.—32-in. black; quantity at a price. Madison Square 8103.

VOILES.—Colored, 40-inch, in assorted colors, count 40-52; 3,000 pieces for spot delivery, packed for export. Box D 125 Times Annex.

VOILES.—Black, all worsted, about 5,000 yards, suitable for export. Mad. Sq. 8600.

VOILES.—Black; to close. Madison Square 8103.

WAISTS.—Voile; 300 dozen, tailored and trimmed; $12-$18 per dozen; at a price. Gladstone Waist Co., 30 West 24th St.

YALAMA CLOTH, botany, shades 777, 771, 616, immediate delivery, $3.25 net, 60 days. Gramercy 3460.

YALAMA CLOTH.—Botany, 9 taupe, 1 navy, 1 plum, 1 burgundy, $3.25 net. Chel. 2840.

11433.—Botany, serge, navy and black, at $2.42½ net cash. Phone Farragut 4782.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted.—On popular priced Spring taffeta and georgette and serge dresses; own style; your or our material; quantity business. Call between 8 and 10, Greeley 824. Ask for Mr. J. P.

CONTRACTORS Wanted.—On cotton dresses for Spring, white and colored; own style; your or our material; quantity business. Call between 8 and 10, Greeley 824. Ask for Mr. J. P.

CONTRACTORS wanted on a good line of middy blouses in quantities; steady work. Friedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

Allied Industries.

JOBBER has space to let to contracting making better grade of coats and suits. D. J., 56 Times.

Plant for rent or sale, 5,000 square feet, modern, light; 36 Singer machines, one Ellert cutter; passed Government inspection; University Place. K 739 Times Downtown.

27-inch side-pleating machine for sale; good condition; bargain for quick buyer. Rosengarten & Kellner, 20 West 20th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

Help Wanted.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Fancy linen house with established trade requires city salesman; only those with experience and following apply, giving full particulars; commission. R. F., 210 Times Downtown.

Salesman to call on cloak, suit, and allied trade with line of woolens, worsted, and jerseys; confidential. W. S., 111 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Skirts; good following; jobbing trade especially; commission. 19 West 21st, Room 35.

SHOE BUYER wanted for bargain basement; state where last employed and salary wanted. A 388 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names
Monday .....6 " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Not Anxious to Make Repairs.

There is a growing tendency on the part of retail dry goods stores to get away from making repairs of various kinds of articles, particularly those in which the labor cost is greater than the cost of materials used. The reason is said to be that labor is so high now that most repairs cannot be made at a profit and that for the most part they are done more as an accommodation to the customers than for anything else. Many stores, for instance, will make watch repairs only on watches sold by them, and it is predicted that this rule will be extended to include many other articles before very long.

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Gray Goods Sales Fair.

Further buying of gray goods for 1919 was done in the local market yesterday, in which both printcloths and sheetings shared. The former included 38½-inch 64-60s and 60-48s, while among the latter were such bag constructions as 5.50s, 4.25s, and 3.25s. All of this business was done at full prices by first hands for deliveries running through March and April of next year. Mill River mills sold some low-count cloths during the day, including 36-inch 20-14s and 20-12s. Second hands were reported to have sold wide printcloths for delivery through the rest of this year at full Government prices.

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Fine Silk Hose "Sold Up."

At least one of the big concerns which manufactures silk hose of the better kind has already disposed of its merchandise for deliveries running to July 1 next, and reports from other parts of the trade reflect this condition more or less. This is said to be the earliest that the concern in question has reached the sold up stage for Spring goods. It is due both to the smaller production it will have for the coming season as a result of the war and the eagerness with which buyers took the merchandise that was offered them, despite the increased prices.

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Soft Cuff Shirts Are Favored.

Far and away the largest part of the advance business that has been booked on men's shirts for Spring has been done on the soft cuff models. This is attributed not only to the fact that many men like the "feel" of the soft cuff around their wrists, but also to the character of the materials out of which many of the shirts are made. It is pointed out for instance, that stiff cuffs on silk shirts are out of the question and that a similar condition exists in the case of shirts made of silk and cotton mixtures. Another reason advanced is that a soft cuff shirt can easily be laundered at home, and an economy, even though small, may be thus effected.

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Dress Sales Are "Off" Sharply.

The dress industry is reported at a standstill, so far as the receipt of business is concerned, and the spread of influenza is held chiefly responsible for it. The Liberty Loan drive also has checked retail business, but it was asserted yesterday that there are many women who, under other circumstances, would have bought their full quota of bonds and a dress or two as well. Now, however, many of them are staying home. The slump appears to be worse out of town than in it, a sample of the extent to which "outside" cities are suffering from the epidemic being afforded by a specialty shop in Buffalo. This store reported yesterday that in the last three or four days it has done the smallest business in its existence.

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Millinery Relief Held Up.

The work of the American Millinery Trades War Relief, at least that part of it which concerns the payment of war insurance premiums for the men in service, is being quite badly delayed by the inability of the executives of the organization to get the home addresses of many of the men or information as to their whereabouts in France. Since a Government ruling prevents direct payment of the premiums by any third person or association, the Relief has decided to send quarterly checks to the men and let them pay it themselves. About 125 of the more than 400 men who should receive these checks cannot be located. Former employers apparently do not know where they or their relatives are, and the relatives themselves do not send in the information. Delay on the part of some of the men in reporting new addresses or transfers on the other side is also holding things back here.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

FULTON STEEL CORPORATION of 149 Broadway and Fulton, N. Y.—Judge Hand has appointed William Nottingham and Henry C. Beavers receivers, on a bond of $25,000 in an equity suit brought by the Primos Chemical Company of Primos, Penn., a creditor for $4,840. Mr. Beavers is President of the company. Liabilities are stated to be $405,860, and assets $740,437.

HOTCHKISS & STEIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Hotchkiss and David Stein, who compose the firm of Hotchkiss & Stein, manufacturers of women's hats at 641 Broadway, by these creditors: Rose & Moverman, $128; Mitchell Klemons, $1,986; S. J. Kram Polikoff, $120. They also made an assignment to Jacob A. Stein.

AMERICAN COMPONOVA CORPORATION. —A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the American Componova Corporation, manufacturer of composition heads for dolls at 168 Greene Street, by Anton Kunst, a creditor for $1,122.

JOHN P. BURFEIND, a florist of Scarsdale, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities are $10,173, and assets $330, consisting of stock, $300; delivery wagons, $15; tools, $10, and cash in bank, $14.

A. & I. GALAIF.—Judge A. N. Hand has dismissed the petition filed on Aug. 21 against A. & I. Galaif, cloaks and suits, at 8 West Twentieth Street, on a settlement with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar, payable 15 cents in cash and 20 cents in notes at three and six months.

ISAAC PURDY, a farmer of White Plains, has filed schedules showing liabilities at $149,297, and assets $35,611, consisting of real estate, $32,000; note, $25; horse and cow, $250; farm wagons, $200; mowing machine, $200; rents, $2,886. He also owns the building opposite the Court House at White Plains, which is under foreclosure, value unknown, and also some stocks and bonds, value unknown. Among the creditors are Thomas L. Purdy, $20,000; Mary F. McPhail, Purdy's Station, $8,600; Margaret Mahoney, Purdy's Station, $5,000; Constant Whitney, $5,000; Gramatan National Bank of Bronxville, $5,000, and Yonkers Trust Company, $3,000.

ISIDOR ROGOBIN of 1,025 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,130.77.

SAMUEL WAXMAN of 374 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,130.77.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Berkowitz, Samuel—H. Hermann Lumber Co. $171.42
Bech, John P.—J. B. Oglaond.....2,020.92
Balut, Thomas—N. Y. Susquehanna & Western R. R. Co. 110.36
Buckley, Edward F.—J. Muir et al. 135.50
Bernstein, Samuel—H. Saffer.....1,481.87
Bitterfeld, Jacob and Regina—People, &c. 500.00
Boker, Frank—A. Lazare.....119.91
Bischof, Guido—Mentel & Co.....386.20
Cavi, Jeanne and Benjamin Green—People, &c. 900.00
Dunnell, Frank—A. Hirst.....271.09
Frollichstein, Sadie—N. Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co. 1,839.97
Fifty-ninth St. Real Estate Co.—Dispatch Printery and Bindery Corp.....175.55
Gasque, Eugene—N. Y. Importation Co. 240.56
Gannon, James—Hannis Distilling Co.134.20
Havre Holding Co.—Carlton Garage...1,414.85
Juskowitz, Jeanette—A. Bernstein.....254.85
J. F. O'Connor Co. and J. F. O'Connor—W. B. Aaronson.....499.92
Kisner, George R.—W. H. Bates.....196.70
Kurarok, Max and Kurarok Bros. Co.—Y. J. Stern.....106,902.24
Leach, Charles and Wilbur—Electric Meter Corp. 426.05
McIntosh, Burr—L. B. Makepeace.....472.15
McCann, John—E. J. Markey Co.....505.60
Morse, Edmund H.—L. E. G. Hubert et al. 316.79

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An important deal in the downtown coffee district was closed yesterday in the purchase by Edward H. O'Brien of the six-story building at 95 and 97 Front Street, corner of Gouverneur Lane. The property, 45 by 60, was sold by Thomas S. Gladding through the Charles F. Noyes Company. The new owner is from San Francisco, and a member of the coffee brokerage firm of C. E. Bickford & Co. The property is the widest corner on Front Street from Wall Street to Coenties Slip.

William Lynn of Philadelphia, who has been operating in small parcels of Manhattan realty during the last few months, has resold 20 Beekman Street to a client of the Charles F. Noyes Company at a substantial profit. The property consists of a five-story loft building on a lot 24 by 85 feet.

Mr. Lynn purchased the property a couple of weeks ago from the Margaret Foote estate. It was held in the first sale at $65,000. The Duross Company negotiated the transaction. The property was transferred yesterday to the Baltic Holding Corporation.

Buyer of Burling Slip Property.

Bernard Lichtenstein, a tobacco importer for forty years in Malden Lane, is the buyer of the two four-story buildings 7 and 9 Burling Slip, on a plot 42 by 57. I. M. Levy represented the buyer, the property being sold by J. Calmenson.

$6,086,200 for Liberty Loan.

Nearly half a million dollars was added yesterday to the Liberty Loan subscriptions of the Real Estate Division, bringing the total to $6,086,200. The subscriptions are now more than $1,000,000 over the original quota. Several large subscriptions were announced at the rally during the annual meeting of the Real Estate Board, in charge of Alfred E. Marling, Chairman of the Realty Division. Among them were $60,000 from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, $10,000 from the American Express Company, $25,000 from the George Backer Construction Company, $50,000 from Harry Zittel for the Goelet estate, and $5,000 for Michael E. Paterno, $49,900 from M. & L. Hess, $75,000 from Louis H. May for the National Bank of Far Rockaway, and one anonymous subscription of $50,000.

Mr. Marlin said that over 200 real estate honor flags were now flying from large buildings, representing Liberty Loan subscriptions of one-half of 1 per cent. on the assessed valuation. The board now expects to raise $7,500,000, and some of the more enthusiastic members are predicting that it will reach close to $10,000,000.

Buys Madison Avenue Dwelling.

J. G. Blaine Ewing purchased from the Seamen's Bank for Savings, 1,181 Madison Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18.8 by 82.2, located between Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh Streets. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

Resale of Heights Apartment.

Frederick Brown, operator, resold to an investor 501 West 140th Street, a five-story apartment house on a plot 37.6 by 100. The property was recently purchased by the seller from the estate of Emil Oppenheim.

Bronx Sales.

Fisher and Irving I. Lewine have purchased the southeast corner of Bryant Avenue and 179th Street, occupied by a five-story apartment house, with stores, on lot 45 by 100.

The three-story dwelling at 2,026 Honeywell Avenue, 22 by 111, has been sold for Mary Mason by the Duff & Brown Company.

Two Big Loans Placed.

Hughes & Hammond have placed a loan of $345,000 on the new fifteen-story Allerton Hotel at 143 East Thirty-ninth Street, also a loan of $180,000 at 5 per cent. on the new six-story apartment house on the southeast corner of 162d Street and Riverside Drive.

Brooklyn.

Bulkley & Horton Co. sold the two-story dwelling, 20 by 50, on the corner of Fourteenth Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street, for the Brooklyn Trust Company, executors of the Brooklyn estate of William Backus, to a client for investment.

The Oalcrest Building Company sold to W. L. Marks of Brooklyn the stucco dwelling, occupying a plot 40 by 100, on the east side of Elmore Place, near Avenue K, Midwood, for $15,750. W. H. Goldey negotiated the sale.

Tutino & Cerny sold for Stella Martin, to a client for investment, the two-story two-family frame dwelling, 363 Sixty-first Street.

The James R. Ross Company sold for Robert O. E. Lodge the three-story flat 50 New York Avenue to a client for investment.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold 124 and 124 A Tenth Street, Brooklyn, two one-family cottages, to clients for occupancy.

Westchester County.

In the Pelham Manor section H. Ackerman sold to J. H. Redding of Manhattan his residence on Willard Avenue, held at $16,000. J. D. McCann negotiated the sale.

S. H. Tyng, Jr., Elected President.

At the annual meeting of the Real Estate Board of New York yesterday, Lawrence McGuire retired from the Presidency after serving five years. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., was elected unanimously as his successor and David A. Clarkson was elected Vice President. Thomas P. Graham, Secretary, and A. V. Amy, Treasurer, were re-elected. Mr. McGuire, who is President of the United States Realty and Improvement Company, will continue as a member of the Board of Governors.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

25th St, 212 West, s s, 125.6 ft w of 7th Av, 20.6x98.9, three-story tenement and store; Thomas McClure et al. against Midtown Holding Corporation et al.; Stoddard & M., attorneys; taxes, &c., $26,240.93; taxes, &c., $413.12; to the plaintiff for $26,500.

61st St, 241 West, n s, 200 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, vacant; Metropolitan Savs. Bank against Lina Zocano et al.; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; due, $10,281.02; taxes, &c., $247.75; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

141st St, 269 West, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x90.11, four-story tenement and stores; Lottie Schlissel et al., executors, against Clementine Rothmiller et al.; Lachman & G., attorneys; due, $15,682.26; taxes, &c., $350.40; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Madison Av, 1,570, w s, 81.11 ft s of 106th St, 19x100, five-story tenement and stores; Esther Jezkowski against Louis P. Holzwasser et al.; Ernest F. & C., attorneys; due, $17,102.11; taxes, &c., $701.17; to the plaintiff for $18,500.

Madison Av, 1,574, w s, 43.11 ft s of 106th St, 19x100, five-story tenement and stores; A. G. Morgan against Louis P. Holzwasser et al.; Action 1, Wolf & K., attorneys; due, $17,062.42; taxes, &c., $450; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

Madison Av, 1,576, w s, 24.11 ft s of 106th St, 19x100, five-story tenement and stores; same against same; Action 2; same attorneys; due, $17,072.47; taxes, &c., $450; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

By Henry Brady.

133d St, 526 West, s s, 292.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x99.11, four-story tenement; M. L. V. Shepard, trustee, against D. H. Jackson Co. et al.; J. V. Irwin, attorney; due, $8,732.24; taxes, &c., $205.10; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Avenue A, 310-314, n e corner of 19th St, (Nos. 501-503,) 66.1x91.10, three 4 and one 5-story tenements and stores; Equitable Life against Nathan Koppel et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $23,881.99; taxes, &c., $587.75; to Germain Kahn and others for $28,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 15.

With the name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BEEKMAN ST, 20, n s, 115.10 ft e of Nassau St, 23.8x85.5; Emerson Foote et al, exrs, &c, to William Lynn, 345 East 136th St, mtg $38,000 and F. M. mtg for $12,000, Aug. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$52,000

SAME PROPERTY; William Lynn to Baltic Holding Corporation, 128 Broadway, mtg $50,000, Oct. 15; attorney, same.....$100

DELANCEY ST, 272, n s, 75 ft e of Columbia St, 25x100; Mirkeln Realty Co. to Emma D. Kemeys, Morristown, N. J., mtg $26,000, all liens, Oct. 14; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St.....$50

EDGECOMBE AV, 199, w s, 358.4 ft s of 145th St, 16.8x100; Minnie B. Tallman to Dora Sniderman, 209 West 148th St, mtg $7,000, all liens, Oct 7; attorney, James S. Friedman, 277 Broadway.....$1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e s, at point 375 ft w of Broadway, runs n 128.2 to point 100 ft s of 160th St x w 200x s 53.9 to Drive x s e on curve 214.7 to beginning; Langhorne Construction Co. to Winter Realties, 539 West 155th St, mtg $225,000, all liens, Oct. 8; attorney, Morris E. Gossett, 261 Broadway.....$100

SOUTH ST, 236, n s, 103.8 ft w of Pike St, 120.8x25.7x irregular; Mary S. Kernochan et al. to Samuel Brody, 788 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, b. and s., all liens, Aug. 9; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$33,000

WATER ST, 400, n s, 92.2 ft e of Catharine Slip 16.8x60.1; John Lagomarsino to F. Cardinali, 222 Hudson St, mtg $6,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

6TH AV, 250, n e corner of 16th St, (No. 37,) 29.10x65, (foreclosed, Oct. 10, 1918;) Abraham Greenberg to 37 West 20th St Co., 160 Broadway, Oct. 15; attorney, E. N. Rosenstock, 2 Rector St.....$150,000

9TH ST, 725 East, n s, 303 ft e of Av. C, 20x92.2; 9th St, 727 East, n s, 333 ft w of Av. D, 20x92.3; Herman Gruber to Libbie Gruber, 1,615 Union St, Brooklyn, mtg $34,000, Jan. 30; address H. Gruber, 89 Delancey St.....$100

45TH ST, 240 East, s s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 94.11x2sirreg., mtg $10,000; 45th St, 242 East, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100, mtg $7,500; Harry Aronson, Inc. to Charles Hoffman, 39 W. 89th St, June 14; attorneys, Lurie & Feinberg, 200 5th Av.....$1

50TH ST, 232 East, s s, 229.2 ft w of 2d Av, 20.10x100.5; Pierre Bois to Leonie, his wife, 16 East 57th S mtg $6,000, all liens, Oct. 14; attorney, Maud Haas, 60 Wall St.....$500

53D ST, s s, 230 ft w of West End Av, 50x102.2; Mary H. Lord to Crown City Trust and Savings Bank, Pasadena, Cal., mtg $90,000, July 25.....$1

98TH ST, 204 East, s s, 110 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5; Nathan Bloom, executor, to William H. L. Lee, 107 West 66th St, Aug. 8; address, 45 Pine St.....$250

113TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; 113th St, 10 East, s s, 175 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Harry Aronson, Inc to Izador Workman, 1,487 President St, Brooklyn, and Frank Workman, 169 Hewes St, Brooklyn, mtg $22,000, June 20; attorneys, Lurie & Feinberg, 200 5th Av.....$1

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 1,752, e s, 18.5x95 Rose Rosenfeld to Edgar E. Sirrine, 1,598 Belmont Av, Oct. 15; attorney, B. F. Gerding, 470 Tremont Av.....$100

BARNES AV, e s, 46.2 ft s of 228th St, 226x105; Blanie Morrison to Rasac Realty Co, 814 West End Av, mtg $4,500, Sept. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

GRANT AV, n w corner of 166th St, 156.6x100; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Moses Matthews, 570 Kelly St, and ano, Oct. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

KING AV, w s, 80 ft s of Fordham Av, 75x98.6, City Island; Gertrude H. Abbott and another to Howard L. Horton, 345 Main St, South Amboy, N. J., correction deed, Sept. 12; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Florence C. Horton to same, correction deed, Sept. 13; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Howard L. Horton to Mary T. Wells, 63 Bay St, City Island, N. Y., mtg $1,500, Sept. 16; attorney, same...$100

LOTS 6 and 7, Parcel 22, map of William B. Ogden; Charles Brady to T. Louis A. Britt, 453 East 57th St, Oct. 11; attorney, T. Louis A. Britt, 271 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 13 and 132, map of Hunter Estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Cath. O'Meara, 311 East 124th St, Oct. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

LOTS 942 and 943, Map Laconia Park, 50x100; Edward F. Engel and ano, heirs, to Robert C. Schmadel, 1,412 Franklin Av and ano, May 8; attorney, B. A. Matthews, United States District Attorney's office, New York.....$300

PARK AV, 4,469, w s, 18.1x85.10; John Hill to Arndt H. Olsen, 2,706 Heath Av, mtg $2,500, Oct. 15; attorney, Arndt H. Olsen, 59 Spencer St, Elizabeth, N. J.....$1

RIVER AV, e s, 100 ft s of 150th St, 100x100; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Allenby Realty Corporation, 448 East 167th St, Oct. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 906, e s, 75x105; Crown Operating Co. to Esther Weinstein, 50 East 112th St, May 1; attorney, J. L. Berman, 346 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Esther Weinstein to Louis Bochner, 318 East 4th St, and ano; mtg $64,500, Sept. 25; attorney, Samuel Langfin, 299 Broadway.....$100

TREMONT AV, w s, 190.1 ft s from angle point in said Av, opposite n s Wyatt St, 50x100.3; Rasac Realty Co to David Schlesinger, 940 East 180th St; mtg $5,000, Sept. 25; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$1

WALTON AV, n w s, 288.1 ft s w of 164th St, 100.5x irregular to Gerard Av; Annabeth Realty Corporation to Malex Realty Corporation, 170 Broadway, mtg $22,500, Oct. 14; attorney, A. S. Natanson, 170 Broadway.....$100

3D AV, 3,311, w s, 25.2x61.7x irregular; Harold H. Straus, referee, to Clear Realty Co. Inc, 200 5th Av, Oct. 10; attorney, Osterbairy, S. & H., 200 5th Av.....$10,000

175th St, w s, 180.3 ft s of 175th St, 50x100; Adolph Breslauer to David J. Conroy, 1,227 Beach Av, mtg $94,000, Oct. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,993, assignment of lease recorded April 20, 1916, by way of mtg Oct. 14; Israel Berkowitz to Wilhem E. Kleis, on the premises, and ano., instalments; attorneys, Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St. $2,000

BEEKMAN ST, 20, n s, 115.10 ft e of Nassau St, 23.8x85.5, P. M., Aug. 3; William Lyon to Emerson Foote, 1 East 130th St, et al., executors, &c, due Oct. 1, 1923, 6 p. c., prior mtg $38,000; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$12,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e s, at point 375 ft w of Broadway, runs n 128.2 to point 100 ft s of 160th St x w 200x s 53.9 to Drive x s on curve 214.7 to beginning, Oct. 8; Winter Realties, Inc., to Langhorne Construction Co., 200 West 72d St, due Oct. 1, 1923, 6 p. c., prior mtg $225,000; attorney, Joseph Levy, 45 Cedar St.....$45,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 8; same to same, due Oct. 1, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $225,000; attorney, same.....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 11; same to Frieda Gossett, 501 West 110th St, demand, 6 p. c., prior mtgs $280,000; attorney, M. E. Gossett, 261 Broadway.....$13,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 9; same to William A. Lincoln, Springfield, Mass., instalments, 6 p. c.; attorney, same...$25,000

SOUTH ST, 236, n s, 103.8 ft w of Pike St, 120.8x25.7x irreg., Aug. 9; Samuel Brody to Mary S. Kernochan, 862 Park Av, due Aug. 21, 1921; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$16,500

1ST AV, s s, 42.6 ft e of 7th St, 24.3x71.6, Oct. 15; Henry F. Brinckmann to Fred Lander, 424 East 5th St, due Jan. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$2,000

56TH ST, n s, 185 ft e of 8th Av, 20x100.5, Oct. 15; Maria L. Adam to Board of Domestic Missions of the Reformed Church in America, 25 East 22d St, due Feb. 21, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Dunn & Daly, 261 Broadway.....$2,500

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 1,752, e s, 18.6x96.3; Edgar E. Sirrine to Rose Rosenfield, 1,752 Anthony Av, prior mtg $4,250, Oct. 15, installments 6 p. c.; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$950

GRANT AV, n w corner of 166th St, 156.6x100; Moses Matthews and another to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, Oct. 14, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 1, Block 2, map of Bronx Terrace; Bronx Terrace Co. to Alfred Schwartz, 1,170 Boston Road, Oct. 14; attorney, Samuel Schwartz, 1,170 Boston Road.....$1

RIVER AV, e s, 100 ft s of 150th St, 100x100; Allenby Realty Corporation to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, Oct. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$10,000

TREMONT AV, w s, 190.1 ft s from an angle point in said av, opposite, n s of Wyatt St, 50x100.3; David Schlesinger to Rasac Realty Co., Inc., 814 West End Av, Sept. 25, due, &c. as per bond; attorney, Lawyers, Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,600

175TH ST, w s, 180.3 ft s of Westchester Av, 50x100, David J. Conroy to Adolph Breslauer, 836 7th Av, Oct. 15, due Nov. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV, 1,611, w s, 82.6x100; Malex Realty Corporation and ano to Simon M. Goldsmith, 302 Convent Av; attorney, A. Zimmerman, 206 Broadway....$7,500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

WILLIAM ST, 150, store; P. H. McMullin to Abr. Arkowitz, 1,407 Wilkins Av, Bronx, 2½ years and 15 days, from Oct. 15, 1918; attorney, L. Ellis, 116 Broadway.....$1,300

5TH AV, 448, n lower store, part basement, and show window; A. Stern & Co to Ivy Corset Co, Inc, of Worcester, Mass, extension of lease, 5 years from Oct. 18, 1918; attorney, Paul Coksay, 10 Wall St...$18,250

15TH ST, 20 West, ground floor, cellar, and rear room, top floor; Bliss Holding Co. to Bliss Exterminator Co., one year, from May 1, 1918.....$1,800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

9TH ST, 12 West; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Jean McL. Johansen, owner; Clirehugh & Clirehugh and J. C. Johansen, contractors, renewal.....$117.28

27TH ST, 49 West; Armand Zimmermann against Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., owner; War Camp Community Service, contractor $641.81

Bronx.

PARK AV, e s, 275 ft n of 181st St, 27x141; Salvatore Trombatore and Vincent Trombatore against Antanet Irace, owner and contractor $1,712

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,706 to 1,720; Rufus Darrow's Sons, Inc., against Ford Motor Co. et al., Sept. 11, 1918.....$1,764

143D ST, n s, 260 ft e of Lenox Av; Jacob Gottlieb against Non Column Garage Co., Inc., et al., Aug. 2, 1918, by bond.....$949

LIS PENDENS.

Bronx.

137TH ST, s s, between Lincoln and Alexander Avs, —x—; Elway Co. against Bellwood Realty Co. et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell.

137TH ST, s s, between Lincoln and Alexander Av, —x—; same against same, action to foreclose tax lien; attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 325 ft n of Barretto St; Benjamin B. Engel against Hunt's Point Garage Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Baker & Obermeyer.

BOSTON ROAD, n e corner of Charlotte St, 100.3x161.11; Margaret J. Becker against Mary Raisin, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

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A Beautiful Home in Flatbush
8 Rooms, 2 Baths
Ocean Ave., bet. S & T—Plot 34x136.
Absolutely New—Detached—Garage for 2 Cars.
35 Minutes from N. Y. on Brighton L.

New features, steam heat, electric lights, open fireplace, parquet floors, shower, instantaneous hot water heater; front, breakfast and sleeping porches. An ideal home. You can arrange satisfactory terms. Offered at a bargain.
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Detached 1-Family Frame & Stucco Houses
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East 8th, 9th and 10th Sts., north of Ave. I and Ocean Parkway and E. 5th, near Ave. N, containing 8 rooms, consisting of extra large living room with open fireplace, large Dutch dining room, 3 large bedrooms and maid's room; enclosed front and sleeping porches and every conceivable modern improvement. Each house on plot 34x100.
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Convenient, Compact, Comfortable
New house, near station, beautifully located on Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, N. Y. For rent, furnished, until May or longer; 8 rooms, 2 baths, fireplace, steam heat; wood and coal in cellar. Out-of-doors sleeping room. Garage under house. Possession in two weeks. Rent $150 per month.
Anderson Realty Co. nr. New Haven Rds., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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GONE TO WASHINGTON
HOUSE FOR RENT
Situated on a hill viewing the Hudson for twenty miles at a place famous for its sunsets; 5½ acres of flowers, fruit and vegetables; spring and woods; tennis court; chicken run; 2-car garage. Winter vegetables in the ground. One gardener handles all.
First floor: drawing room, den, hall, dining room, kitchen, pantry, small conservatory.
Second floor: 4 bedrooms, 2 large dressing rooms, 2 baths, 3 servants' rooms and bath.
Third floor: 2 bedrooms and 1 bath and storage rooms.
Fireplaces on 2 floors. And a full supply of coal in the basement. Two servants can operate the house if the third floor is closed. Otherwise three.
One hour by motor from New York. 24 miles from Grand Central. 15 minutes' walk to stores and train. This is the home of a literary man and can be rented furnished for the Winter or by the year. He has gone to Washington.
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Famous Greenhouse Teahouse, facing the Italian Gardens at Hartsdale Station. It has been remodelled and may be rented at once, furnished or unfurnished. Photo on request.
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In Greenwich Village
Three story and basement, hardwood floors, two baths; favorable terms. Apply Carstein and Linnekin, 221 4th Ave. Phone 7780, or any broker.

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LARGE LOFT SPACE
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From February 1, 1919
111 to 119 W. 19th St.
THROUGH TO
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TWO OR MORE FLOORS
Each Floor 18,400 Sq. Ft.
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FIREPROOF SPRINKLERED
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East 27th Street
Near 4th Ave.
Two Lofts to Let
From February 1st, 1919. Size 66 ft. 8 in. x 98 ft. 9 in. Thoroughly fireproof. 100% sprinkler equipment. Three elevators. Perfect light, complying with all factory laws.
APPLY ON PREMISES, TO YOUR OWN BROKER, OR TO
A.L. MORDECAI & SON
30 EAST 42ND ST.

340 Madison Avenue
At 43rd St.
Pease & Elliman Building
Parlor floor and offices for rent. Immediate possession.
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340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill

No. 3 East 38th St. | FOR lease for a term of years, owner will improve for substantial tenant.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty Street

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11 East 36th, through to 10 East 37th Street, 7th loft, about 6,300 sq. ft., $7,200 a floor, about 1,200 sq. ft., $1,500. Suitable for showrooms, offices, etc. Very light, building well equipped; 4 elevators, excellent service. Possession February 1st or sooner.
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Ranging from 10,000 to 60,000 Sq. Ft.
RENTALS 10 to 30 cts. Foot.
Various locations, some particularly choice.
Well worth investigation NOW
BARNETT, 11 E. 125TH STREET.

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Very light apartments.
7 & 9 Rooms, $1400 to $1600
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READY ABOUT NOV. 1ST.
$70 to $90
MAID SERVICE IF DESIRED.
302 WEST 78TH STREET

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High Class Elevator. Front Apartment.
7 Large, Light Rooms Rent
Bath and Extra Lavatory $1200
46 WEST 73rd STREET
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
One Apartment to a Floor.
More on the order of a private house. Exceptionally large rooms and closets. Must be seen to be appreciated. Rent $3,000.
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St. Nicholas Ave. at 191st St.
Seven or Eight Rooms
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60 WEST 40TH ST.
Very desirable North Light Studio Apart's.
7 ROOMS, Partially furnished; $5,000.
Superintendent, on premises.

THE MAJESTIC
680-684 St. Nicholas Ave. (145th)
All-night elevator and phone service.
7-8 Rooms, $72.50-$80.
All rooms large, light and airy.

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Manhattan.

TO LET.
64th St., 104 East; four story and basement dwelling, 14 rooms, 3 baths; $2,000; possession at once.
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48 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

78 East 92d St.; rent $1,650.
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Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker, on premises.

Furnished, small, modern house or parlor floor, basement, bath, yard, small children; state terms and location. K 693 Times Downtown

84TH, 52 WEST.—Nicely furnished small house; owner retain room; coal assured.

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For artists, professional, and all nature-loving people of smaller means, ideal home or Summer site; $500, including bungalow; $1,950 full price; $50 monthly for Summer season; no pay in Winter. "Hilltop," 243 West 34th St., the House and Home Co.

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Homestead, nine rooms, electricity, gas, large barn, chicken houses, old shade, fruit trees; 1½ acres, finest cultivated ground; sacrifice for need of little cash; phone 3824 Cathedral. 540 W. 112th.

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$6,750—WORTH $8,000.
New eight room house; enclosed porch; all modern improvements; heart of Jamaica; convenient to all transit; plot 40x100; a rare bargain; come and see. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Westchester County.

NEW ROCHELLE—GREAT BARGAIN.
6 Field Av.; residence park, near Pelham Road; 11 rooms, 4 fireplaces, sleeping porches, 2 baths; price $9,000. Harry Hayes, 29 Broadway, or premises.

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TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York. 5-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; terraced lawn, trees, paved streets, steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden and garage; driveway in rear; near fine schools and station, 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5047.

Glen Ridge, N. J., Ridgewood Av.
Finest section; 14-room house.
Hardwood floors; lot 197x250.
Block to Lackawanna Sta.; 2 to trolley.
Elegant shade and fruit trees.
Must sell to close estate.
No reasonable offer refused.
H. Beach, 189 Market St., Newark, N. J.

Will sacrifice equity in beautiful home at Plainfield, steam heated garage, beautiful lawns, large corner plot; new bank mortgage, $10,000, 5 per cent.; cost $30,000 to build. Lee, 200 Broadway.

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At Grantwood, opposite 125th St., near cliff, 50x100, view of New York; one-family residence with steam, gas, electric, 7 rooms, in perfect condition; ready now for occupancy. Terms. A wonderful bargain. Geo. H. Linbach, Palisade, N. J. Telephone 752 Cliffside.

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Beautiful nine-room house in real country, near Stamford; Summer rent, $200 per month; will rent until May 1 at $50 per month. Y 256 Times Annex.

I will sacrifice my 7-room house in best section Jersey City Heights; $8,250; telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith.

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LAKEWOOD, N. J.—Autumn rental; beautifully equipped home, facing lake; caterer, cook, maids, fuel, silver, linen. Write AZ, 27 East 62d St. Phone 6748.

Long Island.

Entering army, will rent charmingly furnished stucco house, Plandome, L. I., $100 monthly; 4 master bedrooms 2 baths, large living room; coal and wood in cellar; garage; only 30 minutes from city on direct electric line. B. C. Tuthill. Telephone Manhasset, 347-J.

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S. W. CORNER 7TH AVE.
The New 14-Story Rodin Studio and Apartment Bldg.
Two Duplex Studio Apts.
8 Rooms and 2 Baths, $4,200, $4,400.
Housekeeping Apartment, 6 Rooms and 3 Baths, Rent $3,000.
Two Single Studio Apts. at $2,000 each.
Refrigeration included in rent.
Apply Manager on Premises.

The Riviera
Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.
Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment. Subway station half block distant.
8 rooms, $1,500 to $1,700 Per Annum
9-10 rooms, $1,600-$2,000 Per Annum
with two or three baths.
Apply to A. J. Odell,
Manager, on Premises. Audubon 5400.

2 ROOMS
BATH & KITCHENETTE
Maid or Valet Service Optional.
Rent $1,000 to $1,400.
21 West 50th St.
Apply on premises or
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
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HOTEL DES ARTISTES,
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Duplex and single apartments, furnished and unfurnished. Apply James L. Breese, 28 East 23d St.

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40TH ST., NO. 36 EAST
High Class Elevator. All Improvements;
3 ROOMS AND BATH;
non-housekeeping; including service.
$900 to $1,200.
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780 Madison Ave.
Between 66th and 67th Street.
2 Rooms and Bath
Furnished or Unfurnished.
Rent includes maid service.
Reception Room and Restaurant.
Resident Manager.
166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS; sumptuously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

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WEST 86TH ST. APARTMENT.
$4,000 NET ANNUAL INCOME.
$20,000 INVESTMENT.
RENT $12,000; MORTGAGED $56,000.
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A most attractive home in Douglaston Park for sale at a real bargain; stucco on hollow tile, nine rooms, two baths, hot water heating system, parquet floors, electric light, everything up to date and in perfect condition; to settle estate will take less than value. J. W. Doolittle, Woolworth Building.

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SCARSDALE.—Beautiful country home; stucco; five minutes' walk from station; 8 rooms, 2 ba

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

86TH, 338 WEST.—WELL FURNISHED, MEDIUM ROOM, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; EXCLUSIVE HOUSE; ADJOINING RIVERSIDE.

90TH, 304 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private home; gentlemen; call any time except Monday and Wednesday evenings. Cardozo.

90TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor; southern exposure; fine piano; bath; instantaneous hot water; electricity; suitable one; $11.

90TH, 140 WEST.—Unusually well-furnished rooms in select neighborhood.

90TH, 335 WEST, (Droccan Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwellings, rooms $6-$15; references.

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90TH, 306 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room; private bath.

92D, 75 WEST.—Attractive suite, living room, bedroom, bath. Bocock, Riverside 7639.

92D ST., 288 WEST.—Handsome large front suite, electricity, elevator. Apartment 5W.

92D, WEST.—Two sunny rooms; no other roomers; near subway. Riverside 8651.

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97TH, near Broadway.—Can offer responsible congenial gentleman most comfortable home; convenient to 96th St. subway express station; no other roomers. Riverside 9953 W.

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99TH, 243 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Pleasant room; running water; two closets; elevator apartment; references. Apartment 3 East.

102D, 305 WEST, (Riverside, West End.)—1, 2 southern rooms, private bath; owner's home; private, Christian, American family; references.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Comfortable, bright room, adjoining bath; elevator. Copeland.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Large front parlor, bedroom; elevator. Apt. 3B.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 9068.

110TH, 50 WEST.—Newly decorated front rooms; modern apartment house; "L," subway. Davenport.

112TH, 522 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; conveniences; near Columbia University. Apt 5.

112TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, one or two newly decorated front rooms, running water, near bath; private family. Gilbert.

182D, 588 WEST.—Two large, airy rooms in refined private house; telephone.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Newly furnished room, private family; adults; high class. Apartment 36.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Warm, attactive room, suitable two; elevator; reasonable. Apt. 41.

119TH, 102 WEST.—Large, clean, elevator apartment; electricity and telephone; suitable for one or two; references. Apt. 6 East.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, opposite Teachers College, Columbia University; southern exposure; kitchen privileges. Mrs. Finch.

122D, 512 WEST.—Clean, attractive rooms; single and double; elevator; shown. Nichols.

192D, 165 WEST.—Opportunity, high class two rooms; breakfast; gentleman; reference. Constantine.

BROADWAY, 1,750.—Nicely furnished one and two rooms with or without bath; high class elevator apartment. Apartment 6A.

BROADWAY, 2,783, (107th.)—Large room, adjoining bath; cultivated home. Apartment 5 North.

BROADWAY, 2,804, (83d.)—Large, comfortable room, running water, 1-2 gentlemen; references. Minning.

DESIRABLE SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH; NEWLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED; $12 PER WEEK AND UPWARD. HOTEL EARLE, 103 WAVERLEY PLACE, CORNER OF WASHINGTON SQUARE.

LADY has artistic apartment; share same with young lady or rent room. R 319 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450.—Large room, nicely furnished, one or two people, block from 116th subway, breakfast served, a home; reference. Apartment 3. Shearer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, connecting and single rooms; piano; gentlemen preferred. Apt. 5C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 228.—Bachelor; two-room suite, facing Drive; reasonable; references. Myers.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Sunny, outside room, well furnished, private family. Apt. 5S.

SUITE, three large rooms, living room, library, two bedrooms; wonderful opportunity high-class apartment for party of men or responsible couple. Schuyler 3548.

WEST END AV., 519.—Beautiful furnished corner room in exclusive residence; twin beds; steam heat; electricity. Schuyler 5538.

WEST END AV., 896 (103.)—Front hall room adjoining bath; $5; private; Japanese.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED by adult couple, room furnished or unfurnished, heat, cooking privilege, above 66th St. Address W. B., 176 Times.

Gentleman wishes outside room, uptown; must adjoin bath; refined American or English family. W 241 Times.

Educated Spanish young man wants room with private family; no other roomers; kindly state full particulars. R 378 Times.

Small room in dwelling below 59th; $4.50; no roomers. K 617 Times Downtown.

Young business woman desires room, preferably in an apartment. W 253 Times.

Unfurnished.

90TH, 215 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, running water, elevator. Morningside 2 E.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

61ST, 154 EAST.—Rooms, with all conveniences; table guests. Plaza 1379.

97TH, (1,845 Lexington Ave.)—Large, small rooms; excellent table; private house. Telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (80th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

80TH, 61 WEST.—Double, single front room; running water; real home table.

88TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table and service; convenient location.

90TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor, to sublet; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine. Mrs. Newburg.

116T, 116 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room, private bath; board; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double front room; private bath and medium-size room.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Excellent table board accommodation by Holland family; European home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 West, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, newly decorated, electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

80TH, 134 WEST.—Large room, private bath; table board.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

90TH, 531.—W. st End Av.; attractive rooms, excellent table; steam heat.

316 WEST 90TH STREET.

Desirable double room and board; references.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity; two adults; private, American Christian family; front room, seven windows, private bath; references.

102D, 249 WEST.—Refined Hebrew family offer superior accommodations for discriminating guests; table board. Riverside 6343.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST.—OVERLOOKING HUDSON. LUXURIOUS PRIVATE RESIDENCE; THREE SPACIOUS ROOMS, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; EXCEPTIONAL TABLE; MODERATE.

151ST, 535 WEST.—Apartment 53; beautiful room; private family; excellent meals; gentleman.

Elegantly furnished outside suite, with excellent board; improvements; business gentleman. Schuyler 8881.

WEST END AVE, 301, (74th.)—Doubles, singles, baths, electric; meals; facing park.

Three sisters, business girls, Jewish, want home with refined family. S. B., 2 Rector St., Times

BOARD WANTED.

Lady desires room with private bath, board, with refined surroundings; state full particulars and rates; both essential. W 252 Times.

Family of three adults desires three rooms and bath, with board, west side above 70th St. L 399 Times.

Wanted.—Large, comfortable furnished bedroom, west side, with or without board, for couple. L., 442 Columbus Ave.

Good home for Catholic boy, 5 years; reference; terms by letter only. A. F., 263 W. 126th.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

SUNNY rest and ideal home for convalescents without regard to age, sex, or religion; tuberculosis patients not taken. Apply nurse in charge, 374 Palisade Av., Yonkers. Telephone 5642 Yonkers.

Attractive suburban home; has large, comfortable rooms, to rent, with board. 209 Park Hill Av., Park Hill-on-Hudson, Yonkers, N. Y.

New Jersey.

300 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL. 20 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK. We have a large Colonial house flooded with sunshine, and are catering for a few people who require a little care, excellent table, home cooking. Address Palisades, N. J., P. O. Box 143. Phone Cliffside 222. References N. Y. physicians.

South Orange, N. J., 117 Scotland Road.—Beautiful home and location; large room, bath, and board; couple; references.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM, nonsectarian, beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 3006W.

Country Board Wanted.

Wadsworth Hall, Arrochar, Staten Island; accessible 45 minutes from New York. Telephone 673 Tompkinsville.

Gentleman desires accommodations out of town commuting distance; must be first class. W 344 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AN EXECUTIVE

Woman of unusual ability and experience; excellent correspondent and bookkeeper; mail order and commercial. Exceptional. Y 284 Times Annex.

ARTIST.—Experienced designer and sketcher wishes position with first-class dress house. Miss E. Woywoth, 2,168 Seventh Av., City.

ASSISTANT EXPERT MANAGER, thoroughly experienced film industry, all branches; executive ability; personality; good education. B. F., 360 Times.

BELGIAN, who caters to high class clientele, desires line high class ladies' wear; commission. R 346 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly versed modern methods, financial statements, credits, entire charge; capable correspondent; excellent stenographer; reference; $35-$40. R 370 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND ASSISTANT.—Capable of taking care of an office; four years' experience; salary $18. Tel. Williamsburg 5685. Jennie Kaplan, 73 Morton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT or clerical work; high school graduate; one year's experience; salary $15. Tel. Williamsburg 7685. Wallick, 78 Morton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; controlling accounts; modern methods; $25. H 780 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Ten years last employer; A1 reference; salary $25. L 392 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, Ledger Clerk. —Christian; 24; downtown position; salary $20. W 673 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.— Several years experience; thoroughly competent, modern methods, $20. D 467 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady; modern office details; several years' experience; salary $20. D 467 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, beginner, willing and energetic. Miss Gilman, 6 East 116th St.

CAPABLE YOUNG LADY ASSISTANT desires position with reputable concern; qualified as Spanish and Italian translator and italian correspondent, with a thorough knowledge of stenography and typewriting; can furnish best of references. P 545 Times Harlem.

CASHIER, CLERK, capable, energetic young woman of good appearance and personality; hotel experience; wishes position front office first-class hotel. H 735 Times Downtown.

CLERK (17) experienced in office details, neat appearance, one year high school, industrious, reliable, moderate salary to start. S. Gans, Flatbush, 3140.

COLLEGE WOMAN, highest degrees, young, Christian, specially trained in applied psychology, desires position with large firm requiring good education; available immediately; salary $25 to start. S. B. P., 256 Front St.

COMPANION.—Refined elderly woman, ex-school teacher, wishes position companion, nurse or mother's helper; coach backward children. A. M. B., 9 East 8th St., (parlor floor.)

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, Cost Clerk.—Experienced in all branches of cost department; 7 years' experience. H 769 Times Downtown.

DAY'S WORK.—Young Finnish woman desires day's work; reference. Mrs. Martha Heggemeyer, 502 East 89th St.

DAY'S WORK by Finnish woman. Helden. 129 East 130th.

DRESSMAKER.—A1; perfect fitter; quick, stylish; by day. 127 East 54th.

ENGLISHWOMAN.—Refined, capable, educated, assist light housekeeping duties, companion, housekeeper; highest references. Phone Morningside 2403, apt. 1-A.

EXCELLENT SHOPPER and "in vogue" seamstress desires position refined home. W 250 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Present employer wishes to place governess; five years present position; highly recommended; child 7 or over desired. Telephone Plaza 4695.

GOVERNESS.—French visiting governess wishes position with young girl for the afternoon. J. C., 127 W. 63d, Columbus 7805.

GOVERNESS, visiting children four to eight, outdoor class, Central Park, morning, afternoon; moderate. J., 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

GOVERNESS. — French, visiting, reading, conversation, three afternoon week. Address Marthe, 443 Amsterdam.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting; has morning hours free; English branches; French; references. O 300 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION.—Woman of education and refinement wishes position with motherless children or semi-invalid; nursing experience; excellent references. W 243 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER OR MATRON for hotel or club; experienced. R 308 Times.

HOUSEWORK, few hours daily; light colored girl. Care Browne, 67 West 139th.

INTERPRETER.—Russian-American woman wishes position; also would like to travel. 1,225 Madison Ave.; E. H.

MAID, SEAMSTRESS, French, wishes situation to lady alone in apartment; references. Write Seamstress, care Hogan, 149 W. 31st St.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. Lockhart, 1,088 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE (licensed) for ladies desires patients; either residence. Brook, 211 West 88th. 3329 Riverside.

NURSE, with five years' experience, desires position as assistant doctor's office, day hours only; can furnish excellent references. Apply Louis, 214 West 85th St. Telephone Schuyler 7757.

NURSE wants position, superintendent, refined home; charge infant or small children; salary $50. Box 119, 852 Columbus Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, mother's helper; fully understands children and housekeeping; salary $50-$60. O 286 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER who is capable of being more than just a stenographer to a man who is in need of intelligent co-operation; 6½ years' experience, including advertising and brokerage. L 400 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER. — Assume responsibility; diversified experience; highly educated; competent; $25. S 418 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE.—Capable young lady; expert stenographer and bookkeeper; first-class credentials; salary $30 to $35. R 351 Times.

SECRETARY, managerial experience, trained correspondent, seeks opportunity to prove herself worth $30 weekly. O 305 Times.

SECRETARY.

Do you require services bright, capable, experienced stenographer, $22 00. H 92 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced; medical work preferred; $35. R 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, dictaphone operator, knowledge of bookkeeping, high school graduate, 3 years' business experience, wishes position in downtown office; $18 to start. Miss G. V. Hibbeler, 189 Ogden Av., Jersey City, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, cashier, payroll distributer; (American;) 7 years' experience; thoroughly capable of doing detail work; $25. P 543 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, rapid, accurate; high school graduate, four years business experience; salary $20. Levin, 1448 Bryant Ave. Intervale 1190.

STENOGRAPHER — Experienced, reliable, conscientious worker, business school graduate; references, $15: H 777 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—17; high school education, seeks permanent position, $12. Ruth Schacht, 1181 Tinton Ave., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—4 years' thorough experience; good education and references; $19. S 403 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; understands bookkeeping; accurate; good at figures. R 358 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—American; 10 years' banking experience; highest references; $25. P 538 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat, conscientious, reliable worker, desires permanent position. L 385 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; 1½ years; capable reference; salary $13; Brooklyn. O 304 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE ASSISTANT. — High school education; 5 years' experience; $20. O 306 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; competent, reliable; best references; commercial preferred. K 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert high school graduate; difficult dictation; $23. Stenographer, 240 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 5 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; SALARY $25; EXCEPTIONAL REFERENCES. W 245 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid typist, desires work evenings; has thorough, varied experience. W 240 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - OFFICE ASSISTANT.—2 years' experience; American, $15. K 696 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; good references; salary $22-$25. H 768 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, neat, ambitious, experienced; $15. Scharlin, 200 West 116th; Morning 1480.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; experience; intelligent, ambitious and bright. D 470 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate and business beginner; $12. S. H., 1576 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, 5 years commercial experience, reliable, $20.00. H 767 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, assistant bookkeeper; capable, accurate; references. 216 East 96th St. Lillian Bactelman.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, expert, available Nov. 1; secretarial work desired; best references. R 369 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, high school graduate; 1 year's experience; salary $16. S. Simerman, 916 So. Boulevard.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY; expert exceptional ability; good education; conscientious; willing; $25. H 788 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, three years' experience, desires position. Box 29, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, would like work evenings or Sunday. Stenographer, A 387 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (20,) four years' experience, wishes position; $18. Fox, 214 East 84th.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 5 years' experience; quick, accurate; references; $20. F 214 Times Downtown.

STOCK AND ORDER CLERK, 5 years' experience; thoroughly competent; $18.$20. P 546 Times Harlem.

TEACHER.—Position wanted to teach blind child or adult in family. For particulars, address M. R., 240 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

TEACHER; college graduate, public school methods; all branches. Export, 263 West 125th St.

TUTOR.—College graduate, experienced teacher, elementary and high school subjects. W 237 Times.

TYPIST AND BILL CLERK, formerly head of department; executive ability; salary $22. H 789 Times Downtown.

WOMAN.—Intelligent business woman, excellent selling ability, desires position, busy house. L 389 Times.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Young American; entire responsibility small apartment; excellent reference; wages $50. Particulars to R 810 Times.

YOUNG GIRL wishes position, clerical and switchboard; experienced. Wiener, 1,305 3d Ave.

YOUNG GIRL, switchboard operator; best reference. Fitzpatrick, 501 West 134th St.

YOUNG LADY, now employed, wishes clerical position; best references; $15. W 247 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, American—Refined and well educated, good knowledge of French, desires position where executive ability can be employed. References furnished. O 301 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants; excellent cooks; Investigated references; seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

54 WEST 54TH ST.

Rooms with board; references.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, able, 28, ten years' valuable, varied experience, banking, commercial; deferred draft classification; available immediately; salary $2,100. Phone Richmond Hill 3756, or write W., 101-19 114th St., Richmond Hill, L. I.

ACCOUNTANT.

Many years' experience with leading accountants; capable and reliable; audits, verifications; entanglements made at reasonable compensation. L 275 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, audited, systems; special arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper. Goldwater, 132 Nassau Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, expert cost and general accountant, draft exempt, desires position with manufacturing concern, take charge of accounting; salary $60. Y 261 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 31; draft exempt; thoroughly conversant with modern methods; capable of taking full charge. W 235 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Salesman or office manager; one who can demonstrate ability to get results; best references. R 863 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, N. Y. U. graduate, seeks permanent position with C. P. A. firm. R 350 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 24, experienced and educated, seeks permanent position. H 739 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires permanent position, public accounting firm; salary $25. Box 90, 1,039 Gates Av., B'klyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books audited, systematized; financial statements, tax reports. Auditor, Gramercy 4369.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, has spare time evenings and Saturday afternoons; reasonable. R 353 Times.

ACCOUNTANT desires suitable position. Box 490, City Hall Station, New York.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR-REPRESENTATIVE.—Broad experience; commission basis; salary considered. R 330 Times.

AN ACTIVE ADVERTISING MANAGER, who has proven his ability to create and carry out sales-making plans, desires to make a change; ten years' experience in manufacturing and retail work, plus specialized university training. When may I call? K. M., 148 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL STUDENT, good tracer, reference, wishes position in architect's office, K 736 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY, 34, LIVE WIRE, BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND EXPERIENCE, LOOKING FOR COMMERCIAL OPENING; EXPORT-IMPORT LINE PREFERRED. H 784 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, correspondent, (49,) Christian, discontinuing wholesale business of his own on account war conditions, seeks connection with wholesale house, bank, or manufacturing concern, affording opportunity to promotion; excellent education, long business experience, best credentials. D 469 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Executive, initiative ability; American, 28, draft exempt, ten years' experience, at present in executive position, desires change; salary $40; available immediately. R 379 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (32,) thorough accountant, office executive, take complete charge; wishes position requiring responsible man; salary $45. W 208 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, thorough accountant and office manager, wishes position requiring high-grade executive; salary $50. L 292 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, exempt, three years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, good penman, references, desires position without Saturday. H 771 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, capable accountant, correspondence, statements of finance and progress; reliable; exempt; ideal references; $25. H 794 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, beginner, under draft age, willing worker; understands principles of bookkeeping thoroughly. Phone Lenox 6800.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; draft exempt; expert; controlling accounts, trial balance, statements. H 734 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; seven years' experience; knowledge cost accounting; exempt; salary $2,000. F 213 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with controlling accounts, wants position; best references. L 387 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; correspondent; draft exempt. O 272 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28; experienced; controlling accounts, double entry, statements, audits; $25. H 760 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MANAGER, executive of proven ability; exceptional references. P 523 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 18; cost accounting; 3½ years' experience; accounting student; references. O 303 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, (28); experienced; references; salary $45. R 345 Times.

BUTLER.—Japanese, first-class butler or general housework; small family; $80 up; have good reference. George, 340 W. 58th.

CARETAKER, man and wife, French; understand live stock, gardening, housekeeping, furnace and cars; experienced; trustworthy; best references; anywhere; draft exempt. R 353 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—COOK.—Couple; young Bohemian man, expert chauffeur; wife good economical cook experienced, honest, willing; A1 references; city, country. J. T., 143 East 96th St.

CHAUFFEUR-GARDENER, married, no children, Hollander, wishes permanent situation with private family, country preferred; careful driver; makes repairs; wife capable and willing for household duties, except laundry; best references from present and former employers. W 672 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.

Japanese wishes permanent position with private family; 8 years' experience on Crane, Pierce, Locomobile, and high grade foreign cars; own repairs; expert driver; sober, honest; personal references from last employer. Makato, 146 West 65th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Japanese couple desires permanent position with private family; man good mechanic, careful driver; wife, Finnish, first-class waitress, chambesmaid; have best references; city, country. Mura, 17 Concord St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, married man of 11 years' experience, of excellent habits, and very careful driver, desires to make a change; can furnish excellent references; salary $35. Tanhauser, 113 West 93d St. River 1606.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; thoroughly competent; obliging; draft exempt; references; speaks French. Write K., care Gillecse, 741 Brook Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, desires position family; mechanic, careful driver, willing, useful. Hare, Japanese Y. M. C. A., 17 Concord St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, American, 38 years old, 18 years' experience; best references; city or country. Telephone Academy 760.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, wishes position as useful man in country; excellent mechanic, driver for high-grade cars; $20 weekly, with board; highest references. Kita, 23 W. 65th.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; country preferred; single; Irish-American, (48;) experienced, slow, careful driver; references. L 301 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, private, experience Cadillac, Packard, Pierce-Arrow; best of references. Peter Rager, 214 West 88th. Telephone 4785 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR.—38; married; expert Packard, Pierce, Locomobile, Cadillac; competent any make; best family references. Maguire, 3 W. 98th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman wishes to place his chauffeur in reliable private position; exempt; references. Herman Minke, 1,327 1st Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Employer recommends exceptional, trustworthy, economical, temperate chauffeur; traveled extensively. R 362 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position; 6½ years' experience; drive, repair any car; references. Ned, Apt. 50, 137 W. 141st.

CHAUFFEUR.—Pierce-Arrow; expert; draft exempt; fine references; electrician. 1403 3d Ave.

CHAUFFEUR, useful, wishes position country private family; careful driver; good references. Matt Muckkonen, 50 W. 127th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private or commercial; all makes; tools; reference. McConnell, 15 W. 106th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, draft exempt, expert driver, wishes position city; A1 references. W. Jarvis, 2,056 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, draft exempt; ten years' experience on high-grade car; A1 references. N. Carson, Audubon 5857.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; reference; makes own repairs. Kutzscher, 300 East 79th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 15 years' experience; expert Pierce driver. Scheiblin, 528 East 80th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, gentlemanly; expert mechanic, all cars; highest testimonials. Annex Auto Co., Phone Columbus 9416.

CHAUFFEUR.—Japanese; six years' experience; best references; city license. O 273 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, wishes position; private preferred; Veselsky, Phone Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, 25 years of age, desires position with private family. Daniel O'Leary, 319 Avenue A, New York.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, wishes private position; references. Fischel, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; city. Richard Morley, 237 West 68th St.

CLERK.—Young man, 18, Christian, wishes position as clerk; experienced. O 298 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 9 years field, office, design and superintendence; married. K 697 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese, experienced cook desires permanent position, city of country; has no bad habits; excellent references. R 361 Times.

CORRESPONDENT and purchasing agent, age 25, deferred class, wants position with concern where initiative and hard work will be rewarded with executive position of trust; eight years' experience on claims, trace, and sales work. H 778 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER, 25, draft exempt, wishes position where ornamental designing is needed. S. Scheuer, 248 Audubon Av.

EDITOR or assistant, wants position in publishing house. Graduate Eastern university; splendid executive experience. Can qualify as good man in progressive organization. Address Y 286 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE or assistant for business or manufacturing concern, wants position. Have had fifteen years' active experience in wholesale merchandising; manager of sales, advertising, banking; graduate of Eastern university. Am in deferred draft classification; but have been in Government war work. Must seek permanent business connection. Y 285 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE

general credit or office manager, knowledge of accounting, has successfully managed large business and compelled to make change owing to conditions in New York present line of business. S. G., 1121 Tribune Bldg.

EXECUTIVE who is also an attorney, possessing excellent business training, desires to make a change to a position of greater responsibility; salary of present position is over $2,000. L 330 Times.

HOTEL AUDITOR, bookkeeper; 12 years' experience front and private office; city transient, family hotels; American; Christian; 38; good appearance, address; pleasant personality; salary $50, room, meals. Paur, 908 6th Ave.

INTELLIGENT young man, 20 years of age, employed 5 years at present position, desires to make change with reliable firm where good work is appreciated, advancement assured, and good future can be attained. R 377 Times.

MAN, 20 years' experience, credits, correspondence, manager, desires position with high grade house; age 42; references. R 348 Times.

MAN, 37, married, responsible, business experience, wishes responsible position; can furnish unquestionable references. Pape, 273 East 32d St., Brooklyn.

MAN.—Over 45, wishes to obtain position with reliable house as office manager; 25 years' experience. W 32 Times Bronx.

MAN, educated, desires position where efficiency and executive ability are essential; (47;) $25. Marquez, Box 570, Tenafly, N. J.

MAN, 33, draft exempt, wishes essential position; selling experience; references. Box 0091, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

MANAGER.

Wanted—A big business employer who has need in his organization for a man with successful and exceptional record; genius for hard work; aggressive, resourceful, commanding; thoroughly experienced in business and manufacturing; now general manager of smaller concern at $4,200 a year and desirous of getting started with big business. Y 292 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—Columbia graduate, 28, and M. A., with legal training, now directing cost analysis, survey of major industry; experienced accountant, sales manager, correspondent, purchasing agent; minimum salary, $75 week. W 168 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 20, draft exempt, wishes position; five years' experience. R 356 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Draft exempt; knowledge bookkeeping, stenography; $20. Reliable, 1,921 8d Av.

OWING to change in control of business, late Treasurer wishes to make other connections; reference the best. For interview, address S. C. E., Times, 2 Rector St.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Young man, 25; experienced buyer of shop and office supplies, construction and operating equipment, claim correspondent; thorough knowledge, order handling, price systems, and catalogue files; draft exempt; married. Box 200 Times, 2 Rector St.

RESTAURANT MANAGER will be open for position Oct. 21st. Capable buyer; preferably Government plant or office building restaurant. A 1 references. R 359 Times.

SALESMAN, &c.—Ability to produce results as salesman, sales manager, executive, or confidential capacity; successful handler of men; absolute sobriety, 43 years old and draft exempt; well connected in municipal, State, or national matters; willing to go anywhere and put in all the hours necessary. L 326 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-class man with successful sales record, ten years selling to automobile tire jobbers, hardware and bicycle dealers, wide acquaintance New York and New England States, is open for a proposition; draft exempt; Christian. L 384 Times.

SALESMAN, good personality, address, resourceful, initiative, 16 years' successful selling record, highest credentials, married, age 36, seeks connection with high-grade firm. R 321 Times.

SALESMAN, resident, office, stenographer, &c., unquestionable credentials, desires to represent large outside factory or industry. H 783 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Fancy dry goods; thoroughly familiar trade Middle West; age 34; married; desires change, reliable concern. W 212 Times.

SALESMAN.—Initiative, live wire; extensive road experience; sell commercial product. L 394 Times

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 23, experienced, classification 5F, wishes position as secretary to executive. L 390 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER, (33,) American, married; extensive executive business training; experienced organizer, stenographer; unquestionable credentials; minimum $50. W 251 Times.

SECRETARY.—Expert stenographer; executive ability; experienced; exempt. O 296 Times.

SHIPPING HEAD, exempt, thorough shipping correspondence, and office experience, executive ability, highly recommended, desires responsible position. R 371 Times.

SPECIALTY MAN, age 29, draft exempt, desires staple line or article city or road; can produce. R 360 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Well-educated young man, married, age 34, long experience and thoroughly competent, wishes responsible position; $30; knowledge of accounting; capable sales correspondent; doubled salary in last position. S 408 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-typewriter; experienced, rapid, accurate operator, desires position; $25-$30. H 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 24; expert; six years' experience; knowledge bookeeping; draft exempt. H 740 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, and A-1 bookkeeper; Class 4-A in draft, desires employment with essential industry. L 388 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 17; neat, willing, conscientious worker; $12-$14. H 776 Times Downtown.

STEWARD or manager, (40,) 20 years' experience with downtown clubs; highest references. R 317 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of high-class elevator apartment house, American, desires to change his position; expert mechanic at all repairs, understands the management of help thoroughly; excellent references. Phone Audubon 2766. O'Neill.

WHAT can you offer to a young man interested in the printing business? Studying advertising and typography at N. Y. Univ.; a progressive and ambitious individual seeking a connection with a printing firm offering opportunities for creative work. L 395 Times.

YOUNG MAN, A1 office assistant; exceptionally good at figures; 4 years' insurance experience; well educated; age 21; draft exempt. H. H., 328 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, age 28, desires position with private family; can furnish first-class written references; salary to start $30 a week and expenses. Wm. Heggemeyer 502 East 88th.

YOUNG COLLEGE man, 22, draft exempt, of extensive commercial experience, sales man, executive, desires connections, offering future rather than immediate compensation. R 374 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19; three years' college education; complete knowledge of bookkeeping and statistical work; some business experience; draft exempt. M. H. L., 1,034 Hoe Av.

YOUNG MAN, 17, (intellectually older,) extensive college education, gentlemanly bred, desires position with future. Glauberman, 298 Grand St.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) Christian, well educated, some clerical experience, wishes position with prospects; salary secondary consideration. O 302 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, live wire; draft exempt; educated, desires position with representative concern, with bright outlook. R 361 Times.

YOUNG MAN (21) would like connections with firm with opportunity for advancement; exempt; A1 credentials. W 236 Times.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, selling ability, beginner, desires position without Saturday. H 779 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, six years silk and cotton firm, desires position in any capacity; managing ability. P 547 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, has selling and general business experience; spare time; 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. S 413 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, thorough office qualifications, bookkeeper, traffic, payroll, claim and detail experience. O 280 Times.

YOUNG MAN, engineering student, draft exempt, desires position evenings. W 218 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, draft exempt; experienced in selling, advertising, and general office work. H 758 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, honest, industrious, with clerical experience, desires position. S 409 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position where he can advance himself. L 383 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position in silk or woolen house. K 681 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires office position; 3 years' experience. O 297 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS.

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our Hosiery, Silverware, Dress Goods, Linen, Silk, Toy, Leather Goods, Grocery, Housefurnishing and Women's Neckwear Departments. Applications may be made any day at the Superintendent's Office, between the hours of 10:00 A. M. and 6:00 P. M., or by mail.

ALSO

FUR LINERS AND FINISHERS.

We require Fur Liners and Finishers for our Fur Workrooms. Apply to Manager, Fur Department, Second Floor, Central Building.

ALSO

WRAPPING DEPARTMENT.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY;

must be high school graduate; able to take ordinary dictation and quick to grasp details and advance herself to an important factor; must be alert, possess initiative. Apply to

MR. HOLTZ,
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHIN CO.,
326 HUDSON ST.,
2D FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bright, competent young lady, congenial surroundings; fine permanent position; good opportunity for advancement; write, stating age, experience, and salary desired; Christian firm. Langdon, 82 Brown Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.
RAPID AND ACCURATE; MUST BE CAPABLE OF TAKING MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE'S MEETING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. NATHAN MFG. CO., LAWRENCE AND GROVE STS., FLUSHING, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER familiar with the business phonograph; $18; steady; hours, 9-6; Saturday, 9-1. Call 3d floor, Metal Stamping Co., 13th St. and East Av., Long Island City; Queensboro tube to 11th St., or 50th St. bridge, get off at Vernon Av.; 7 minutes from N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER in New York law office, 25 to 35, capable of attending to important work with accuracy and dispatch; good position for industrious and willing party. Address in own hand, stating age, religion, experience, and salary expected. Accurate, Box H 750 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER FOR WASHINGTON office, to go at once; salary $1,200; living accommodations guaranteed; must be between 21 and 31 years of age and have had good stenographic experience. Telephone Vanderbilt 1200, Extension 268.

STENOGRAPHER for accountant's office; very pleasant and agreeable surroundings; young lady of refinement; must be neat and accurate, high school graduate, preferably with knowledge of bookkeeping; salary, $20. C. P. A., W 239 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—POSITION IS OPEN IN BUSY OFFICE TO YOUNG WOMAN WHO COMBINES GOOD JUDGMENT WITH PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, WITH REFERENCES, ETC. K 732 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and switchboard operator; permanent position; good opportunity; must be able to transcribe rapidly and accurately. Apply by mail, stating age, experience, and salary expected. D. M. Co., 503 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER.
Experienced elderly person preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Purchasing Agent,
NEW YORK DOCK CO.,
Joralemon and Furman Sts., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, good beginner considered; Remington touch operator. If you can transcribe your notes correctly and want a permanent position, apply W., Box 43, Station D, stating age, education, and experience.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate, well educated; hours, 9 to 5; permanent position to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. A 354 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced. Cooney Auto Sales Co., 55th and 11th Av.

STENCIL CUTTERS, filers, and girls familiar with mail, in subscription department of large national weekly; forty hours per week; good salary and advancement. Call Mr. Koelbel, 119 West 40th St., 8th floor.

STOCK GIRLS.—Two required; high-class gown shop. Apply Sheridan, 366 5th Av.

SUPERINTENDENT OF NURSES, moderate sized hospital; state age, experience, and salary expected. T. L., 110 Times Uptown.

SWITCHBOARD TELEPHONE OPERATOR, steady position; must be competent; state age, experience, salary desired. Y 287 Times Annex.

TEACHER—High school French or science; salary good. R 354 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; steady position; good salary to start and splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply John Thompson Press Co., Nott and East Avs., Long Island City.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Night work. Ardsley Garage, 159 East 77th St., N. Y. C.

TYPIST wanted by prominent merchant house; must be quick and accurate operator and have had at least one year of business experience; salary to start $14 per week; advancement if satisfactory; this is a war essential industry which will not be affected by the ending of war. H 792 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.
Experienced elderly person preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Purchasing Agent,
NEW YORK DOCK CO.,
Joralemon and Furman Sts., Brooklyn.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER.—One experienced on reports and general office correspondence; Oliver machine; pleasant office, congenial surroundings; luncheon free. Apply to Ward Baking Co., Southern Boulevard and 143d St., local office.

TYPIST FOR WASHINGTON office, to go at once; salary $1,100; living accommodations guaranteed; must be an accurate typist, with fair speed. Telephone Vanderbilt 1200, Extension 268.

TYPIST.—Elliott-Fisher operator to take charge of orders in manufacturing house and assist with billing; permanent position; good salary to one fairly competent. G. M., 154 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid and accurate, with subscription agency publishing experience, to list and check subscriptions; state present salary in answering. T. K., 110 Times.

TYPISTS. YOUNG LADIES,
18 to 21, in large mail order house; steady position; quick advancement; good opportunity for beginners.

TYPIST, in office of Christian firm, must be accurate at figures. Call, with letter of application in own handwriting, 54 Malden Lane, Room 610, after 9 A. M.

TYPIST
to work on factory orders and miscellaneous typewriting; good permanent position. 88 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

TYPISTS, PIECE WORK; EXPERIENCED OPERATORS EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPISTS (2),
capable of doing clerical work; some experience required. Nathan Mfg. Co., Lawrence and Grove Sts., Flushing, L. I.

TYPIST, 18 or over; beginner accepted; permanent position. Apply Mr. Thompson, 346 Broadway, third floor front.

TYPIST to learn billing; excellent chance for advancement; salary $10. Call 17 Park Place.

WOMAN.—Intelligent woman to take charge of milk station. Nathan Straus Milk Laboratory, 348 East 32d St.

WOMEN CHEMISTS WANTED.

Large organization entirely occupied with war work desires to secure the services of several graduate women chemists; works are pleasantly located and work is agreeable; applicants are requested to write regarding experience and qualifications to D. G. Roos, 2 Main St., Bridgeport, Conn.

WOMEN
for office work; 25 to 35 years old; splendid opportunity; permanent position in office of large corporation; short hours; half day Saturdays. Call at McCrory's Stores Corporation, 621 Broadway.

YOUNG LADIES, 21-30.
FOR CLERICAL WORK.
EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.
CALL 9 TO 11 A. M.
JULIUS KAYSER & CO.,
232 TAAFFE PLACE, BROOKLYN.

WOMAN, white, to care for children; premises; would consider daughter or sister as housemaid. Mrs. Lamar, 813 Stockly Gardens, Norfolk, Va.

WOMAN to take cars of year old baby. From 3 to 6 o'clock. References required. Apply to Mrs. Greenleaf, 103 East 16th St., between 3d and 4 o'clock.

WOMAN to assist in cafeteria and tearoom; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tearoom; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, capable, for family of four, in comfortable country home; modern conveniences; $40. Send address and references to S 421 Times Downtown.

WORKING housekeeper—reliable woman; 2 in family; no cleaning, $40; references required. 58 West 89th St., 5th floor.

YOUNG GIRL, neat, wanted to answer telephone in law office; $10 advancement. Apply Room 1500, 31 Nassau St.

YOUNG LADY.—Bright young lady to keep orders and books; those with previous experience preferred; good salary; steady position for right party. S 407 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 16 or over, in office; must be active, neat, and fair penman; salary $8. Address "B," Box 718, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG LADY, American, high school graduate, any age over 18; typist, office assistant; salary $10 advancement. "Construction," 263 W. 125th.

YOUNG LADY for general office work in large wholesale house; good chance for advancement. R. A., 400 Times.

YOUNG LADIES.—Three or four, ambitious, who desire clerical positions with large chain store corporation; wonderful opportunities for advancement; state experience and salary expected. A 382 Times.

YOUNG LADIES.—Bright, willing, neat; clerical work; bookkeeping knowledge preferred; Christian firm. Apply 280 Broadway, Room 631.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted by large real estate company to check off bills. Apply in writing, giving qualifications and salary desired, to K 686 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Opportunity for capable young woman with experience, as bookkeeper, able to take dictation and use typewriter, to one who can adopt herself a good position is open; experience in publishing field an advantage. A 382 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for waiting and telephone 6 hours evening 6 days a week; good hourly pay; written application only. Patterson, 130 East 62d.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to do housework Sunday only; good hourly pay; written application only. Patterson, 130 East 62d.

YOUNG WOMAN to take charge of office for paint manufacturers. Hazard Lead Works, 309 Broadway, Room 707.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS ARE WANTED
by big business houses every day. Trained file clerks are scarce. They get good pay and fine opportunities for promotion. Our inexpensive four weeks' course teaches you the things you can't learn in an office and also gives you actual practice in filing. Positions secured when proficient. The only Filing School affiliated with a Filing Equipment House. New afternoon and evening classes now forming. Classes limited. Call, write, or phone today. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., near Broadway.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—America is now demanding hundreds of trained women. Good English is an essential. Can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early Evening Classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ATTENTION—GIRLS—LADIES.
Learn filing course, $10.
Telephone operating, Elevator operating.
Typewriting, Dictaphone, Stenography, Comptometer.
City and Government positions.
CAPTAIN O'BRIEN,
112 EAST 23D.

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Practical instruction and individual development; class begins Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 6:05 P. M.; visit this class for observation of teaching methods and procedures; no obligation to enroll; consultation at office regarding individual needs and problems. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

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PRATT SCHOOL, 244 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; references required; register now for Fall session.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Individual Training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 500 5th Av. at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5 th Av., (45th St.), the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, intensive training for war service work; secretarial, stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, etc.; don't waste time in large classes, rapid progress. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

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ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.

Steno., Bookkeeper, Correspondent, Dictaphone Op., Steno-bookkeeper, $25; numerous positions, $22-$2c-$18-$15; downtown, uptown, Brooklyn. $20; Steno. half time, 1-5 P. M., $12 weekly.

Typist, $18; must be accurate copyist; other positions, $15-$12-$10; Brooklyn, downtown, uptown.

Bookkeeper-Typist, $30; Bookkeeper-Steno., bookkeeper, $25; (8) Assistant Bookkeepers, $18, (bonus,) hours, 9-5; Office Assistants, File Clerks, $12-$14; Beginners, $10-$8; Comptometer Operator, $15; Beginners, Steno., $12-$15; Telephone Operators, $10.

Estimator, printing line, $25. CAL.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Highest salaried positions in New York City for all classes of office employes. Register free.

UPP AGENCY.—Stenographers, $25, dozens and dozens permanencies, $10-$20; bookkeepers, numerous permanencies, $18-$25; file clerks, switchboard operators, typists; tremendous demand. Established 1899.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 Nassau St. Cort. 3519.
Secretaries, stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks; high-class positions; free registration.

STENOGRAPHERS, CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, STENOGRAPHERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d.—5 stenographers, go to Maryland, (traveling expenses paid.) $100-$125; secretary, $30; ledger clerks, $20; clerks, $10.

CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptional opportunity, beginner, $15; others, $12-22; bookkeeper, $22; typists, $15; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

MIGHILL AGENCY, Flatiron Bldg.—Splendid openings, bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, clerks, many others.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, DICTAPHONE TYPISTS, CLERKS. FULTON AGENCY, 420 FIFTH AV., 3 PASSAU.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, to take charge of insurance broker's books; state salary required, references, and experience; exceptional opportunity for the right man. Address H 773 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior; opportunity for man of exceptional ability; broad experience in public accounting a requisite; summary of qualifications can be presented in person. Fedd & Pasley, C. P. A.'s, 155 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANT, Senior Accountant, wanted in the office of certified public accountant; one able to take charge of work; salary $3,000. Address, stating age, experience, and references. K 738 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors and semi-seniors, for permanent staff of C. P. A.; state experience, age, and salary. S 774 Times Downtown.

ADDRESSERS.—Time work; 25c per hour; long season. Vogue, 19 West 44th.

ADVERTISING OFFICE MAN.—Splendid opportunity, experienced office man with knowledge advertising office routine and bookkeeping, to connect large manufacturer in charge business end advertising department; salary $1,500. Call Wednesday, Traband, 1848 Aeolian Bldg.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR FOR TRADE JOURNAL; experienced; capabl writing original copy and securing business; good opportunity; liberal drawing account. A 546 Times.

AIRPLANES.
Help Build the Wings for Victory.
CABINET MAKERS
Wanted for work on
Airplane Wings.
Apply
Employment Dept.
STANDARD
AIRCRAFT CORP.
Brunswick Ave.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. or Aldene car or bus from railroad station to Brunswick Ave.

ARTISTS wanted; high-class artists for fashion work and booklets; permanent position; apply with specimens. O. C. Stone & Co., 35 West 42d St.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN Wanted.—Preferably with experience on industrial building. Levering & Garrigues Company, 552 West 23d St.

APPRAISER,
experienced in appraisals of textile and other plants; only first-class man wanted; mechanical engineering knowledge desirable. Apply in writing only, stating age, draft status, and previous connection and experience in detail, present salary, and salary expected. Brandell, Kenmore & Co., Public Accountants and Auditors, 10 Wall Street, New York.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER experienced on sales ledger; opportunity for advancement; state particulars, including salary expected. A 557 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.

An exceptional opportunity for an experienced man with good references to connect with a large and progressive insurance agency; age 30 to 40 preferred. Call Room 403, 135 Broadway, New York.

ASSISTANT ELECTRICAL ENGINEER REQUIRED FOR POWER HOUSE, ATTACHED TO LARGE OIL REFINERY IN MEXICO; WRITE ANGLO MEXICAN PETROLEUM CO., 65 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, expert, wanted at once; good pay. The Auto Service Co., 225 John St., Bridgeport, Conn.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!
Largest shell loading plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; advancement possible; age between 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO.,
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SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.
Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant,
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OFFICES,
149 Bowery, New York City;
211 Bowery, New York City;
240 West 23d St., New York City;
20 East 23d St., New York City;
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OFFICES,
316 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
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Steno., Bookkeeper, Correspondent, Dictaphone Op., Steno-bookkeeper, $25; numerous positions, $22-$2c-$18-$15; downtown, uptown, Brooklyn. $20; Steno. half time, 1-5 P. M., $12 weekly.

Typist, $18; must be accurate copyist; other positions, $15-$12-$10; Brooklyn, downtown, uptown.

Bookkeeper-Typist, $30; Bookkeeper-Steno., bookkeeper, $25; (8) Assistant Bookkeepers, $18, (bonus,) hours, 9-5; Office Assistants, File Clerks, $12-$14; Beginners, $10-$8; Comptometer Operator, $15; Beginners, Steno., $12-$15; Telephone Operators, $10.

Estimator, printing line, $25. CAL.

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Highest salaried positions in New York City for all classes of office employes. Register free.

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BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 Nassau St. Cort. 3519.
Secretaries, stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks; high-class positions; free registration.

STENOGRAPHERS, CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, STENOGRAPHERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d.—5 stenographers, go to Maryland, (traveling expenses paid.) $100-$125; secretary, $30; ledger clerks, $20; clerks, $10.

CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS; IMMEDIATE OPENINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRMS; $9 TO $30. MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptional opportunity, beginner, $15; others, $12-22; bookkeeper, $22; typists, $15; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

MIGHILL AGENCY, Flatiron Bldg.—Splendid openings, bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, clerks, many others.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, DICTAPHONE TYPISTS, CLERKS. FULTON AGENCY, 420 FIFTH AV., 3 PASSAU.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

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BOYS,
ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.,
45TH ST. AND MADISON AV.,
REQUIRE
OFFICE BOYS
IN THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS THROUGHOUT THE STORE; PERMANENT POSITIONS AND SPLENDID OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT.
APPLY TO
MR. HAWLEY.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOYS FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to boys who graduated from school; age 14 to 17 years; half day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOY.—Wide-awake lad, about 17, can land a steady job here, with a real chance for advancement; messages and mail. Apply Room 1106, 1,123 Broadway.

BOYS FOR HOSIERY STOCK ROOM; GOOD OPPORTUNITY, RAPID ADVANCEMENT. 303 5TH AV., ROOM 501.

BOY WANTED, 15 TO 17 YEARS OLD, BY LARGE ENGINEERING CORPORATION; GOOD SALARY TO START. WITH EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL WEDNESDAY, BETWEEN 5 AND 7 P. M., ROOM 600, 469 FIFTH AV., N. Y. CITY, CORNER 40TH ST.

BOYS, WELL APPEARING, TO ACT AS INDOOR MESSENGERS; SHOULD BE ALERT, WELL MANNERED, AND AMBITIOUS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO THE RIGHT BOYS. JEWISH WELFARE BOARD, 149 5TH AV.

BOYS 15 TO 21
in our packing department or stockroom; previous experience unnecessary.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. "L." U. S. E. S. permit No. 252.

BOYS in office of a large casualty insurance company; exceptional opportunities for advancement; salary to start $5 per week. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOYS, 15-16 years, for mailing department large music house; salary $8 start; good advancement. Aeolian Co., 29 West 42d St., room 512.

BOY.—Advertising agency has opening for bright boy to run errands and general office work; good chance for advancement. Call Ruthrauff & Ryan, 404 4th Ave.

BOYS.—Three for stock broker's office. Box 400 Times, 2 Rector St.

CASHIER in insurance brokerage office; fire insurance experience necessary; good opportunity for the right man; state experience and salary expected. S 413 Times Downtown.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER.—State references, experience, and salary required. P. O. Box 327, Mad. Sq. Station.

CARD WRITER wanted at once, draft exempt, with department store experience; please send samples. Address Schwartz Bros., Johnstown, Penn.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.
SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH, AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY STREET, BROOKLYN;
126 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN;
79 CENTRE ST., MANHATTAN.
JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CHAUFFEUR, must be first-class, familiar with Marmon and Stutz cars preferred; position temporary during the time my chauffeur is in the United States service. Apply, Wednesday, between 1 and 4 P. M., J. Edward Young, Jr., 27 Cliff St., N. Y. City.

CHAUFFEUR, HIGH-CLASS JAPANESE.
Chauffeur, married, must have city driving experience and best personal references; address, giving full particulars, wages, &c. P. O. Box 372 Mad. Sq., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Thoroughly experienced mechanic, Cadillac car, in Mount Vernon; refined private family; salary $25. State full details to Mechanic, 267 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR wanted for delivery wagon, wholesale provisions. Call C. Perceval, 4 9th Ave.

CHEMIST.—Good analyst; also one beginner. Apply in person to Butterworth-Judson Corporation, Newark Transfer, N. J.

CHEMIST wanted, analytical; write, stating full particulars. A 374 Times.

CIGAR CLERK.—Experienced; store located on 42d St.; no Sunday work. R 303 Times.

CLERKS,
THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH BANK METHODS OF HANDLING SECURITIES. WRITE, STATING EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS "C. F.," P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, N. Y. CITY.

CLERK
in office of large manufacturing company downtown; in Draft Class 4 or 5 preferred; good penman; experienced and accurate at figures; state experience, references and salary expected. S 412 Times Downtown.

CLERK, neat and polite; fair penman; salary $15, with advancement. Apply Mr. Sandalls, Murray Hill Hotel, 41st St. and Park Av.

CLERK.—Assistant order clerk, also typist, good at figures, by brokerage house. Box 399 Times, 2 Rector St.

CLERICAL.—Young man, about 17, for clerical position in wholesale grocery business; opportunity to advance; state age and reference; salary $12 to start. Y 279 Times Annex.

CLOCK REPAIRER—ABRAHAM & STRAUS, FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT CLOCK REPAIRER. APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT. U. S. E. S. PERMIT 219.

CLOTHING SALESMAN wanted for a New Jersey department store. Apply A. Seril, 106 Grand St. Phone Canal 1747.

COAT MAKERS and vest makers for outside work; only first-class workers need apply. 51 East 42d, Room 210. Murray Hill 5696.

COFFEE MAN.
Experienced import, export; knowledge Spanish, French advantageous; excellent opportunity for right party. Confidential, A 586 Times Downtown.

COAL PASSERS.
E. W. BLISS & CO.,
76 54th St., Brooklyn.

COLLECTOR
with furniture or department store experience; steady position; good salary; good opportunity; call or write; references confidential. Hecht Bros., 53-57 West 14th St.

COLLECTORS for furniture installment house; salary, commission and expenses. Whalen Bros., Smith St., cor. Wyckoff, Brooklyn.

COMPOSITORS.—First class; day or night work; good pay; union. Apply 8th floor, Hill Building, 475 10th Av.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED. APPLY BY LETTER, CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

COPY WRITER.—Man familiar with preparation of sales letters and circulars; must understand layout of copy; good English education very necessary; practical training along electrical lines will be favorably considered; permanent position; large corporation; state position in draft, full experience and salary expectations in first letter. A 381 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Experienced man to handle correspondence; one with experience in manufacturing line preferred; state where formerly employed and salary expected. K 717 Times Downtown.

COST CLERKS.—Three first class men with from two to five years' experience in cost work wanted immediately by large plant near New York; Government work and unusual opportunity; entrance salary from $1,300 to $1,800 a year, dependent upon experience and ability. Write in detail to Box R 306 Times.

COST CLERK.—One able take charge cost department factory and supervise detail work; factory experience essential; excellent opportunity connect nationally known organization and develop worth while position; location Michigan; salary begin $1,500; write fully. R 368 Times.

DRAFTSMAN
familiar with mechanical drawings and detail work. 32 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

DEMONSTRATORS
AND JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:
ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GISHOLT
GRIDLEY'S,
CRANKSHAFT GRINDING,
EXPERT GRINDER HANDS,
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CRANKSHAFT,
TOOL INSPECTORS,
SHAPER HANDS,
W. & S. SET UP MEN.
Employment Department—Open until 6:30 P. M. and Sundays 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
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AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.
Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;
171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
673 MANHATTAN AV.,
GREENPOINT, BROOKLYN.
WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

(License filed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.)

DESIGNER and ESTIMATOR wanted for structural steel. Apply to National Bridge Works, Review Av., L. I. City.

DRAFTSMEN.
FIRST-CLASS DETAILERS
AND CHECKERS FOR
AIRPLANE ENGINEERING DEPT.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPT.,
STANDARD
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. or Aldene car or bus from railroad station to Brunswick Av.

DRAFTSMEN.
STRUCTURAL DETAILERS
WANTED AT ONCE ON ESSENTIAL WORK. PERMANENT POSITIONS TO RIGHT MEN. APPLY ROOM 5717, GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL.

DRAFTSMEN
HELP BUILD AEROPLANES
FOR
UNCLE SAM.
EXPERIENCED MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN; MUST BE A1 MEN AND CITIZENS; UNEXCELLED WORKING CONDITIONS; 45 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK.
APPLY OR WRITE
EMPLOYMENT DEPT.
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN. — MECHANICAL; WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON DESIGN OR LAYOUT WORK; CAN ALSO USE A FEW MEN CAPABLE OF DETAILING FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; VERY ATTRACTIVE AND PERMANENT POSITIONS ASSURED TO MEN WHO QUALIFY. IN REPLYING, GIVE DETAILED STATEMENT OF EXPERIENCE, APPROXIMATE SALARY EXPECTED, AND ADVISE ABOUT WHAT DATE YOU COULD REPORT FOR WORK. ADDRESS CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPT., WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MFG. CO., EAST PITTSBURGH, PENN.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, with technical training, for production department of mechanical concern; must be qualified to make simple drawings of special tools, fixtures, &c. from sketches, follow up work in shops and be able to complete production reports from records and dates; must be United States citizen; state fully all particulars, age, wages expected, &c., &c. A 391 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN,
FIRST CLASS MECHANICAL, EXPERIENCED ON TOOLS AND MACHINE TOOLS, FOR U. S. GOVERNMENT WORK; GIVING FULL DETAILS, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. G. D., 226 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN, junior mechanical, for tracing and new work; must have shop experience. Apply Jensen Creamery Machinery Co., 18th St. and Boulevard, L. I. City. Directions: Take Queensboro subway to 11th St. Station, 2 blocks west and 3 blocks north.

DRIVER for retail bakery wagon. H. B. Cushman, 125 West 10th St.

DRY GOODS EXPORT BUYER; good knowledge of Worth Street products; Eastern export business knowledge preferred; high class; state nationality, positions held, salary desired. S 416 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL TESTER and repair man for production department of concern manufacturing mechanical and electrical devices; steady work, with overtime; good pay to right man; must be United States citizen and come well recommended; those employed on Government work don't apply. A 594 Times Downtown.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS, experienced on Otis cars; position permanent. Apply head porter, Pictorial Review Co., 216 West 39th St. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 142.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR; night work; $40 per month. 206 West 106th St.

EMPLOYMENT MEN.
EXPERIENCED IN OUTSIDE RECRUITING WORK; WILLING TO GO TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY.
SEE MR. FANNING,
8D FLOOR, REAR,
240 WEST 23D ST.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER for large steel shipyard; must be experienced in managing employment departments of large corporations; must know how to employ, handle, and read men, and must be a first-class executive, able to obtain and hold the best of skilled labor in narrow labor market; shipyard experience preferred; applicant should state fully his history, with references, stating salary now receiving and expected. Address Y 248 Times Annex.

ENGINEER—ELECTRICAL.
Must be thoroughly grounded in fundamentals electricity; technical education with practical experience quantity manufacture small apparatus and conversant modern shop methods; excellent opportunity connect nationally known manufacturer automobile accessory; location Indiana; salary commensurate with ability. R 367 Times.

ENGINEER.—Wanted, practical, experienced power plant engineer to work directly under the master mechanic; applicant must be capable of maintaining high efficiency; plant includes two large air compressors, 1,200 boiler horse power, CO2 recorders, draft gauges and all auxiliaries; installation of power generating apparatus contemplated; location, Central New York. In answering state minimum wage and references. Y 222 Times Annex.

ENGINEERS
for night work.
E. W. BLISS & CO.,
76 54th St., Brooklyn.

ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY.
DRAFTSMAN WANTED,
MISCELLANEOUS, LIGHT STRUCTURAL WORK.
IRVING IRON WORKS COMPANY,
3D AND CREEK STS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Take Queensboro subway to Hunterspoint Ave., 2 blocks east.
Licensed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 220.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ENTRY CLERK,
experienced, to take charges from call, notions, and fancy goods. T. C., 298 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man, experienced entering charges from caller. K 740 Times Downtown.

FIRST AID MAN.
E. W. BLISS CO.,
74A 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.

PEANUT BUTTER.
Fine opportunity for foreman who understands roasters, blanchers and mills; must be experienced and capable, as position is steady and first class; state age, experience, draft status, nationality, &c. Address "T.," Box 229 New York City.

FLOORMAN; hours 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. University Garage, Broadway, 123d St.

FURNITURE COMPLAINT DEPARTMENT.
WE WISH TO ENGAGE A MAN EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING FURNITURE COMPLAINTS; COMPETENT TO TRACE AND TO DO ALL CLASSES OF FURNITURE OFFICE WORK.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D STREET AND BROADWAY.
APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108.

FUR LINERS AND FINISHERS.
ABRAHAM & STRAUS, FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE SEVERAL FUR LINERS AND FINISHERS FOR THEIR FUR WORKROOM. APPLY TO MANAGER, FUR DEPARTMENT, SECOND FLOOR, CENTRAL BUILDING. U. S. E. S. PERMIT 219.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D STREET AND BROADWAY,
require
FUR CUTTERS.
Apply Management Office, Fifth Floor.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108.

GISHOLT TURRET MACHINE.
EFFICIENCY EXPERT.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

GRINDER HANDS.
TOOL,
GAUGE,
CRANKSHAFT.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

GOVERNMENT WAR WORK.
Hand screw machine set up men.
Diemakers.
Tool draftsmen.
Inspectors—Men with technical training; good pay and agreeable working conditions.
BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO.,
16th and Bloomfield Street,
Hoboken, New Jersey.
Two blocks from W. 23d St. Ferry, or take Hudson Tube to Hoboken and a short trolley ride to the factory.

HAT SALESMAN.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED. WALLACH BROS., 8D AV., COR. 122D ST.

HOTEL CLERK, reliable, middle age man, 6 days, 9 hours, $20 week. Apply Mr. Washburn, 25 South St.

HOTEL NIGHT CLERK.—Want man over draft age and strictly sober. Hotel Empire, Broadway, corner 63d.

INGERSOLL-RAND
MILLING MACHINE

HELP WANTED—Male.

TOOL GAUGE and DIE MAKERS.

First-class men on jig fixtures and gauge work.

MACHINISTS,

All around on tool work.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND MACHINISTS ON ASSEMBLING; OPERATORS ON MILLING MACHINES, PROFILE MACHINES, UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES, SHAPER, PLANER AND DRILL PRESS; ALSO TOOL CRIB MAN; J. & L. TURRET, ENGINE AND BENCH LATHES; MUST BE AMERICAN CITIZENS; 48-HOUR WEEK; COME WITH TOOLS READY FOR WORK; IF YOU ARE ON GOVERNMENT WORK STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM LABORATORIES, INC., 120 PACIFIC ST., NEWARK, N. J.

BERGEN AND IRON BOUND CAR PASSES OUR DOOR.

TOOLMAKER wanted; steady work; preferably over 45 years of age. Call 3d floor. National Binding Machine Co., West and Vestry Sts.

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT Has Immediate Need for Men to Work in War Material Plants.

Carpenters, Steamfitters, Laborers, Ammunition Workers, Machinists, Construction Workers, Coal Handlers, Tinsmiths, Plumbers, &c.

Hundreds of Girls Also Wanted.

Apply today at any office of the U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,

East Side—22 East 22d St., 79 Centre St., 126 Clinton St., 436 East 14th St., 57th St. and 3d Av., 86th St. and Lexington Av., 111th St. and Lexington Av.

West Side—519 Hudson St., 240 West 23d St., 112 West 46th St., 124th St. and Lenox Av., 139th St. and 7th Av.

Bowery—58 Cooper Square, 211 Bowery, 142 Bowery.

Bronx—363 East 149th St., 575 Tremont Av., 2537 Decatur Av.

Brooklyn—310 Jay St., 715 Flatbush Av., 2,463 Atlantic Av., 52d St. and 3d Av., 927 Broadway, 244 Broadway.

Long Island City—171 Hunter Av.

Greenpoint—673 Manhattan Av.

Staten Island—9 Union Av., Mariner's Harbor.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Must understand domestic and foreign traffic thoroughly and possess executive ability; state full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired. T. M., 330 Times Harlem.

TRANSLATOR from and into Spanish, French, Italian, using typewriter; permanent position. Apply Export Corporation 29 Broadway.

TYPIST.

EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, RAPID; ONE THAT HAS WORKED IN EXPORT HOUSE PREFERRED; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IN A LARGE ORGANIZATION; POSITION PERMANENT; MODERATE SALARY TO START; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. T L 361 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPISTS; PIECE WORK; PERMANENT. CALL 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

WANTED, TRAINMEN AND STATION MEN, AGES 21 to 55. SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS. INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO., APPLY

9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY, Except Sunday:

165 Broadway, Room 1233.
22 East 22d St.
Hall of Records.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
86th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.

Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WAREHOUSE MEN.—Experienced; steady work; $24 week; 7:30 to 5:30; Saturday half holiday; 5 cents allowed to work. North River Stores, 236 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN TELEPHONE OPERATOR.

A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.

EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; salary to start $11; evening hours, 5 to 12 P. M.; permanent. K 630 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN IN CLAIM DEPARTMENT OF MANUFACTURING CONCERN; ONE WHO CAN MAKE ADJUSTMENTS, FILE CLAIMS AGAINST TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES, AND HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE IN CONNECTION THEREWITH; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, DRAFT STATUS, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 567 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN IN ORDER DEPARTMENT OF MANUFACTURING CONCERN TO SUPERVISE SHIPPING DEPARTMENT WORK; HANDLE WAREHOUSE ACCOUNTS AND CORRESPONDENCE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, DRAFT STATUS, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 569 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, preferably graduate of business college, with knowledge of shorthand, to assist in office of wholesale glove house; salary, $12 to start; good opportunity for advancement; address, stating age and reference. Gloves, L 398 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—If you are looking for a dignified future and an opportunity to learn the banking business in a growing bank and willing to start at moderate salary where advancements are made from the ranks, address Box 91, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN for old-established concern to assist in cost department; excellent opportunity for one seeking steady employment and advancement; experienced preferred. L 380 Times.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING AND STENOGRAPHY, AND TO ASSIST ON BOOKS. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, 241 WEST ST.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 16, FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; AMERICAN BORN; REFERENCES REQUIRED. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, 241 WEST ST., CITY.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in store room; one with experience in electrical and plumbers' supplies. Call 9:30 A. M., Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring St. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

YOUNG MAN as office assistant understanding operation of switchboard. Call at Schaefer's Brewing Co., South 9th St. and East River, Broo lyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18, for clerical work; large meat packing house; accurate and fast at figures; fine chance for advancement; one living downtown preferred. Y 283 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN in shipping department of large publishing house, splendid opportunity for one who is bright and ambitious. Broadway Music Corp., 145 West 45th St.

YOUNG MAN, strong, who knows how to box and crate material for shipment; Government work. Apply 11th floor, 47 West St., below Rector.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, wanted as stock and order clerk; good salary and steady position. Apply S 406 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN wanted for clerical work out of town; men with experience in booking preferred. Apply between 3 and 4, Stewart Willey Co., 1,123 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN as office assistant; must be familiar with typewriting. Apply, by letter, Mitsui & Co., 25 Madison Av.

YOUNG MEN, 16 to 18, wanted in bank; state age, experience, and salary expected. R 357 Times.

Instruction.

MEN.—ADVANCE YOURSELVES NOW. Every available accountant is needed now. You can prepare for desirable positions without interfering with your present employment. No previous knowledge of bookkeeping required. Write for "Bulletin 40," giving details of evening instruction. F. P. Lamphear, 215 West 23d St., N. Y., or C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Pl., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—America is now demanding hundreds of trained men. Good English is an essential. Can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early Evening Classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.—Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., offers practical course for draftsmen of limited experience who wish to increase their proficiency. Call at once for interview, Monday, Wednesday, or Thursday evening.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

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Practical instruction and individual development; class begins Wednesday, Oct. 16, at 6:05 P. M.; visit this class for observation of teaching methods and procedures; no obligation to enroll; consultation at office regarding individual needs and problems. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BE A DOCTOR OF CHIROPRACTIC AND EARN $5,000 TO $10,000 YEARLY. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, 1,416 BROADWAY, CORNER 39TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

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LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MEN wanted to operate moving-picture machines; we teach you free until you are working as an operator; then pay us $15. Operators School, 644 8th Av., (42d.)

PRIVATE French lessons given by a French college graduate. K 737 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, $25-$30; credit and collection correspondent, $125 monthly; ledger clerks, prefer young men with department store experience, $20; office assistants, typist biller, $25; no registration fee. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY.

Highest salaried positions in New York City for all classes of office employes. Register free.

ASSISTANT to dept. chief, Washington; knowledge bookkeeping essential; also 4th and 5th draft classification; $2,200 with increase 60 days. Alliance, 29 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, for Government work, outside city; $125 month. Worth Agency, 309 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANTS, export man, shipping clerks, bookkeepers, clerks; $10-$3,000. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1917 Sedan; wonderful opportunity. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET AND COUPE. Condition excellent. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

BUICK, 6 cylinder, 1918, 5-passenger; traveled 6,000 miles. Phone South 4486.

CADILLACS.

1918, Model 57, 7-pass. Touring, Westinghouse shock absorbers, special paint and cord tires.
1918, Model 57, convertible Victoria, 4-pass., cord tires.
1917, Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917, Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1918 Haynes, 7-pass. Touring.

These cars have been through the Cadillac shop, renovated, repainted, new metal parts renickeled. They carry standard factory equipment and are ready for immediate use.

DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917, with Holbrook landaulet-limousine; repainted; like new throughout; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way and 63d St.

CADILLAC 1917, Sedan, 7-passenger, convertible, like new throughout. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way and 63d St.

CADILLAC.—Springfield sedan body; 7-passenger; new. Lockham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

CADILLAC (1918) four passenger, like new. CADILLAC (1917) Limousine. F. Turner, 20 Broad; Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; also touring, landaulet, limousine; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC Chandaulet 1917, perfect condition; used short time only. Glyn Berwick, garage, 219 East 67th. Rhinelander 727.

CADILLAC 1917 and 1916 touring, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER Rebuilt and Refinished USED CARS.

Model 18 7-passenger Fisher Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Springfield Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Limousine.
Model 18 4-passenger Chummy Runabout.
Model 18 7-passenger Touring.
Model 17 7-passenger Touring.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N, 62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.

Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Hodge-Whitmore white wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE "16" Touring; like new; equipment very complete; Warner lens, mirror, bumper, motormeter, 2 extra rims and tire covers, 5 shoes, radiator cover; bargain; must be seen to be appreciated. 1,176 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DODGE 1916 Roadster in perfect condition; new shoes and tires; extra tire and all fittings; no dealers. Telephone 8500 Spring. Miss Thorpe.

DODGE 1918 and 1917 Sedan. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

FIAT 1915, imported 25, small limousine-landaulet brougham; latest plush upholstery; guaranteed; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way and 63d St.

FIAT 1915 SEDAN.—Latest importation; must be seen to be appreciated. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

FIAT 1917, limousine body only. Address Mr. Stark, 1,790 Broadway, Room 502.

FORD for sale; 1918; good condition; run 9,000 miles; new tires, extras; $300 cash only; no agents. Phone Rector 5662.

FORD Sedan, 1918, absolutely perfect; lot of extras. Telephone King, 3180 Fordham.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, 1918 speedster, 1917 touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 limousine; also town car. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON SEDAN, 1917.
CLARK & KENDRICK, 143 WEST 51ST ST.

HUDSON CABRIOLET. 9657 RIVERSIDE.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; ideal condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 LANDAULET-LIMOUSINE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; beautiful car 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER. Practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

MERCER, 1914.
BREWSTER SEDAN BODY.
MODEL M35; SPECIAL, 5-PASSENGER BREWSTER SEDAN; PAINT AND SLIP COVERS NEW THIS SPRING. MOTOR OVERHAULED BY MERCER FACTORY THIS SPRING; SIX RUDGE-WHITWORTH WIRE WHEELS; TIRES IN GOOD CONDITION. A SMART-LOOKING CAR AND WORTH SEEING; WILL BE SHOWN TO PRINCIPALS BY APPOINTMENT. B B 48 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

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MARMON 1917, suburban Sedan, repainted; like new throughout; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way and 63d St.

NATIONAL 1917 twin six touring, like new, sell very reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

OAKLAND, 1916, Little 6 Runabout; Winter and Summer top. BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N, 62d St. and Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1916, 4-cylinder, 5 wire wheels; original paint; fine appearance; first-class mechanical condition; new tires; $650. Address R. P. S., 112 Times.

OLDSMOBILE, Model 45 Runabout, in excellent condition; full equipment. BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N, 62d St. and Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 touring, 8 cylinder, very reasonable; practically new. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th St.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; rare opportunity. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

OWEN magnetic limousine, lady's town car, 1917; run 3,000 miles; perfect; selling account giving up chauffeur. 1981 Rector.

OVERLAND Country Club, late 1917, 4-passenger, 6 wire wheels, one mounted on side. Phone Yonkers 5932.

PACKARD, 1918, 3-35 Fleetwood special sport type; car has been driven 700 miles and is singularly perfect.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

PACKARD 1917, 2-35, Fleetwood four-passenger roadster; disappearing seats; like new throughout, bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way and 63d St.

PACKARD 1917, imperial limousine body, 2-35; perfect condition; bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway, 4th floor.

PACKARD 1917, limousine body, 2-35; practically like new; a bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway, 4th floor.

PACKARD 1-35 Twin Six Landaulette. Bowman, 142 West 62d. Circle 1964.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PACKARDS, several, all high-grade cars, including twin six, bargains. 1,930 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW seven-passenger, 48 touring; run less than 20,000 miles; in excellent condition; an attractive, safe, comfortable, lifetime car. Wm. B. Curtis, 117 East 24th St. Phone 2021 Madison Square.

RENAULT, 1916, 12-18 Town Brougham; very smart car; a rare opportunity. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY. 665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

SIMPLEX, 38, brougham, shaft drive, high-class car; must sell. 1,930 Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl.	
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl.	
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.	PRICES REASONABLE.
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.	

TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 limousine, Fleetwood body. Polyclinic Hospital, Room 7-C.

STEARNS 1917 five-passenger. 240 Circle. Mr. BEST.

STEARNS-KNIGHT coupe, 1917, four-cylinder; four passenger; looks like new; used very little; bargain. Baum, 417 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ.—Close estate, lawyer will sell almost new 1918 Stutz; 6-passenger; many extras; 6 wire wheels. Phone 7759 Broad.

STUTZ 1918 roadster, perfect condition, like new; bargain. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

STUTZ, 1917, 6-passenger touring, slip covers, complete, like new. 1,930 Broadway.

WILLYS, 1917, Touring, 6 cylinder, Continental motor; all good tires and one extra; mileage 8,500; slip covers; general condition excellent; $900; no dealers. Phone 1208 Academy after 6 or address N. A. F., 250 Times Downtown.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Surbuban Sedan, latest importation.

CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 STUTZ 4-passenger.
1918 MERCER touring.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUDSON sport model.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 GRANT runabout.
1918 CHANDLER Chummy Roadster.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger; sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 STUTZ 4-passenger touring.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 CADILLAC roadster.
1916 STUTZ speedster, Bearcat.
1915 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 BUICK roadster.
1917 OVERLAND Country Club.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
FIAT FLEETWOOD Touring. Latest Imp.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
LANCIA 1918 ROADSTER.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
MERCER 1917 SPEEDSTER.
PIERCE 1917 "48" SPORT.
PIERCE 1915 ROADSTER.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1918 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 125th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auctions of autos every Tuesday and Friday a. noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 533.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

WINTER inclosure for Packard Twin Six, $125. Apply Ryan, 26 West 61st St.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.
Closing out all used trucks regardless of cost.

Smith Form-a-truck on a Ford, like new, our price, cash or terms.... $885.00
Fulton, 1½ ton, overhauled, dandy condition, cost new $1,650.00, 5 months ago; our price, cash or terms 875.00
3½ ton Bessemer, used 5 months, cost $3,500, like new, cash or terms....2,275.00
Gramm-Bernstein 1½ ton, used 6 months, like new, cost new over $2,000, our price now, cash or terms.1,185.00
1 ton Bessemer, used 8 months, dandy shape, cost new $1,500, our price now, just think of it, less than $500. 495.00
Hudford with wire screen body, beautiful condition 750.00
Republic, perfect condition 2-ton van body, cost new over $2,500, our price now, truck just like new.....1,685.00
Hurlbert 1½ ton, excellent condition, our price, cash or terms.....1,175.00
CUTTING LARSON COMPANY, 509 West 64th Street. Phone 9680 Columbus.

FIVE-TON COAL DUMP TRUCK.

Just the thing to deliver coal or wood economically; for sale at the right price; five-ton dump truck, with Wood hydraulic hoist, steel body, rear tires new, front tires fair, Continental motor; excellent standard make of truck; in fine running order; truck now at Bridgeport, Conn.; Connecticut buyers please note. Address E. A. A. Times.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

D. E. ¾-TON closed delivery wagon, refinished; A1 condition. BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N, 62d St. and Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD 6s and Twin 6s to hire; hour, day, monthly; landaulets; rates very reasonable. Champion Garage and Auto Co., 171 West 89th St. Phone Riverside 5818.

NEW TRUCKS for rent; New York to Philadelphia; trips daily. Atterbury Arrow Co., 136 West 52d. Phone Circle 190.

PACKARD 1917 Limousine; hour, week, month, trip; owner drives. Wilmarth, Tel. Columbus 8030.

TOWN CARS, smart appearance; exceptional service; attractive rates for season. Columbus 398.

PACKARDS, twin sixes, Pierce-Arrows, hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151-7261.

RENAULT touring car and limousine for hire; owner drives. Phone Riverside 8458.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED IMMEDIATELY. Highest prices paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. Kings, 3,186 Fordham.

PACKARD Runabout or Chummy, late model; no dealers. L 371 Times.

CADILLAC.—Will pay spot cash for late sedan; no dealers. Shirley, 250 West 54th.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue I.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. Special classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

WE teach repairing and driving; positions; license guaranteed; ladies' classes. American Auto School, 725 Lexington Av. Plaza 4016.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobile Storage.

SAVE GASOLINE and help win the war; dead storage, fireproof, clean and reliable. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 3586.

DEAD STORAGE.
35 per month; fireproof buildings. Terminal Storage Co., 141st St. and Canal Place. Phone Melrose 55-3837.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

SUB-CONTRACTOR WANTED.

LONG-DISTANCE HAULING.

$300 per week guaranteed yearly contract; must have $2,000; we arrange the balance to purchase new six-ton truck suited to our requirements; appointments day or evenings. Phone Weimer, Bryant 2926.

Experienced hog breeders raising Chester-White and Poland China hogs, offer exceptional opportunity for small investment through service which should prove exceedingly profitable; money required to purchase additional brood stock. Address Bank Reference, 206 Times Downtown.

Publisher number of journals, anxious because of illness to slacken up on personal activities, will sell whole or half interest in two, (one daily and one weekly;) purchaser to take full charge and responsibility; few thousand cash, balance from profits, will swing; publication offered together or separately; this is good; act quickly; first reasonable proposition will be accepted. L 361 Times.

Man of responsibility, good health and habits, mechanically inclined preferred, is wanted by large corporation to learn the business; capital of $2,500 to $5,000 required; splendid opportunity; no triflers need apply. A 375 Times.

Salesman.—Established meat and provision house has opening for high-grade salesman; experience in selling to steamships and hotels essential; knowledge of lines not absolutely necessary; salary, commission. W 249 Times.

If you wish to buy or sell a substantial legitimate business of any sort or seeking associate with extra capital, write or call on telephone ROBERTS FROST COMPANY, 500 Fifth Avenue.

FOR SALE, a profitable manufacturing concern, established over thirty years, with a large and reliable trade. Will sacrifice to one who is in position to buy outright. A lifetime opportunity. O 293 Times.

Experienced business man, middle age, adaptable for the development, expansion of any sound business enterprise, desires an opening; understands efficiency and organization. L 397 Times.

Automobile electrician; one who would like to take over an established trade; must be A1 and always busy. Call for interview at Silent Knight Motor Co., 549 West 53d.

Reliable and responsible parties can secure the exclusive selling rights of essential article for which there is a great demand. Write W 162 Times.

Gentleman has capital to invest going concern; no new ventures or schemes; write nature of business. K 735 Times Downtown.

Garage.—Modern two story, 100x100; non-elevator; easy terms. Crowe, Times Building.

Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Millwright and carpenter boss, with own gang of first class mechanics, just returning from a big munition plant, offers his services to anybody, for any conditions; per cent. of contract. Write S. S., 91 2d St., Hoboken, N. J.

Advertisements taken for all Newspapers. Write for list. Arkenberg, 703 World Bldg.

FOR SALE.

For Sale.—Practically new Steinway Baby Grand piano; little used; in perfect condition; cost $1,000; will sell for $850 and pay cartage; terms cash. For further particulars address R 334 Times.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Lockers, (100,) in very good shape. Losier Motor Co., 601 West 44th. Phone Bryant 3689.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, filing cables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, 3 months, $6.00.
Visible, 3 months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 1728

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, 3 months, $6.00.
Visible, 3 months, $10.00 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4788.

FOR SALE.—Remington typewriter $10, typewriter's desk, swivel chair, flat top desk. Room 902 St. James Bldg., Broadway and 26th. Phone Chelsea 4004.

Corona typewriter, brand new, complete, with case, $45. Room 202, 1,834 Broadway.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Colonels:
LIEUT. COLONELS.

Rich, E. W.	Scott, G. H.
Phalen, J. M.	Craig, C. F.
Little, W. L.	Thomason, H. D.
Connor, C. H.	Palmer, F. W.
Blanchard, R. M.	Vedder, E. B.
Fyles, W. L.	Pipes, H. F.
Talbott, E. M.	Loving, R. C.
Clark, J. A.	Juenemann, G. F.
Coffin, J. M.	Smith, L. L.
Murray, A.	

Following promoted to be Lt.Cols.:
MAJORS.

Manges, W. F.	Heller, J. M.
Gittings, J. C.	Daugherty, J. E.
Newberry, F. H.	

Following promoted to be Majors:
CAPTAINS.

McDonald, B. L.	Gilbert, N. C.
Lisenby, E. L.	Dickey, L. L.
Cooper, I. W.	Hiller, F. B.
Barringer, T. B., Jr.	Keene, C. H.
Nafis, W. H.	Harman, H. E.
Williamson, O. M.	Keyes, H. S.
Chase, D. R.	Stone, M. C.
Wayman, C. L.	Phillips, G. W.
Yeaman, M. H.	Kirkpatrick, L. R.
Fisher, A. A.	Maloney, J. E.

Scarcy, G. H., appointed a Major.

Following promoted to be Captains:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Burson, H. C.	Morse, F. L.
Laubaugh, E. E.	Mallon, P. S.
Meads, A. M.	Gibson, J. F.
Nixon, J. M.	Hadley, A. W.
Meriwether, F. V.	Rowe, H. B.
Hawkins, J. R.	Paulson, C.
Campbell, D. C.	McCracken, J. A.
Allen, L. B.	Linowiecki, A. J.
Ledbetter, L. H.	Conner, W. H.
Stocker, A.	Edwards, O.

Following appointed Captains:

Roley, T. F.	Stevens, B. S.
Foler, S. R.	Jowat, W. F.
Windell, G.	Nelson, J. G.
Traverse, I. W.	Decker, H. R.
Thomsen, J. D.	Conroy, R. J.
Grove, J. L.	Winsell, F. F.
Gover, R. W.	Lucid, M. M.
Worley, W. H.	Oakley, W.
Hamilton, H. D.	Griffin, J. M.
Friedrich, L. H.	Slagle, C. D.

Following to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Cowan, Y. H.	Jummel, M.
Darby, W. A.	Morressey, J. G.
Durstthoff, L. C.	Fannullo, J. N.
Dowkes, J. T.	Seifert, E. H.

Howell, Capt. C. H.; Resnick, 1st Lt. J.; Sharlet, 1st Lt. H., and Winkelstein, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Greenleaf.

Following to Camp Crane, with Surgical Group No. 2:
Wyer, Maj., H. G.
CAPTAINS.

Pritchard, H. B.	Brown, T. S.
Danford, R. C.	Davenport, G. L.
Glynn, W. H.	Scott, H. S.
Shelton, W. A.	Wroth, P.
Henry, 1st Lt., E. G.	

Following to Base Hosp. No. 120 at Camp Beauregard:
CAPTAINS.

Davidson, W. R.	Phillips, D. C.
Schoofstal, J. W.	Lockwood, C. R.
McManus, W. F.	Strauss, J. F.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.	
Hillaman, M. L.	Summerlin, J. L.
Cook, G. M.	Morrison, J. E.
Stewart, J. E.	

Barfield, Capt. J. M.; Manget, Capt. J. DeP.; Bruner, 1st Lt. P. L., and Gregg, 1st Lt. A. M., to Base Hosp. No. 1, at Ft. Sam Houston.

Cooke, Capt. W. L.; Lufburrow, Capt. C. B.; Murbach, Capt. E. A.; Moise, 1st Lt. T. S., and Novak, 1st Lt. E., to Base Hosp. at Ft. Des Moines.

Gill, Capt. J. M. F., and Griffith, 1st Lt. O. H., to Camp Travis.

Rathbun, Capt G. H.; Reeves, Capt. A. F.; Rosenthal, Capt. M. T.; Ellsworth, 1st Lt. E. M., and Moore, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp Bowie.

Kirkland, Capt. W. A.; McKie, Capt. J. F., and Bundy, 1st Lt. H. C., to Camp Gordon.

Happel, Capt. H. E.; Robinson, Capt. H. A., and Wilde, 1st Lt. S. P., to Camp Sevier.

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Automobile Storage.

SAVE GASOLINE and help win the war; dead storage, fireproof, clean and reliable. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 3586.

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Publisher number of journals, anxious because of illness to slacken up on personal activities, will sell whole or half interest in two, (one daily and one weekly;) purchaser to take full charge and responsibility; few thousand cash, balance from profits, will swing; publication offered together or separately; this is good; act quickly; first reasonable proposition will be accepted. L 361 Times.

Man of responsibility, good health and habits, mechanically inclined preferred, is wanted by large corporation to learn the business; capital of $2,500 to $5,000 required; splendid opportunity; no triflers need apply. A 375 Times.

Salesman.—Established meat and provision house has opening for high-grade salesman; experience in selling to steamships and hotels essential; knowledge of lines not absolutely necessary; salary, commission. W 249 Times.

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TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Millwright and carpenter boss, with own gang of first class mechanics, just returning from a big munition plant, offers his services to anybody, for any conditions; per cent. of contract. Write S. S., 91 2d St., Hoboken, N. J.

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THE BRUNSWICK-BALK

COPELAND ASKS AID IN INFLUENZA FIGHT

Health Department Centres Efforts on Getting Nurses and Hospital Workers.

4,925 NEW CASES HERE

Epidemic Is Reported to be Greatly Cutting Coal Output in Eastern Region

Commissioner Copeland called upon all persons yesterday to aid in the fight the authorities are making to end the epidemic of Spanish influenza here. The statistics for the twenty-four hours that ended at 10 o'clock yesterday morning showed 4,925 new cases of influenza and 479 cases of pneumonia. Compared with the figures given out for the preceding twenty-four hours, those of yesterday showed 708 more influenza cases, 79 more pneumonia, and 100 more deaths from influenza, and 101 more deaths from pneumonia. The cases reported yesterday were distributed as follows:

	New Cases.		Deaths.	
	Inf.	Pneu.	Inf.	Pneu.
Manhattan	1,967	238	116	128
Brooklyn	1,323	98	125	131
Bronx	721	34	43	47
Queens	699	91	21	18
Richmond	215	18	17	12
Total	4,925	479	322	336

A great part of the fight yesterday was concentrated on the effort to get more nurses and workers for the hospitals. Even with the shortage here, Dr. Copeland was able to answer a call for help from Scranton by sending three nurses there. He announced also that the Red Cross, through Walter Jennings, had arranged to help provide domestic aids. Dr. Copeland appealed to persons having more than one servant to assign one to the Health Department to work under orders. These servants will be well paid and their health guarded. Dr. Copeland has also made provision for paying nurses who are taken ill, and to treat them in Minturn Hospital, which has been set apart for their use.

The 114 members of the third year class at New York University and the Bellevue Hospital Medical College volunteered in a body yesterday. Dr. Copeland asked for at least fifty of the class for immediate service as nurses under the direction of the Health Department. Acting Dean Dr. H. G. Senior, at the request of Dean Samuel A. Brown, called the class together, and the students unanimously answered the call for volunteers. The entire fourth year class of eighty-four members are already engaged in nursing service.

Volunteers Fall Off.

The Nurses' Emergency Council, 389 Fifth Avenue, reported yesterday a falling off in the number of volunteers. Since the call was made, however, 200 women have registered and been assigned to work in hospitals and homes. The New York Chapter of the Red Cross now has twenty-three automobiles in service carrying nurses and their aids. Mrs. Edward McVickar, New York City Chairman of the National League for Woman's Service, yesterday sent a personal appeal to every registered member of the league in New York asking for volunteers to nurse the sick in the hospitals and in homes. Practically every member of the League's Motor Corps is on duty night and day supplementing the overtaxed ambulance service of the city hospitals.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, wrote the Public Service Commission yesterday in response to the request of Dr. Copeland for information as to what had been done by the traction lines. Mr. Shonts's investigation showed that there was less illness among ticket choppers, ticket sellers and trainmen on the elevated and subways than among the employes of the trolley lines and the Fifth Avenue buses. Of the 4,692 employes of the elevated there is 4.3 per cent., or 204 men sick; of 4,698 subway employes, 4.8 per cent., or 226 are ill; the New York Railways, 2,518 employes, 14.5 per cent., or 303 ill. There are 800 conductors and drivers on the Fifth Avenue buses, and of these 11 per cent., or eighty-nine, are sick, and the report showed that of the 379 motormen and conductors of the New York and Queens County Railway 23 per cent., or eighty-four of the 336 men are ill.

The New York Telephone Company appealed to the public to restrict the use of the telephone to calls that are urgent, because influenza has depleted the company's operating force to such an extent that it is only by the elimination of unnecessary calls that efficient service can be maintained. The shortage of operators in the central offices of the borough, not counting Richmond, amounts to approximately 20 per cent.

Work Out Zoning Plan.

The Emergency Advisory Committee worked out plans for the zoning of the city to combat influenza. There are to be established forty-five centres or headquarters in as many districts from which food and necessary nurses will be sent out. Some headquarters are already open, it was said. Each centre will have a manager and it is hoped to maintain a night and day service. The committee will ask the Tenement House Department for inspectors, it will use visiting teachers, school attendance officers and charity workers both in and out of the city service. Deputy Police Commissioner Wanamaker instructed Inspector Dwyer to offer the service of the women Police Reserves. Nursing in the homes in the districts will be under charge of Miss Lillian Wald, head of the Nurses' Emergency Council. Where there are found eight or ten cases in a tenement house, that house will be treated as a temporary hospital, and nurses will be assigned to it.

There is no Government restriction against the use of coal now and Commissioner Copeland said that it was time to have heat in every building in New York. Landlords will be compelled to heat houses in which there are sick persons, and the Health Department invites complaint of failure to do this and promises prosecution if necessary to force a proper care of the sick.

The Board of Health amended the Sanitary Code yesterday making it a misdemeanor, subject to fine and imprisonment, to dry-sweep the platforms and stairways of the subway and elevated roads and to spit into the roadway. Because of influenza all churches and moving picture places in Rockville Centre, L. I., have been closed. This will cause a postponement of the quarterly conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which would have brought Methodists from all over Long Island to the town on Thursday. The State Department of Health of New Jersey reports a decrease in the epidemic in that State.

The epidemic which is raging in the eastern coal regions, is costing the consuming public at the rate of 1,000,000 to 1,200,000 tons of anthracite monthly, according to the Anthracite Bureau of Information. Notwithstanding the efforts to check the disease in Schuylkill, Northumberland, and Luzerne counties, collieries have been forced to shut down. The collieries that remain open are struggling along with depleted forces and with diminishing output.

The bureau announces that in the Minorsville section, all the collieries are shut down. Throughout Schuykill county, the situation is growing worse, and many collieries are closed. Of the 1,700 cases reported in Pottsville, it is said that 50 per cent. are either mine workers or some member of their families. Handicapping conditions are also reported from Wilkes-Barre, Shamokin, Hazleton, and Mahanoy City.

From conservative estimates made by operators, the influenza is causing a production drop of 50,000 tons daily, or from 250,000 to 300,000 tons weekly.

GRIP NOW EPIDEMIC THROUGHOUT COUNTRY

While Camp Cases Decrease, Disease Spreads Rapidly Elsewhere and Death Toll Is High.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Spanish influenza now has reached epidemic proportions in practically every State in the country, and in only three has it been reported as stationary, with some improvement in the situation in Massachusetts. In spite of all efforts by Federal, State, and local authorities, the disease has spread rapidly, and the death toll has been high in most parts of the nation.

In army camps the epidemic is subsiding, a further decrease in the number of new cases being noted today at the office of the Surgeon General of the Army. The total of cases reported was 6,498, a decrease of 773 from yesterday. Pneumonia cases were 1,916, against 2,523 the day before, but the number of deaths increased, being 889, against 716 yesterday.

Reports made public tonight by the public health service shows that outside of Massachusetts, the epidemic is severe throughout New England. Not a single State east of the Mississippi is clear of the disease, and in most of the Coast States from Maine to Florida, conditions are serious.

The number of cases reported also is increasing in Oregon, Washington, and California, while the malady has appeared in all mountain States and is epidemic in most of them. Minnesota is the only West Central State reporting the disease stationary, while influenza is epidemic in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Wisconsin, and Illinois. It also is epidemic in all the Southern States, as well as in Oklahoma and Arkansas.

In war-crowded District of Columbia the epidemic continues unabated. As a further precautionary measure, the Treasury and Interior Departments today issued orders that no new employes of those departments be brought to Washington until further notice. Similar action is expected by other Government departments which still are in need of additional workers.

The Fuel Administration, at the suggestion of the Public Health Service, also announced today that as far as possible all engagements and appointments for conferences with out-of-town persons during the next two weeks will be canceled.

Identify Influenza Germ.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Dr. Charles Nicolle and his colleague, Dr. Lebailly, who isolated the microbe causing Spanish influenza at the Pasteur Institute at Tunis, of which Dr. Nicolle is Director, announce that the germ is too small to be visible with the microscope. It has been clearly identified, however, because by its use the malady has been reproduced in a monkey and a man.

British Subject to Draft Now.

The local draft authorities notified the 189 boards of New York City, yesterday, that from the present time the status of British subjects, under the American military laws, is the same as that of American citizens. The new treaty between this country and Great Britain covers British subjects who prior to coming to this country were residents of England, Scotland, Wales, Canada, Newfoundland, Grenada, and Jamaica, the portions of the British Empire in which military service is compulsory.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Will person who found suit case marked A. A. T., yesterday, Pennsylvania Station, car 2 of 3:18 train, from Washington, please return same at once to A. A. Thomas, 2 Rector St., New York. Phone Rector 8538.

LOST—A gold pin, 1½ inches in diameter, cross barred in black enamel, in 8th Av. car, at 11 P. M. Monday, between 56th and 123d; reward offered. H. Prentiss, Hunter College, Park Av.-68th St.

LOST — Platinum diamond earring, hoop shape, between 57th Street and Madison Av. and the Park Theatre, at Columbus Circle. Phone 3912 Circle. Brummer; reward.

LOST.—Two season tickets Philadelphia orchestra Concert, Carnegie Hall, Nos. 11 and 13; registered owner's name. Liberal reward. Edward Herrmann, 147 West 100th St.

LOST—Reward; Alice Duffy, 1 West 34th, owner, will appreciate more than can express, return of small black bill case containing money and envelopes with pearls.

LOST—Wallet containing valuable papers, between 23d and 6th Av. and 140th and 8th Av.; finder please return to Ginoris, 71 West 23d St., 10th floor; reward.

LOST—Diamond and emerald ring, Sunday night, in the Ritz or cab taken from the Ritz before 12; reward; no questions asked. Address M. D. Miller, 111 East 50th St.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe scarfpin set in platinum, horseshoe broken from pin; lost on Saturday; liberal reward; no questions asked. Telephone Stuyvesant 2956.

LOST—Flexible circle diamond ring at Woodmansten Inn Saturday night; large reward, absolutely no questions asked. Schuyler 3887.

LOST—Amethyst diamond ring, between Grand Central and 1 East 50th St.; reward. Bernard, Room 810, 111 5th Av.

LOST—On Monday, gold wrist watch, without glass, between 96th St. subway and 96th St. and West End Av.; reward. Eder, 777 West End Av. Phone Riverside 8864.

LOST—McAlpin Hotel dressing room, vanity case, initials "M. M. K.," Saturday night, Oct. 12. Reward. Fordham 1806W.

LOST—Fur, taxi, between Palais Royal and 49 West 94th; reward. Huffman. Riverside 10267.

LOST—Silver purse with initials B. R. R., Riverside Drive, near 86th St., Oct. 14; valuable to owner. Retana, 131 Riverside Drive. Schuyler 9627.

LOST—Between 70th and 81st and Riverside Drive, black cameo pin, white figure, battered setting; reward. 315 West 81st.

LOST—Sunday, little bunny shaped diamond pin; liberal reward. Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Bag containing money, eyeglasses in case, keys; finder keep money, return rest to address inclosed.

LOST—Valise, between New York and Stamford. E. Gabriel, 35 John St., New York.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, "R. C. J."; reward. 3 South William St., fifth floor.

REWARD.

Package containing gauges for U. S. Government lost near corner of Canal St. and West Broadway. Return to 25 West Broadway; no questions. The B. Seaboldt Corporations, 25 West Broadway.

$100 REWARD

for diamond and platinum lorgnon and chain, lost Oct. 13 in West 44th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., or on way to Madison Av. and 26th St. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue and 37th St.

$100 REWARD

for daimond and sapphire flexible platinum bracelet, lost Oct. 11 on Fifth Avenue, between 34th and 40th Sts. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue and 37th St.

$100 REWARD, no questions asked, for the return of diamond bowknot brooch, lost between 50th and 108th Streets in taxi or restaurant. Dreicer & Co., 560 Fifth Avenue.

$100 REWARD.

Diamond and platinum eyeglasses with chain lost Oct. 13 at Woman's City Club or on way to Madison Ave. and 26th St. Tiffany & Company, 5th Ave. and 57th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White cat; liberal reward paid if found. Jennie Hunter, 1,167 New York Av., Brooklyn. Flatbush 6548.

LOST—Black and white Japanese Spaniel pet; crippled lady; reward. Atwood, 120 West 64th.

LOST—Persian cat, male, gray, dark stripes; $40 reward. 58 Park Av.

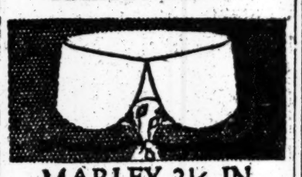
LOST—Small Pomeranian at Lexington Av. and 94th St.; reward. Phone Lenox 7561.

Double the Third!

E&W EARL & WILSON

NOW
Is the Time to Invest in
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Real estate valuations are more conservative than ever—rents are higher than ever—New York's population is greater than ever.
Safest Investment in the World.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 154 Montague St., Bkn.

MARLEY-DEVON



MARLEY 2½ IN
DEVON 2¼ IN.
ARROW COLLARS
CLUETT PEABODY & CO. INC. TROY N.Y.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
SO FAR THE ONE BIG NOVEL OF THE 20TH CENTURY
For Sale at All Bookstores.

CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS
Old Gold, Silver, Jewelry, Etc.
Highest cash value paid.
Jark's Curiosity Shop,
LAFAYETTE, COR. FLATBUSH AV.
1 Short Block from Old and New Sub. Stations at Nevins St. & De Kalb Ave.
Brooklyn

BUY Bonds, for Bonds buy Bombs! Put your wallet into your wallop! Dig down deep, and let's put them to sleep under a tombstone that reads—"Here Lie The Junkers, And, Thank God, We've Junked The Liars."

Buy Bonds, so that Belgium shall not wear any! Buy Bonds to put Hohenzollern, Hapsburg & Co. under bonds to keep the peace and give up every piece of loot! Buy Bonds to the last dollar you can beg and borrow; squeeze and scrape; coax and collect; turn up and turn in!

Buy Bonds!
Buy Again!
Try Again!

Clemons
Civilian, Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
20 Years On This Corner

To HELP the Fourth Liberty Loan

In addition to what we and our employees have already subscribed, we pledge every dollar of our receipts (including charges)—at all four of our Stores—from opening time today, Wednesday, October 16th, to closing time Saturday, October 19th,—to the Fourth Liberty Loan.

We do this out of a sincere desire to help the great cause for which our boys are fighting—and more strongly to testify our faith in its rightness by over-subscribing the Fourth Liberty Loan.

If, in addition to the Liberty Bonds you have already bought, you feel you would like to make your clothing, hat and haberdashery money serve the Government as well as you, this may be the opportunity you have been looking for.

So, when we hope for the biggest four days' business in our history, we hope it without fear of being misunderstood.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Germany Will Surrender

only if you do your duty!

Our boys are over there to force Germany to surrender.

Your "good wishes" will not buy ammunition!

Your "hopes" will not make Germany surrender—it takes cash!

Be a red-blooded American!

Buy Liberty Bonds and help our boys compel Germany to surrender!

This space contributed to winning the war by

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY
The World's Largest Surety Company
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK